# **U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs**



# El Paso Veterans Affairs Health Care Center Draft Environmental Assessment

June 2022

## Prepared for:

U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs
Office of Construction and Facilities Management

## Prepared by:

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## **Executive Summary**

This draft environmental assessment (EA) has been prepared in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA; 42 United States Code 4321 et seq.), the President's Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ) Regulations Implementing the Procedural Provisions of NEPA (40 Code of Federal Regulations [CFR] 1500-1508), and Environmental Effects of the Department of Veterans Affairs Actions (38 CFR Part 26). This EA is required to determine if the Department of Veterans Affairs' (VA's) proposed action would have significant environmental impacts. Federal agencies are required to consider the environmental and related social and economic effects of their proposed actions. This EA has been prepared in accordance with relevant guidance from VA's NEPA Interim Guidance for Projects dated September 2010 and supplemental guidance thereto.

### **Purpose and Need**

The purpose of the proposed action is to enhance and expand services to current and future Veterans in the El Paso, Texas area by providing an integrated, right-sized, and energy-efficient VA Health Care Center (HCC). The proposed HCC would be designed to focus on specialty care, to expand ambulatory surgery functions, and to provide virtual health care to Veterans.

The proposed action is needed to address current and future projected health care needs, expand capacity, reduce service gaps, and enhance VA health care services. The center would augment the services at existing VA health care centers and clinics to meet the current and rapidly growing health care needs of Veterans in the El Paso area.

#### **Proposed Action**

VA's proposed action is the construction and operation of an approximately 500,000 building gross square feet (BGSF) health care center on a 30-acre site adjacent to the new William Beaumont Army Medical Center (WBAMC) on Fort Bliss in El Paso, Texas. The site would include approximately 1,500 - 2,000 surface parking spaces, a central utilities plant, sanitary and potable water connections and other site improvements including landscaped areas and new stormwater retention facilities. No demolition would be required since the site is currently undeveloped.

The site layout has not yet been fully defined, nor have the buildings and structures been designed. Therefore, for purposes of this EA, it is assumed that the entire site acreage would be disturbed in the process of constructing the HCC and that the HCC with associated improvements, infrastructure, utilities, and landscaping would occupy the entire 30-acre site.

The final design would likely include multiple low-rise buildings with no more than seven floors. The configuration of the site would take into consideration parking, roadways, stormwater retention, future expansion, and building physical security requirements. Electrical lines, as well as water, sewer, and gas pipelines, would be constructed to serve the new facilities. Design and construction of the VA HCC is anticipated to begin in 2023 with an anticipated construction completion date in 2027.

The HCC would be used Monday through Friday except on federal holidays and would be available to Veterans and service members from all branches of the U.S. Armed Forces who meet the criteria for treatment.

#### **Alternatives**

Under the no action alternative, the proposed action would not be implemented. VA would continue to provide services at existing, under-sized VA facilities, health care centers, and clinics. The proposed site would not be used by VA and could possibly be used by Fort Bliss for other purposes. This alternative would limit VA's ability to provide needed health care services to Veterans in the region. The alternative does not meet the purpose and need. However, analysis of the no action alternative is required by CEQ

regulations and provides a benchmark for comparing and analyzing the potential effects of the other alternatives.

## **Affected Environment and Environmental Consequences**

The EA describes the baseline physical, environmental, cultural, and socioeconomic conditions at the alternative project sites and the general vicinity, with emphasis on those resources potentially impacted by the alternatives. Potential impacts on physical, environmental, cultural, and socioeconomic conditions are analyzed for each alternative. Resource areas considered in this EA are aesthetics; air quality; cultural and historic resources; geology and soils; hydrology and water quality; wildlife and habitat; noise; land use; floodplains, wetlands, and coastal zone management; socioeconomics; community services; solid waste and hazardous materials; traffic, transportation, and parking; utilities; and environmental justice. Table ES-1 summarizes the findings of the impact analysis.

Table ES-1. Summary of Impact Analysis

Resource Area	Proposed Action	No Action Alternative
Aesthetics	Aesthetic impacts associated with construction activities would be temporary and less than significant. The design of the Veterans Affairs (VA) Health Care Center (HCC) would be consistent with surrounding development and would not detract from the aesthetics of the area. Aesthetic impacts would be less than significant.	None
Air Quality	Construction activities would have short-term minor impacts related to emissions and fugitive dust. Operation emissions would be less than significant. The only sensitive air quality receptor in the area is the William Beaumont Army Medical Center (WBAMC). Best management practices (BMPs) would be followed, and applicable permit requirements would be met. Air quality impacts would be less than significant.	None
Cultural and Historic Resources	No historic properties were identified within the area of potential effects (APE); therefore, no historic properties would be affected by the project. Cultural and historic resources impacts would be less than significant.	None
Geology and Soils	Ground disturbances would be stabilized during construction activities and permit requirements would be met. BMPs to limit impacts to the soil at the site would be implemented. Geology and soil impacts would be less than significant.	None
Hydrology and Water Quality	BMPs would be implemented to control stormwater at the site during construction and	None

	operation, and all applicable permit requirements would be met. Hydrology and water quality impacts would be less than significant.	
Wildlife and Habitat	BMPs would be implemented to ensure wildlife does not enter the site during construction. Biological monitoring for the Texas Horned Lizard would be implemented during construction and a workforce protected species awareness training would be given in advance. Disturbed areas would be revegetated after construction is complete. Wildlife and habitat impacts would be less than significant.	None
Noise	Construction-related noise would be localized to traffic along the main roads. The only sensitive noise receptor in the area is the WBAMC. Ongoing operational noise would be minimal and primarily related to vehicular traffic. Noise impacts would be less than significant.	None
Land Use	The VA HCC site would remain compatible with surrounding commercial land uses. Land use impacts would be less than significant.	None
Floodplains, Wetlands, and Coastal Management	None	None
Socioeconomics	There would be employment-related, beneficial impacts as a result of the proposed VA HCC. The facility would also enhance health care for Veterans in the region. Socioeconomic impacts to would be less than significant.	None
Community Services	Construction activities at the proposed site are not expected to place additional substantial demands on police, fire, emergency services, or other community services. Community service impacts would be less than significant.	None
Solid Waste and Hazardous Materials	During construction, the presence and use of petroleum and hazardous substances could increase the potential for accidental release or spill; however, BMPs would be implemented to avoid any impacts from hazardous waste. Solid waste, including medical and biohazardous waste generated at the VA HCC,	None

	would be managed in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. Solid waste and hazardous material impacts would be less than significant.	
Traffic, Transportation, and Parking	Traffic conditions are not anticipated to be significantly impacted by the facility. Parking would be sufficient to meet the employee and visitor demand of the new VA HCC. Traffic, transportation, and parking impacts would be less than significant.	None
Utilities	Electric, natural gas, water, and sewer utilities would need to be incorporated into the design of the site. Utilities in the area have the capacity to meet the VA HCC's projected demand. Utility impacts would be less than significant.	None
Environmental Justice	There would be no disproportionate impacts to minority or low-income populations. Environmental justice impacts would be less than significant.	None

## **Agency Coordination and Public Participation**

VA published a notice of scoping on July 4, 2021 and July 7, 2021 in the El Paso Times newspaper. The notice described the proposed action and solicited public comments with a deadline of August 3, 2021. VA also emailed scoping letters to federal, state, and local agencies; public officials; federally recognized Tribes; and special interest groups. Similar to the notices published in the newspaper, the letters included information on the proposed action, the comment period, and instructions on submitting comments. During the public scoping period, VA received three written comments (refer to Appendix B).

VA will publish and distribute this Draft EA for a 30-day public comment period as announced by a Notice of Availability which will be published in El Paso Times newspaper on Friday June 10, 2022 and Sunday June 12, 2022. Copies of the Draft EA will be available online at <a href="https://www.cfm.va.gov/environmental/index.asp">https://www.cfm.va.gov/environmental/index.asp</a> or behind the reference desk at the Esperanza Acosta Moreno Library in El Paso, Texas. VA will consider all comments and respond and/or address them appropriately in the Final EA.

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## **Acronyms and Abbreviations**

amsl above mean sea level
APE area of potential effects

ASTs aboveground storage tanks

BCT Brigade Combat Teams

BGSF building gross square feet

BMPs best management practices

CEQ Council on Environmental Quality

CFH cubic feet per hour

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CO2e carbon dioxide equivalent

DoD Department of Defense

DPW Department of Public Works

EA environmental assessment

EJ environmental justice

EPEC El Paso Electric Company

EPNG El Paso Natural Gas Company

EPWU El Paso Water Utility

ESCP Erosion and Sediment Control Plan

FBWSC Fort Bliss Water Services Company

FEMA Federal Emergency Management Agency

GHG greenhouse gases

HCC health care center

ICRMP Integrated Cultural Resources Management Plan
INRMP Integrated Natural Resources Management Plan

IPaC Information for Planning and Consultation

IPT Industrial Pretreatment

LOS level of service

MT metric tons

NAAQS National Ambient Air Quality Standards

NEPA National Environmental Policy Act of 1969

NHPA National Historic Preservation Act

NPDES National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

NRHP National Register of Historic Places

PA Proposed Action

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RPMP Real Property Master Plan

SPCCP Spill Prevention Control & Countermeasure Plan

SWPPP Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan

TCEQ Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

THC Texas Historical Commission

TPWD Texas Parks and Wildlife Department
TXDOT Texas Department of Transportation

USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

USDA United States Department of Agriculture
USFWS United States Fish and Wildlife Service

USGS United States Geological Survey

USTs underground storage tanks

VA U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs

VAMC Veterans Affairs Medical Center

WBAMC William Beaumont Army Medical Center

## 1.0 Introduction

This draft environmental assessment (EA) has been prepared in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA; 42 United States Code 4321 et seq.), the President's Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ) Regulations Implementing the Procedural Provisions of NEPA (40 Code of Federal Regulations [CFR] 1500-1508), and Environmental Effects of the Department of Veterans Affairs Actions (38 CFR Part 26). This EA is required to determine if the Department of Veterans Affairs' (VA's) proposed action would have significant environmental impacts. Federal agencies are required to consider the environmental and related social and economic effects of their proposed actions. This EA has been prepared in accordance with relevant guidance from VA's NEPA Interim Guidance for Projects dated September 2010 and supplemental guidance thereto.

This EA identifies, analyzes, and documents the potential physical, environmental, cultural, and socioeconomic impacts associated with VA's proposed construction and operation of an approximately 500,000 building gross square foot (BGSF) health care center with approximately 1,500-2,000 surface parking spaces, a central utility plant, underground and overhead utility distribution, walkways, roadways, landscaping, site lighting, and other associated necessary improvements. The proposed 30-acre site sits adjacent to the new William Beaumont Army Medical Center (WBAMC) on Fort Bliss in El Paso, Texas. The health care center would employ an estimated 987 staff.

In accordance with the cited regulations, this EA allows for public input into the federal decision-making process, provides federal decision-makers with an understanding of potential environmental effects of their decisions before making these decisions, identifies the measures the federal decision-maker could implement to reduce potential environmental effects, and documents the NEPA process.

## 1.1 Background

Currently, VA provides health care services to veterans at four VA clinics in El Paso and the El Paso VA Medical Center (VAMC). The current space in these facilities is insufficient to meet the future needs of Veterans in the El Paso area. VA estimates that by 2025 there will be 65,500 Veterans in El Paso (Texas) and Dona Ana (New Mexico) counties (U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, 2021). An increasing Veteran's population coupled with existing facility patient workload capacities inhibit Veterans from timely access to high-quality health care services.

# 1.2 Purpose and Need

The purpose of the proposed action is to enhance and expand services for future Veterans in the El Paso, Texas area by providing an integrated, right-sized, and energy-efficient VA Health Care Center (HCC). The proposed HCC would be designed to focus on specialty care, to expand ambulatory surgery functions, and to provide virtual health care to Veterans.

The proposed action is needed to address future projected health care needs, expand capacity, reduce service gaps, and enhance VA health care services. The center would augment the services provided at existing VA facilities, health care centers, and clinics and position the VA to meet the growing health care needs of Veterans in the El Paso area. VA will provide timely access to state-of-the-art health care, enhance specialty care services, and provide ambulatory surgery functions to Veterans in the El Paso area.

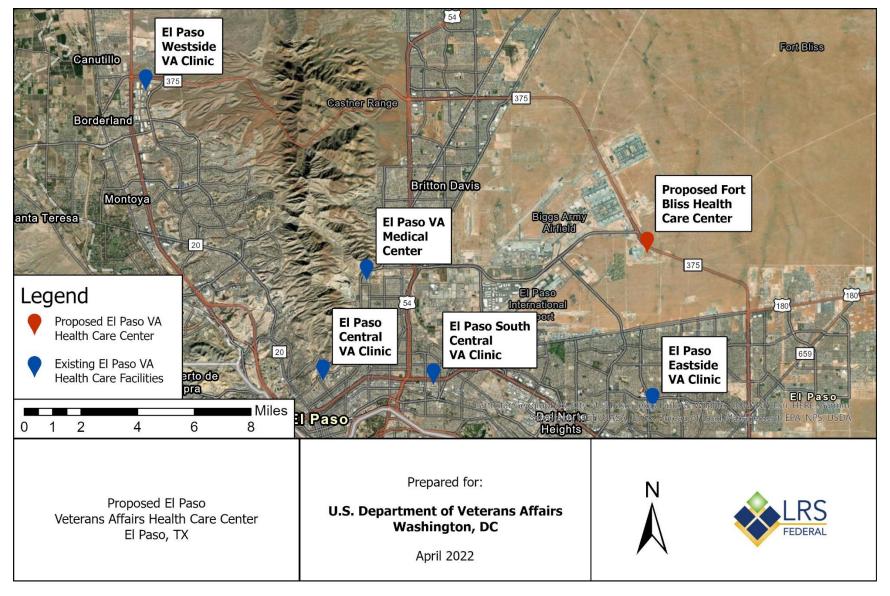


Figure 1-1. Existing and Proposed VA Health Care Facilities

## 2.0 Alternatives

This section describes the proposed action and alternatives considered by VA, including those alternatives eliminated from further analysis. NEPA and VA regulations for implementing NEPA require all reasonable alternatives to be rigorously explored and objectively evaluated. The criteria and process applied by VA to narrow the number of viable sites is described.

## 2.1 Proposed Action

VA's proposed action is the construction and operation of an approximately 500,000 BGSF health care center on a 30-acre site adjacent to the new WBAMC on Fort Bliss in El Paso, Texas. The site would include approximately 1,500 - 2,000 surface parking spaces, a central utility plant, sanitary and potable water connections and other site improvements including landscaped areas and new stormwater retention facilities. No demolition would be required since the site is currently undeveloped.

The site layout has not yet been defined, nor have the buildings and structures been designed. Therefore, for purposes of this EA, it is assumed that the entire site acreage would be disturbed in the process of constructing the HCC and that the HCC with associated improvements, infrastructure, utilities, and landscaping would occupy the entire 30-acre site.

The final design would likely include multiple low-rise buildings with no more than seven floors. The configuration of the site would take into consideration parking, roadways, stormwater retention, future expansion, and building physical security requirements. Electrical lines, as well as water, sewer, and gas pipelines, would be constructed to serve the new facilities. Design and construction of the VA HCC is anticipated to begin in 2023 with anticipated completion in 2027.

The HCC would be used Monday through Friday except on federal holidays and would be available to Veterans and service members from all branches of the U.S. Armed Forces who meet the criteria for treatment.

#### 2.2 No Action Alternative

Under the no action alternative, the proposed action would not be implemented. VA would continue to provide services at existing, under-sized VA facilities, health care centers, and clinics. The proposed site would not be used by VA and could possibly be used by Fort Bliss for other purposes. This alternative would limit VA's ability to provide needed health care services to Veterans in the region. The no action alternative does not meet the purpose and need. However, analysis of the no action alternative is required by CEQ regulations and provides a benchmark for comparing and analyzing the potential effects of the other alternatives.



Figure 2-1. Aerial View of the Proposed Action

## 2.3 Alternatives Eliminated from Further Consideration

VA eliminated other alternatives for meeting the purpose and need. These alternatives were not viable or failed to meet the purpose and need for the proposed action. After identifying deficiencies of the existing VA facilities in the El Paso area, VA examined alternatives. These alternatives included the following:

- VA considered renovating a vacant or underutilized VA-owned facility. However, local VA
  planners determined no existing VA-owned facilities are suitable for renovation and fit the
  project requirements.
- VA considered contracting out primary care, mental health, and specialty care services to private
  health care providers. However, this alternative is not cost-effective and could result in the loss of
  quality and control over Veteran health care. Additionally, there may not be sufficient, qualified
  private health care providers in the area to accommodate current and projected Veteran
  populations.
- VA considered purchasing an existing facility in the local community that is suitable for renovation and able to accommodate project requirements. However, a permanent VA-owned facility would limit flexibility to relocate services in the future based on changes in Veteran demographics. Market research and interviews with local VA planners indicated that a suitable facility for purchase and subsequent renovation does not exist in the delineated market area of the proposed HCC.
- VA considered leasing a new shared facility with the Department of Defense (DoD) as a sublease. This alternative would address space and utilization gaps and departmental initiatives. However, local VA planners and Veterans Health Administration's Office of VA-DoD Coordination professionals determined there are no existing facility-sharing opportunities in the vicinity of the proposed HCC.

For the reasons stated above, these alternatives were eliminated from further consideration.

## 3.0 Affected Environment and Environmental Consequences

This section describes the baseline physical, environmental, cultural, and socioeconomic conditions at the proposed project site and the general vicinity, with emphasis on those resources potentially impacted.

CEQ guidelines and regulations encourage agencies to streamline environmental analyses in their EAs (CEQ, 2012) by focusing on significant issues and discussing insignificant issues only briefly, discussing impacts in proportion to their significance, and incorporating by reference other environmental analyses (40 CFR 1500.4(c), 1502.2(b), and 1502.21).

Under each resource area, the potential direct and indirect effects of implementing the proposed action and the no action alternative are identified. Potential cumulative impacts are discussed in Section 3.15 Cumulative Impacts. Impacts are identified as either significant or less than significant. The terms "effects" and "impacts" are synonymous in this EA. Where possible, impacts are identified as short-term, temporary, or long-term in relation to the length of the effect of the impact. Unless otherwise noted, short-term/temporary impacts are those that would result from activities associated with a project's construction. Long-term/permanent impacts are generally those resulting from operation of the proposed facility or activity.

The CEQ regulations specify that in determining the significance of effects, consideration must be given to both "context" and "intensity" (40 CFR 1508.27). Context refers to the significance of an effect to society as a whole (human and national), to an affected region, to affected interests, or to just the locality. Significance varies with the setting of the proposed action. Intensity refers to the magnitude or severity of the effect and whether it is beneficial or adverse. In this EA, the significance of potential direct, indirect, and cumulative effects has been determined through a systematic evaluation of each considered alternative in terms of its effects on each individual environmental resource component.

Prior to construction, VA would obtain all applicable, required federal, state, and local permits for the El Paso HCC project from the appropriate government authorities. As a federal agency conducting a project on land owned by the federal government, VA is not subject to State of Texas or City of El Paso regulations, and permitting requirements not based on federal statutes. However, VA intends to implement the proposed action in a manner generally consistent with applicable state and local regulations, where such regulations are not in conflict with federal law, policy, or VA's mission.

Resource areas considered in this EA are aesthetics; air quality; cultural and historic resources; geology and soils; hydrology and water quality; wildlife and habitat; noise; land use; socioeconomics; community services, solid waste, and hazardous materials; traffic, transportation, and parking; utilities; and environmental justice. VA determined that some resource areas are not warranted for further evaluation in this EA. A summary of these resource areas and the rationale for not analyzing them further are presented in Table 3-1.

100100	1. Summary of Resource fileus ivo	
Resource Area	Anticipated Impacts	Rationale for Not Analyzing in Further Detail
Floodplains, Wetlands, and Coastal Zone Management	According to Federal Emergency Management Agency Flood Insurance Rate Map Community-Panel Number 480212 0150 B dated September 4, 1991, the site is located within Zone X, meaning it is in an area of minimal flood hazard and is not located within	The project site is not within a floodplain, wetland, or coastal zone management area; therefore, the resource area does not warrant further analysis.

Table 3-1. Summary of Resource Areas Not Analyzed in Further Detail

the 100-year or 500-year floodplains (FEMA).

United States Fish and Wildlife Service National Wetlands Inventory does not show any wetlands present at the site (USFWSb).

The Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 provides the basis for protecting, restoring, and responsibly developing our nation's diverse coastal communities and resources. The site is not located in a coastal zone management area.

### 3.1 Aesthetics

#### 3.1.1 Affected Environment

The location proposed for the new El Paso HCC is adjacent to the new WBAMC on Fort Bliss in El Paso, Texas. The site encompasses approximately 30 acres of predominantly flat undeveloped land. The City of El Paso borders along the installation to the south and west. The area is further constrained by the Rio Grande River and the Franklin Mountain Range. The northwest, northern, and eastern installation border joins to the alluvial fans and foothills. Vegetation in the area is sparse and primarily consists of desert grasses and shrubs. In addition to the hospital located adjacent west and northwest of the property, Peralta Road followed by Purple Heart Memorial Highway (Texas State Highway Loop 375) bounds the north and northeastern portions of the site. Adjacent and east are water tanks which service the WBAMC. Iron Medics Drive borders the southern site boundary. Aside from the WBAMC, there is limited development in the immediate vicinity of the site. Approximately 0.5 miles southeast of the property is Butterfield Trail Golf Club followed by the El Paso International Airport.

#### 3.1.2 Environmental Consequences

#### 3.1.2.1 Proposed Action

The proposed action would involve typical construction activities, including site preparation, grading, and movement of heavy equipment, which would temporarily impact local aesthetics. Aesthetic impacts for the surrounding area related to construction activities would be less than significant. Since a new building would be constructed, the proposed action would change the long-term appearance of the site and surrounding area; however, the new HCC building would be aesthetically consistent with surrounding developments, including the adjacent WBAMC. The proposed El Paso HCC and associated landscaping would have less than significant, long-term visual impacts to the surrounding area.

#### 3.1.2.2 No Action Alternative

Under the no action alternative, construction of the VA HCC would not occur. No impacts to aesthetics would occur as a result of VA's actions. However, the proposed site could be developed by others with the potential for impacts to aesthetics, specific to plans for potential development or unrelated land development projects.

## 3.2 Air Quality

#### 3.2.1 Affected Environment

Ambient air quality in an area is characterized by compliance with the primary and secondary National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS). The United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) sets standards for pollutants considered harmful to public health and the environment. Areas are then classified as attainment, non-attainment, or maintenance with respect to compliance with NAAQS. The USEPA Green Book provides information about the area's NAAQS designations and non-attainment status. According to USEPA Green Book, El Paso County, Texas is currently an attainment area for the NAAQS (USEPA, 2021) with exception to PM-10 and is therefore subject to the General Conformity Rule of the Clean Air Act for the proposed action. However, Fort Bliss is not subject to El Paso County's non-attainment status conditions.

Sensitive air quality receptors are at a heightened risk of negative health outcomes due to exposure to air pollution and may include children, elderly, and asthmatics. Sensitive receptor locations may include hospitals, schools, residences, and other non-commercial facilities where sensitive air quality receptors may be located. The VA site proposed for development is located adjacent to the VA WBAMC, which is considered a sensitive air quality receptor. Aside from the adjacent medical facility, there are no other sensitive air quality receptors within a one-mile radius of the El Paso HCC.

## 3.2.2 Environmental Consequences

#### 3.2.2.1 Proposed Action

Construction of the proposed action would result in fugitive dust emissions from soil disturbance and air pollutant emissions from vehicle engine exhaust and fuel combustion in off-road construction equipment. To the extent practicable VA would implement best management practices (BMPs) as referenced by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) to minimize any impacts. Additionally, Fort Bliss maintains a Title V permit which may need to be updated to reflect the increase in emissions from construction and operation activities at the proposed HCC site. The use of heavy construction vehicles, equipment, and diesel generators during construction would result in temporary, less than significant impacts to local air quality. Minimizing idling and properly maintaining equipment would reduce construction-related emissions. Routine erosion and sediment control BMPs such as watering exposed areas during dry periods, tracking control for construction equipment accessing the site, limiting grading during excessively windy days, and implementing stockpile stabilization practices. Dust generation is not expected to exceed State regulations and impacts would be temporary, localized, and minor in severity.

Currently, there are no applicable quantitative emission thresholds to evaluate the significance of greenhouse gases (GHG) and climate change impacts associated with individual projects under NEPA. As an indicator of the magnitude of GHG emissions considered worthy of regulatory development and tracking for stationary sources of emissions, USEPA's Mandatory GHG Reporting Rule has a threshold for rule applicability of 25,000 metric tons (MT) of carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e) emissions per year (40 CFR Part 98) from stationary fuel combustion. The stationary sources (boilers and generators) may result in emissions that exceed USEPA's Mandatory GHG Reporting Rule threshold of 25,000 MT of CO2e emissions per year. This threshold does not imply significance for the proposed action and is only mentioned to indicate that the project may be subject to USEPA GHG reporting requirements.

The operation of the proposed facility would result in a net increase in long-term stationary combustion emissions associated with the daily operation of the VA HCC. Sources would include emissions from combustion operations (hot water boilers and emergency generators) and the increased use of privately-owned vehicles. An increase in vehicular emissions in the immediate area would be localized and would have a less than significant, long-term impact on the overall air quality of the region. Anticipated

emissions from boilers and emergency generators at the proposed VA HCC would also fully comply with USEPA NAAQS and the facility is therefore understood to have a less than significant, long-term impact on the overall air quality of the region.

#### 3.2.2.2 No Action Alternative

Under the no action alternative, construction of the VA HCC would not occur. No impacts to air quality would occur as a result of VA's actions. However, the proposed site could be developed by others with the potential for impacts to air quality specific to that potential development.

### 3.3 Cultural and Historic Resources

Cultural resources are defined by the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) of 1966 (54 USC 306108) as a historic property, which means any prehistoric or historic district, site, building, structure, or object included in, or eligible for inclusion in, the National Register of Historic Places maintained by the Secretary of the Interior. This term includes artifacts, records, and remains that are related to and located within such properties. The term also includes properties of traditional religious and cultural importance to an Indian tribe or Native Hawaiian organization and that meet the National Register criteria. Historic properties include prehistoric and historic sites, structures, buildings, objects, districts, or any other physical evidence of human activity associated with important historic events, with persons important in history, representing the work of a master or exemplary as a type, or have or may yield information important to history or prehistory. Cultural resources are protected through several federal laws and associated regulations, including the NHPA, the Archaeological and Historic Preservation Act of 1974, the American Indian Religious Freedom Act of 1978, the Archaeological Resources Protection Act of 1979, and the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act of 1990.

Section 106 of the NHPA and its implementing regulations, 36 CFR Part 800, requires federal agencies to assess the potential impacts of an undertaking on historic properties that are within the proposed project's area of potential effects (APE), which is defined as the geographic area(s) "within which an undertaking may directly or indirectly cause alterations in the character or use of historic properties, if any such properties exist."

#### 3.3.1 Affected Environment

The APE includes the 30-acre project site and the surrounding WBAMC and associated land (Figure 3-1). According to the Fort Bliss Integrated Cultural Resources Management Plan (ICRMP) (2017-2021), there are no culturally restricted areas on or in the immediate vicinity of the APE (Fort Bliss Directorate of Public Works, 2017-2021)<sup>1</sup>.

#### 3.3.2 Environmental Consequences

#### 3.3.2.1 Proposed Action

The proposed action would not have a direct impact on any known historic properties as defined in Section 106 of the NHPA. No eligible or listed sites occur within the vicinity of the VA HCC site proposed for development or the APE. Consultation was initiated with Texas Historical Commission (THC) to first verify eligibility of cultural resources listed within the proposed HCC APE. Fort Bliss's

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The *Integrated Cultural Resources Management Plan* (ICRMP) provides an overview of the archaeological and architectural history of Fort Bliss and presents the management procedures for archaeological sites, traditional cultural properties, and structures eligible for the National Register of Historic Places. The ICRMP (U.S. Army, 2008c) assists Fort Bliss in its efforts to comply with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended.

records contained discrepancies in eligibility of 29 sites that THC had listed as eligible. On February 7, 2022, THC concurred with Fort Bliss's determination that all of the 29 archaeological sites located within the proposed HCC APE are ineligible for inclusion in the NRHP (Texas Historical Commission, 2022); VA also concurs with this determination. The proposed HCC building would also be architecturally consistent with surrounding developments, including the adjacent WBAMC.

SWCA Environmental Consultants (SWCA) was contracted by LRS to perform an intensive archeological survey of the proposed overhead powerline connection on Fort Bliss (refer to Section 3.13 for further information on utility options considered). This survey included a background review and pedestrian survey with shovel testing to determine if the proposed construction operations would impact any significant archaeological resources. No cultural resources were identified by this effort. Based on the field investigation results, VA determined that no historic cultural properties would be affected within the survey area for the proposed powerline connection (Figure 3-1).

While the preferred sanitary sewer connection for the facility has been identified within the APE, in the event that sanitary demand changes or the tie in within the APE is not cost-effective, Fort Bliss archaeologists performed an additional environmental review for an optional sanitary sewer line tie-in outside the APE at Kasserine Way (Figure 3-1). Based on review by the Fort Bliss Department of Public Works Environmental Division and the significant disturbance along the proposed sewer alignment, Fort Bliss determined the optional sanitary sewer line tie-in at Kasserine Way would also not affect any cultural or historic resources, and VA concurred with this assessment.

Section 106 consultation was initiated by VA on April 12, 2022, for the proposed action, including utility options under consideration with the determination that no historic resources would be affected by the undertaking within the APE. The Section 106 initiation letter provided in Appendix B contains a compilation of previously recorded archaeological sites within the APE for the proposed action that were found to be ineligible for inclusion in the NRHP, as previously mentioned. On May 9, 2022, VA received concurrence from THC that no historic properties would be affected by the proposed action (THC Tracking No. 202208986) (Appendix B). Any subsequent correspondence received from THC or tribal affiliates will be provided in the Final EA.

A project-related inadvertent discovery plan will be created, outlining procedures on what to do and who to contact if there is an inadvertent discovery as a result of any project-related excavation, grading, or ground-disturbing activities. If cultural materials or remains are encountered during construction or ground disturbing activities, work will cease in the immediate area. THC's Archeology Division will be contacted for further consultation in the event of inadvertent discoveries at 512-463-6096 to determine if the discovery is eligible for the NRHP. Upon its determination, the consulting Tribes will be contacted and appropriate treatment of discovered items in accordance with applicable state and federal law(s) will be negotiated.

Any discovery of possible human remains would also be managed by the procedures set out in the ICRMP. Should human remains be identified during ground-disturbing activities, all work in the vicinity of the discovery would cease immediately. An inadvertent discovery plan would be implemented, which would include the VA project representative initially contacting the El Paso County coroner to evaluate appropriate context of the human remains. As part of the cultural resources analysis and in accordance with Section 106, Fort Bliss would notify Native American Tribes, as appropriate, of all proposed undertakings potentially affecting resources of interest to the Native American Tribes. With the exception of the optional sanitary sewer connection at Kasserine Way and the proposed overhead powerline connection which are included in this proposed action (Figure 3-1), any proposed activities outside of the direct APE would require future Section 106 consultation with THC and Native American Tribes. Because cultural resources would be avoided if encountered, impacts to cultural and historical resources would be negligible and therefore less than significant.

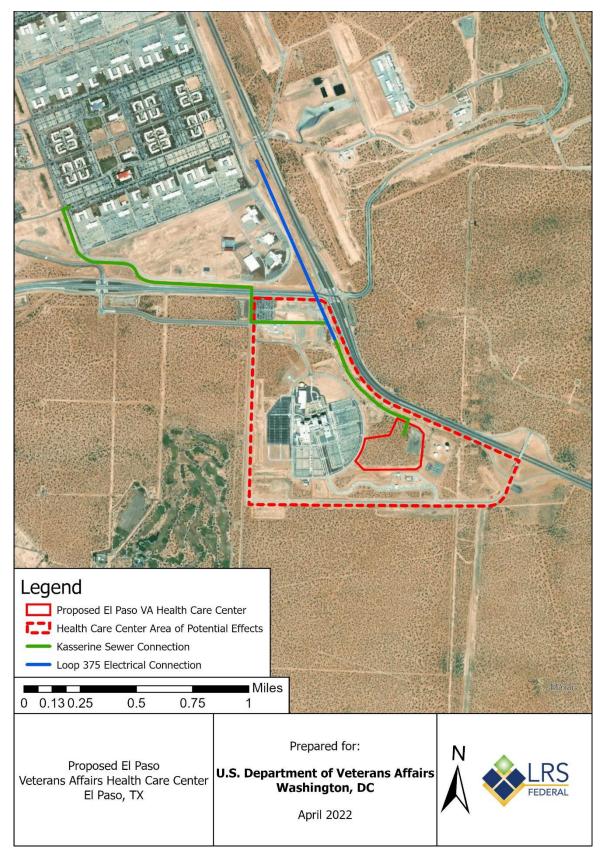


Figure 3-1. Area of Potential Effects Including Utility Connections

#### 3.3.2.2 No Action Alternative

Under the no action alternative, construction of the VA HCC would not occur. No impacts to cultural or historic resources would occur as a result of VA's actions. However, the proposed site could be developed by others with the potential for impacts to cultural resources specific to that potential development.

## 3.4 Geology and Soils

### 3.4.1 Affected Environment

The proposed location for the El Paso HCC is within the Basin and Range physiographic province and is underlain by sand sheet deposits from the Holocene age. These deposits are unconsolidated and primarily consist of windblown sand with areas of large dunes in the Van-Horn El Paso Sheet (USGSb). The elevation of the site is approximately 3,990 feet above mean sea level (amsl), and the topography at and within the vicinity of the site is generally flat. A large portion of the Fort Bliss region lies inside the Rio Grande Rift, an area considered to be of moderate seismic activity. The peak acceleration (with 2% probability of exceedance) for the region is 10-14%g (USGSa, 2014).

According to the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resources Conservation Service, the soil series on the site is Mcnew-Copia-Foxtrot complex, 1 to 5 percent slopes. This soil series is characterized as well-drained to excessively drained and primarily consists of sand and loam (USDA NRCS, 2019). The Farmland Protection Policy Act of 1994 is intended to minimize the impact federal programs have on the unnecessary and irreversible conversion of farmland to nonagricultural uses (USDA). The soil series on the site is not considered to be a prime farmland soil (USDA NRCS, 2019).

## 3.4.2 Environmental Consequences

#### 3.4.2.1 Proposed Action

The proposed action construction activities would result in ground disturbance of more than one acre of land, which would require a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) and Erosion and Sediment Control Plan (ESCP) to implement erosion and sediment control BMPs. Since construction would require that limited vegetation cover be removed, soil on the site would be more susceptible to erosion by wind and surface runoff. Additionally, compaction of the soils and removal of vegetation has the potential to increase stormwater runoff. BMPs, such as dust controls, wind fences, perimeter controls, and soil stabilization practices would reduce the potential for soil erosion. The proposed construction activities would result in minimal changes to geology, soils, and topography and would therefore, result in less than significant impacts.

#### 3.4.2.2 No Action Alternative

Under the no action alternative, construction of the VA HCC would not occur. No impacts to geology or soils would occur as a result of VA's actions. However, the proposed site could be developed by others with the potential for impacts to geology and soils specific to that potential development.

## 3.5 Hydrology and Water Quality

#### 3.5.1 Affected Environment

The proposed El Paso HCC location does not contain any surface waters on the site. The nearest surface water to the site is a stormwater catch basin located adjacent to the northwest corner of the site. The average depth to groundwater for the soil series located on the site (Mcnew-Copia-Foxtrot complex, 1 to 5 percent slopes) is greater than 80 inches or approximately 6.5 feet (USDA NRCS, 2019). Currently, the

site is not located within a wellhead protection area, which is a drinking water source area for a public water supply. Therefore, the project is not subject to additional groundwater protections put in place by the city (USGSc). Drinking water in the region is supplied by the Rio Grande and the Elephant Butte Reservoir.

## 3.5.2 Environmental Consequences

### 3.5.2.1 Proposed Action

Land disturbance of an area greater than one acre would require permit authorization under the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES), including a SWPPP, to control stormwater impacts. BMPs, such as the use of sediment control fences, perimeter controls, and soil stabilization practices, may be used to control erosion and sediment transport during construction. During operation, the engineered stormwater retention systems would manage impacts from precipitation events. Stormwater at the proposed HCC location would flow to the catch basin located northwest of the site. Impacts to groundwater are not anticipated since groundwater is not likely to be encountered. If groundwater is encountered during construction, groundwater engineering controls would be implemented. As a result, permanent impacts to hydrology and water quality in the vicinity of the site would be less than significant.

#### 3.5.2.2 No Action Alternative

Under the no action alternative, construction of the VA HCC would not occur. No impacts to hydrology or water quality would occur as a result of VA's actions. However, the proposed sites could be developed by others with the potential for impacts to hydrology and water quality specific to that potential development.

#### 3.6 Wildlife and Habitat

#### 3.6.1 Affected Environment

The site for the proposed El Paso HCC is currently flat, undeveloped, sparsely vegetated land. Low-lying desert plants are the primary vegetation inhabiting the sandy soil.

The United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC) tool (USFWSa) and the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (TPWD) website (Texas Parks and Wildlife, 2021) were reviewed to identify potential federally or state-listed protected species on or in the vicinity of the proposed El Paso HCC site. The species identified from these sources and the potential for habitat at the site are listed in Table 3-2.

**Table 3-2. Federally and State Listed Protected Species** 

Common Name	Scientific Name	Listing Status	Habitat Description	Potential Habitat Present		
	Birds					
American Peregrine Falcon	Falco peregrinus anatum	ST	Year-round resident and local breeder in west Texas; nests in tall cliff eyries.	No		
Gray Hawk	Buteo plagiatus	ST	Locally and irregularly along U.SMexico border; mature riparian woodlands and nearby semiarid mesquite and scrub grasslands; breeding range formerly extended north to southernmost Rio Grande floodplain of Texas.	No		
Mexican Spotted Owl	Strix occidentalis lucida	FT, ST	Remote, shaded canyons of coniferous mountain woodlands (pine and fir); day roosts in densely vegetated trees, rocky areas, or caves.	No		
Northern Aplomado Falcon	Falco femoralis septentrionalis	FE	Open terrain with scattered trees or shrubs; yucca-covered sand ridges in coastal prairies, riparian woodlands in open grasslands, and in desert grasslands with scattered mesquite and yucca.	No		
Piping Plover	Charadrius melodus	FT	Open, sparsely vegetated sand or gravel beaches adjacent to alkali wetlands, and on beaches, sand bars, and dredged material islands of major river systems.	No		
Red Knot	Calidris canutus rufa	FT	Shorelines of large lakes or freshwater marshes.	No		
Southwestern Willow Flycatcher	Empidonax traillii extimus	FE, SE	Thickets of willow, cottonwood, mesquite, and other species along desert streams.	No		
White-faced Ibis	Plegadis chihi	ST	Prefers freshwater marshes, sloughs, and irrigated rice fields, but will attend brackish and saltwater habitats; currently confined to near-coastal rookeries in so-called hog-wallow prairies; nests in marshes, low trees, on the ground in bulrushes or reeds, or on floating mats.	No		
Yellow-billed Cuckoo	Coccyzus americanus	FT	Cottonwood and willow trees; large blocks of riparian habitat for nesting.	No		
			Fish			

Speckled Chub	Macrhybopsis aestivalis	ST Occurs most frequently between the Rio Conchos confluence and the Pecos River.		No
	•	F	lowering Plants	
Sneed Pincushion Cactus	Coryphantha sneedii var. sneedii	FE, SE	Xeric limestone outcrops on rocky, usually steep slopes in desert mountains, in the Chihuahuan Desert succulent shrublands or grasslands.	No
		•	Reptiles	
Mountain Short-horned Lizard	Phrynosoma hernandesi	ST	Terrestrial; generally restricted to high elevation grasslands and forested areas with open ground; soil may vary from rocky to sandy; burrows into soil or occupies rodent burrow when inactive.	No
Texas Horned Lizard	Phrynosoma cornutum	ST	Terrestrial; open habitats with sparse vegetation, including grass, prairie, cactus, scattered brush, or scrubby trees; soil may vary in texture from sandy to rocky; burrows into soil, enters rodent burrows or hides under rock when inactive.	Yes

## 3.6.2 Environmental Consequences

### 3.6.2.1 Proposed Action

VA requested early coordination with TPWD regarding the proposed action during project scoping in August of 2021. On August 23, 2021, TPWD provided general construction recommendations to assist in project planning and compliance with state and federal laws including the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and the Texas Parks and Wildlife Code. Appendix B contains TPWD correspondence received. TPWD has recommended that sediment control fence be used during construction to exclude any wildlife from the construction area. The exclusion fence should be buried at least six inches and be at least 24 inches high. Additionally, any open trenches or excavation areas should be covered overnight and inspected every morning to ensure no wildlife species have been trapped. Additionally, TPWD recommends committing to dark-sky lighting practices for the HCC construction and operation.

For soil stabilization and revegetation of disturbed areas on the site, TPWD recommends mulch stabilization materials that avoid entanglement hazards to wildlife. TPWD also recommends limiting the amount of vegetation proposed for clearing and revegetating the undeveloped areas with native species, incorporating pollinator conservation and management into the revegetation and maintenance plan to the extent practicable. Vegetation clearing activities should be excluded during the migratory bird nesting season, March 15<sup>th</sup> through September 15<sup>th</sup>, to avoid adverse impacts to breeding birds. Further, active bird nest surveys should be performed no more than five days prior to planned clearing or construction, and a minimum 150-foot buffer of vegetation should remain around any active nests that are observed prior to disturbance.

Since the project area may provide suitable habitat for the state-listed Texas Horned Lizard, TPWD recommends providing training for protected species prior to construction, biological monitoring by permitted biologists during construction, and reducing speed limits in the project area to at least 15 miles per hour. As recommended by TPWD and outlined within the Integrated Natural Resource Management

Plan for Fort Bliss (INRMP), revegetation with native species in temporarily disturbed areas and invasive species management to reduce establishment and proliferation of invasive plant species would minimize impacts to vegetative habitat. <sup>2</sup>

To properly assess any biological impacts associated with the proposed overhead powerline extension, LRS contracted SWCA to perform a biological survey of the area. SWCA's report found that the proposed construction activities for the powerline would have no significant or long-term effects on migratory birds and no impacts to bald and golden eagles or to any U.S. waters. SWCA's findings identified the potential for the occurrence of the special-status mountain short-horned lizard and Texas horned lizard at the proposed electrical utility location; however, since the project area occurs within a highly disturbed, urban area, the occurrence of the two species would be rare. The report also stresses the importance of implementing many of the BMPs outlined by TPWD to protect wildlife and habitat in the area during ground-disturbing activities (SWCA Environmental Consultants, 2022).

Fort Bliss Natural Resources staff collaborated on the environmental review of the proposed sanitary sewer line tie-in option at Kasserine Way. The review identified the invasive plant species, African rue and star-thistle, as occurring on Fort Bliss. It was therefore recommended that all earth-moving equipment be thoroughly washed prior to and before leaving the site to prevent both the introduction and spread of invasive plant species. Areas disturbed during construction should be revegetated with native species conducive to the soil type. This review also stressed the importance of performing an avian nest search should vegetation need to be removed during the migratory bird nesting season and utilizing fencing for staging equipment and materials storage areas, including a buried apron of chain-link fence (Fort Bliss Environmental Division, 2022).

Impacts to wildlife and habitat would be localized and less than significant. The VA supports the implementation of the previously mentioned BMPs during the construction of the El Paso HCC, to the extent practicable.

#### 3.6.2.2 No Action Alternative

Under the no action alternative, construction of the VA HCC would not occur. No impacts to wildlife or habitat would occur as a result of VA's actions. However, the proposed site could be developed by others with the potential for impacts to wildlife and vegetative habitat specific to that potential development.

#### 3.7 Noise

#### 3.7.1 Affected Environment

The existing noise environment around the proposed El Paso HCC site is dominated by vehicle traffic and parking, as well as airplane traffic associated with the El Paso International Airport located approximately one mile southwest of the site. No other notable noise-generating sources are present in the immediate vicinity of the site location. Sensitive noise receptors are land uses associated with activities which are particularly sensitive to noise, such as medical facilities, hospitals, residential areas, schools, churches, parks, or recreational areas. The site is located adjacent to the VA WBAMC, which is considered a sensitive noise receptor. Aside from the medical facility, there are no other sensitive noise receptors in the surrounding area.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The *Integrated Natural Resources Management Plan* (INRMP) guides the implementation of a natural resources program at Fort Bliss to ensure that the installation complies with applicable environmental laws and regulations (U.S. Army, 2001a). The INRMP describes the procedures and best management practices used at Fort Bliss to ensure that impacts to the environment from construction, training, and operational activities are reduced.

#### 3.7.2 Environmental Consequences

## 3.7.2.1 Proposed Action

During the construction phase, noise level increases would be localized, intermittent, and temporary. These increases would mainly result from the use of heavy construction equipment (e.g., bulldozers, scrapers, dump trucks, and concrete mixers) and the hauling of construction supplies and materials. Construction noise levels would primarily be limited to the immediate vicinity of the VA HCC site and would mainly impact the health of the construction workers. Adherence to appropriate Occupational Safety and Health Act standards (29 CFR 1926.52) would protect workers from excessive noise. Construction-related noise impacts on the adjacent VA WBAMC would be minor and temporary in nature. Temporary noise impacts related to construction would not adversely affect WBAMC staff or patients, with construction being approximately 1,500 feet away from sensitive noise receptors and located generally indoors. The proposed action would increase traffic noise above levels that currently exist on the surrounding roads. Increased noise levels from road traffic resulting from hospital employees (many working on shift schedules), patients, and visitors would be transitory and distributed throughout the day. Overall, it is expected that noise impacts would be minimal as the increases would mainly be localized (traffic along the main roads) and would not adversely impact any sensitive receptors or ongoing operations nearby at the VA WBAMC. Less than significant noise impacts as a result of the proposed action are anticipated.

#### 3.7.2.2 No Action Alternative

Under the no action alternative, construction of the VA HCC would not occur. No impacts to the existing noise environment would occur as a result of VA's actions. However, the proposed site could be developed by others with the potential for impacts to noise specific to that potential development.

## 3.8 Land Use

#### 3.8.1 Affected Environment

The proposed location for the new El Paso HCC is adjacent to the WBAMC on Fort Bliss in El Paso, Texas. The site encompasses approximately 30 acres of predominantly flat undeveloped land. Approximately 0.5 miles southeast of the property is Butterfield Trail Golf Club, which is zoned C-4 (Regional Commercial District), followed by the El Paso International Airport, which is zoned M-1 (Light Manufacturing District). Local zoning codes to not apply to federally owned lands, so there are no zoning ordinances associated with Fort Bliss; however, the federally owned surrounding area is predominantly used for medical and commercial facilities or remains undeveloped (City of El Paso Planning Department).

## 3.8.2 Environmental Consequences

### 3.8.2.1 Proposed Action

Under the proposed action, approximately 30 acres of predominantly flat, undeveloped land would be allocated for the proposed VA HCC. The proposed action is consistent with the guiding principles of the Real Property Master Plan (RPMP) for Fort Bliss. The HCC site is located within an area categorized as land planned for future residential/commercial use in the RPMP (USACE, 2006). The HCC site is bounded by the WBAMC to the northwest, Loop 375 to the immediate north, and mostly undeveloped land in the City of El Paso to the south. Vacant land to the east is categorized in the RPMP for tactical operations. The proposed VA HCC would not conflict with existing or proposed land uses adjacent to the site. The proposed action would have less than significant, long-term impacts on land use at Fort Bliss.

#### 3.8.2.2 No Action Alternative

Under the no action alternative, construction of the VA HCC would not occur. No impacts to land use would occur as a result of VA's actions. However, the proposed site could be developed by others with the potential for impacts to land use specific to that potential development.

### 3.9 Socioeconomics

### 3.9.1 Affected Environment

Socioeconomics can be characterized as the demographics, employment, and income of a region. Population and Veteran status data (Table 3-3) and income, poverty, and employment data (Table 3-4) were obtained from the United States Census Bureau. Data from the 2019 American Community Survey 5-year estimates were used (United States Census Bureau).

Geographic Area	Population	Population Under 18 Years	Population 65 Years and Over	Minority	Veterans
Texas	28,260,856	20.9%	10.6%	58%	7%
El Paso County	836,062	27.5%	11.9%	88%	8.1%

Table 3-3. Population and Veteran Status

The major demographic differences between the State of Texas and El Paso County are associated with age and minority status. There is a greater percentage of the population under the age of 18 years in El Paso County than Texas. There is also a 30% difference in minority populations, with El Paso County exceeding the State average.

Geographic Area	Number of Households	Median Household Income	Percent Below Poverty Level	Unemployment Rate (as of August 2021)
Texas	9,691,647	\$61,874	14.7%	5.1%
El Paso County	269,150	\$46,871	20.2%	6.1%

Table 3-4. Income, Poverty, and Employment

Regarding economic data, the median household income in El Paso County is lower than the median household income for Texas. There is also a greater percentage of the population below the poverty level in El Paso County as compared with the State. The unemployment rate is one percentage point higher in El Paso County than Texas.

Since the proposed VA HCC site is currently undeveloped, children are not regularly present at the site. Additionally, there are no schools or playgrounds, where a proportionately high number of children could be located, in the immediate vicinity of the site.

### 3.9.2 Environmental Consequences

#### 3.9.2.1 Proposed Action

Based on similar projects, the proposed action has the potential to generate temporary employment in the area, including construction jobs, which would result in short-term, direct socioeconomic benefits to the immediate area. Long-term, socioeconomic impacts include permanent employment opportunities at the HCC, which would include a proposed 987 staff members. The HCC would also likely provide long-term beneficial health impacts by enhancing health care for Veterans in the region.

Because children may suffer disproportionately from environmental health risks and safety risks, Executive Order 13045, Protection of Children From Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks, was introduced in 1997 to prioritize the identification and assessment of environmental health risks and safety risks that may affect children and to ensure that federal agencies' policies, programs, activities, and standards address environmental risks and safety risks to children.

There are no schools or playgrounds in the immediate vicinity of the site, and the construction site would be secured to prevent unauthorized access by children and others. As noted in Sections 3.2 and 3.7, BMPs will also be implemented during construction to control construction noise and fugitive dust. Therefore, there are no anticipated impacts to child populations. The favorable impacts to socioeconomics in the region as a result of local employment growth are minor in comparison to the overall local economy, and therefore are considered less than significant.

#### 3.9.2.2 No Action Alternative

Under the no action alternative, construction of the VA HCC would not occur. No impacts to socioeconomics would occur as a result of VA's actions. However, the proposed site could be developed by others with the potential for impacts to socioeconomics specific to that potential development.

## 3.10 Community Services

#### 3.10.1 Affected Environment

The site is located in El Paso Independent School District; however, there are no schools within a one-mile radius of the site.

The site is serviced by the Fort Bliss Military Police, located approximately two miles northwest of the site, and the Fort Bliss Fire Department Station 1, located approximately seven miles west of the site. The nearest public police department to the site is the El Paso Police Department Pebble Hills Regional Command, and the nearest public fire station to the site is the El Paso Fire Station 25. A fire station is also proposed to adjoin the southeast corner of the site. The WBAMC, located adjacent to the western boundary of the site, provides emergency and non-emergency medical and hospitalization services.

Additionally, there are no public parks within a one-mile radius of the site; however, there is a municipal golf course, Butterfield Trail Golf Club, located approximately 0.5 miles southeast of the property.

### 3.10.2 Environmental Consequences

#### 3.10.2.1 Proposed Action

The proposed action is not expected to place additional substantial demands on police, fire, emergency services, or other community services. No significant impacts to community resources are anticipated as a result of the proposed action. Further, no public transportation service expansions are proposed as part of the proposed action.

During construction, any potential partial road closures related to utility tie-in locations at Loop 375 would be temporary. Closures would be coordinated with the El Paso Police and Fire Departments to prevent any significant disruptions to their services. Overall impacts to community services are therefore considered less than significant.

#### 3.10.2.2 No Action Alternative

Under the no action alternative, construction of the VA HCC would not occur. No impacts to community services would occur as a result of VA's actions. However, the proposed site could be developed by others with the potential for impacts to community services specific to that potential development.

## 3.11 Solid Waste and Hazardous Materials

#### 3.11.1 Affected Environment

The Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), Subtitle I, provides a comprehensive regulatory program for underground storage tanks (USTs) storing petroleum or certain hazardous substances. Facilities with aboveground storage tanks (ASTs) holding oils of any kind are generally subject to USEPA's Spill Prevention, Control, and Countermeasure (SPCC) regulation (40 CFR Part 112). There are four 30,000-gallon diesel ASTs and four 7,000-gallon ASTs for generator backup fuel which are DoD-owned and support the WBAMC physical plant located immediate north of the proposed location. There are also three DoD-owned ASTs located adjacent and east of the site for water storage and treatment.

The Municipal Solid Waste Permits Section of the TCEQ oversees medical waste management activities. For the generation, storage, and handling of medical waste as regulated under Texas Administrative Code, Subsection 326.3, consistent with its federal status as outlined in Section 3.0, the VA HCC would maintain a registration with TCEQ, or based on the terms of the host/tenant agreement with Fort Bliss, operate under the current Fort Bliss registration. Medical wastes include wastes generated by hospitals, clinics, physicians' offices, dental offices, veterinary facilities, and other medical laboratories and research facilities. Biohazardous waste can typically include human blood and blood products; cultures and stocks of infectious agents and associated biological, isolation wastes; contaminated and unused sharps; animal carcasses; contaminated bedding material; and pathological wastes.

Fort Bliss tenant commands and support facilities (i.e., the Dental Clinic, two Blood Banks, the Veterinary Clinic, the Troop Clinic, and the WBAMC) generate medical and biohazardous waste that is collected and stored at the generating locations. Medical wastes are picked up by a licensed medical waste contractor daily and as needed for proper disposal.

Non-hazardous solid waste generated at Fort Bliss that cannot be recycled is collected and properly disposed of outside of the Fort Bliss installation. The TCEQ NPDES Construction General Permit (TXR150000) and TCEQ Industrial and Hazardous Waste Permits Section provide guidance on the proper storage, handling, disposal of hazardous and non-hazardous construction materials, products, and wastes. Consistent with its federal status as outlined in Section 3.0, the VA HCC would follow this guidance.

#### 3.11.2 Environmental Consequences

#### 3.11.2.1 Proposed Action

The proposed action would not impact the known USTs located within the project vicinity. Should any buried fuel lines be discovered during construction activities, the Contracting Officer's Representative and Petroleum Storage Tank Program Manager would be contacted. During construction, the presence and use of petroleum and hazardous substances could increase the potential for accidental release or spill of oil, diesel, gasoline, and antifreeze. In accordance with a site-specific Spill Prevention Control & Countermeasure Plan (SPCCP), standard construction BMPs would be implemented to minimize potential impacts, including proper storage and appropriate labeling of petroleum products and hazardous materials in approved containers; storage of containers on a level and impervious surface; and use of secondary

containment systems around fuel storage containers during refueling activities. Should a spill or release occur, any impacted soil would be properly handled per federal and state laws and regulations.

While not anticipated, should asbestos-containing concrete pipe be encountered during excavation, the material would not be disturbed by grinding, breaking, scraping, or crushing. The asbestos-containing material would be abated by a licensed contractor with properly trained personnel using BMPs and proper handling and disposal of asbestos-containing pipe. Otherwise, the excavation would be deviated, leaving the asbestos-containing pipe undisturbed and abandoned in place. Any regulated waste generated during construction would be stored in a waste satellite accumulation point (i.e., aerosol cans, petroleum, oil, and lubricant products). Any other construction materials or waste generated during construction would be the responsibility of the project proponent to remove. All construction, excavation, cleaning, and/or waste removal operations would be conducted in compliance with applicable environmental regulations and debris would be recycled or diverted, in accordance with Fort Bliss's construction and demolition debris diversion policy.

While there is no known contamination of the proposed site and there is no expectation any would be discovered, if suspect contamination is encountered, environmental sampling of the HCC development site would be conducted to further characterize the site and identify any potential soil contaminants. If soil contamination is found, it would be remediated in accordance with all applicable regulations prior to construction.

Long-term and significant increases in the amount of hazardous waste generated by the VA HCC are not anticipated. Wastes generated during operation of the HCC would be managed in compliance with federal and state laws and regulations. Operation of the proposed new VA HCC would generate general, hazardous, and medical waste. Similar waste generating activities are currently ongoing at the nearby WBAMC. The type of waste generated would be similar and waste generation would not increase significantly. Through proper storage and disposal practices, permanent impacts related to solid waste and hazardous materials are anticipated to be less than significant.

#### 3.11.2.2 No Action Alternative

Under the no action alternative, construction of the VA HCC would not occur. No impacts to solid waste or hazardous materials would occur as a result of VA's actions. However, the proposed site could be developed by others with the potential for impacts associated with solid waste or hazardous materials specific to that potential development.

## 3.12 Traffic, Transportation, and Parking

#### 3.12.1 Affected Environment

A traffic impact study was completed in July 2021 for the El Paso HCC site (LRS Federal LLC via CobbFendley, 2021). Major roads and roadways in the vicinity of the site include:

- Purple Heart Memorial Highway (Texas State Highway Loop 375)
- Liberty Expressway (Spur 601)
- Constitution Avenue
- Iron Dustoff Drive
- Iron Medics Drive

The study describes the current capacity of the roads and the existing level of service (LOS) for the study intersections. The LOS is based on the estimated delay at the intersection and ranges from A, the best, to F, which is the worst. For unsignalized intersections, operational standards are an LOS of E or better, and for signalized intersections, operational standards are an LOS or D or better (LRS Federal LLC via CobbFendley, 2021). Table 3-5 lists the description of each level of service rating.

**Table 3-5. Level of Service Descriptions** 

Level of Service	Description
A	Little or no delay
В	Little to no delay
С	Average delay
D	Delay is increasing and noticeable
Е	Limit of acceptable delay
F	Major delay; characteristic of oversaturated conditions

The current LOS is shown for each major intersection in the vicinity of the El Paso HCC site (Table 3-6). Currently, there are two intersections which have failing LOS: the intersection of Loop 375 Southbound Frontage Road and Spur 601 and the intersection of Loop 375 Northbound Frontage Road and Spur 601 (LRS Federal LLC via CobbFendley, 2021).

**Table 3-6. Existing Level of Service at Major Intersections** 

Intersection	Intersection Type	2021 LOS (AM/PM)
Spur 601 Eastbound Frontage Road and Constitution Avenue	Signalized	B/B
Spur 601 Westbound Frontage Road and Constitution Avenue	Signalized	B/C
Loop 375 Southbound Frontage Road and Spur 601	Signalized	F/F
Loop 375 Northbound Frontage Road and Spur 601	Signalized	F/E
Loop 375 access road (North) Road and Iron Medics Drive	Unsignalized	A/A
Loop 375 access road (South) and Iron Medics Drive	Unsignalized	A/A
Iron Dustoff Drive and Constitution Avenue	Unsignalized	A/A

## 3.12.2 Environmental Consequences

### 3.12.2.1 Proposed Action

During proposed action construction activities, there would be an increase in construction vehicles that would likely contribute to a temporary increase in traffic volumes, congestion, delays, and possibly detours. These traffic impacts would be temporary and localized.

The anticipated LOS at major intersections in the vicinity of the site under a full build-out scenario of the proposed action in 2027 is shown in Table 3-7. The proposed action does not contribute to additional intersection LOS failures. The minor decline in the LOS for the intersection of Loop 375 Northbound Frontage Road and Spur 601 from E to F is insignificant due to the already failing status of the intersection.

Table 3-7. Full Build-out 2027 Level of Service at Major Intersections

Intersection	Intersection Type	Full Build-out 2027 LOS (AM/PM)	
Spur 601 Eastbound Frontage Road and Constitution Avenue	Signalized	B/B	
Spur 601 Westbound Frontage Road and Constitution Avenue	Signalized	B/C	
Loop 375 Southbound Frontage Road and Spur 601	Signalized	F/F	
Loop 375 Northbound Frontage Road and Sur 601	Signalized	F/F	
Loop 375 access road (North) Road and Iron Medics Drive	Unsignalized	A/A	
Loop 375 access road (South) and Iron Medics Drive	Unsignalized	A/A	
Iron Dustoff Drive and Constitution Avenue	Unsignalized	A/A	

Trip generation calculations were performed for the proposed HCC and the existing WBAMC for comparison during peak hours (Table 3-8) (LRS Federal LLC via CobbFendley, 2021).

**Table 3-8. Peak Hour Trip Generation** 

Facility	Peak Hour	Gross Floor Area (sqft)	Entering Volume	Exiting Volume	Total Volume
VA HCC	AM	500,000	337	159	496
	PM		167	354	521
WBAMC	AM	1,132,000	656	308	964
	PM		336	715	1,051

The calculations show that the existing WBAMC generates approximately two trips for every one trip that the proposed HCC would generate. Thus, most of the traffic increase in the study area is associated with the WBAMC rather than the HCC. While the total traffic volume may increase in the area, it is more likely to be associated with the WBAMC than the HCC (LRS Federal LLC via CobbFendley, 2021).

The proposed action would also include the construction of approximately 1,500 - 2,000 surface parking spaces. This would be a sufficient amount of parking for the anticipated patients and 987 to be employed at the VA HCC. VA would ensure that all paved parking areas are designed to convey stormwater runoff to the catch basin located northwest of the site.

The VA threshold for traffic impacts, is defined in 38 CFR 26(2)(ii), as "an increase in average daily traffic volume of at least 20 percent on access roads to the Site or the major roadway network." The average daily traffic volume increase for all studied intersections associated with this proposed facility is 17.2 percent, which is below VA's standard threshold for significance of 20% (LRS Federal LLC via CobbFendley, 2021). Therefore, impacts to local traffic are anticipated to be less than significant.

#### 3.12.2.2 No Action Alternative

Under the no action alternative, construction of the VA HCC would not occur. No impacts to traffic, transportation, or parking would occur as a result of VA's actions. However, the proposed site could be developed by others with the potential for impacts to traffic specific to that potential development.

## 3.13 Utilities

#### 3.13.1 Affected Environment

This section describes the available sources for major utilities required at the VA HCC site, including potable water, wastewater collection and treatment (i.e., sewer), electrical power, and natural gas supplies. The tie-in locations for utility connections are dependent on final design and site layout for the VA HCC. Fort Bliss Water Services Company (FBWSC) maintains a water service loop which provides potable water to the WBAMC. FBWSC has identified two connection locations for 6- to 8-inch diameter combination service water lines to supply the proposed HCC. The El Paso Natural Gas Company (EPNG) supplies natural gas to Fort Bliss, which is the primary heating fuel at Fort Bliss and surrounding facilities. A number of distribution points are dispersed on a looped gas distribution network, with an estimated total capacity of 2.5 million cubic feet per hour (CFH), that is owned and maintained by Texas Gas Service. The nearest gas line to the preferred site is located immediately northwest and adjacent to the proposed VA HCC site.

Electrical power is currently supplied to Fort Bliss by El Paso Electric Company (EPEC) which generates electricity from two interconnected plants. An EPEC high-voltage overhead electrical line runs south of the proposed site with overhead transmission lines (i.e., electrical feeds) running west of and adjacent to Loop 375. The Rio Grande Electric Cooperative (RGEC) is the electrical maintenance provider for Fort Bliss, El Paso, and Del Rio Laughlin Air Force Base. RGEC does not sell power but maintains an electric transformer located immediately east of the proposed HCC site. Viable electrical connections are located directly east for the VA HCC site through the RGEC-owned transformer.

Wastewater generated at Fort Bliss is managed on base by the FBWSC and generally flows through five connections to the City of El Paso's sewer system for treatment at the Haskell Street Wastewater Treatment Plant. EPWU has published Rule #9 to provide enforcement guidance with regard to wastewater discharges and has placed discharge restrictions and limits on wastewater. Fort Bliss has a wastewater discharge agreement with EPWU regarding Industrial Pretreatment (IPT) practices. In response to mercury exceedances, the nearby WBAMC was required to install amalgam/mercury filtration systems.

#### 3.13.2 Environmental Consequences

#### 3.13.2.1 Proposed Action

Coordination with utility companies and government agencies would be required to ensure design conformance and environmental compliance during project design and site layout for utility connections and tie-in locations. FBWSC potable water as well as EPNG natural gas utilities are located within the vicinity of the proposed project site.

Potable water for the proposed VA HCC would be supplied by the FBWSC through existing water lines located east of the site and adjacent to the WBAMC. The proposed action would require a connection to the existing WBAMC water service loop located within the identified project area/APE. FBWSC confirmed that they are able to meet the estimated potable water demand flow rates for the VA HCC (LRS Federal LLC, 2021) (Appendix D). No significant impacts on the existing water system are expected based on anticipated consumption rates. To achieve redundancy in water service, as recommended through VA Site Design Criteria, onsite water storage tanks would be connected to the Fort

Bliss Department of Public Works (DPW)-owned 36-inch water main and would be located adjacent to the Central Energy Plant (RLF, 2021). The proposed VA HCC would also be constructed to meet, at a minimum, LEED Silver Certification standard which requires installing fixtures designed to reduce water use. Therefore, the VA HCC is not anticipated to cause a significant increase in water demand.

Natural gas would be required for the proposed action, and it is expected that the demand for natural gas would be met by the existing supplies and would not significantly impact supplies and transmission infrastructure. Natural gas would be delivered to the proposed site from the closest point in the high-pressure gas distribution system that currently exists to the immediate northwest, near the WBAMC. No significant amount of trenching, vegetation removal, or ground disturbance is anticipated to occur in order to tie-in to the existing high-pressure gas distribution system from the proposed VA HCC site.

Electrical connections would be required for the proposed VA HCC. It is expected that the demand for electricity by the proposed VA HCC would be met by the existing supplies and would not significantly impact electrical utilities and transmission infrastructure. Two electrical connections are being considered to serve the VA HCC prior to final engineering design, both providing power generated by EPEC. Viable electric connections to the immediate east are being considered through the RGEC-owned transformer, while connections to EPEC's high-voltage overhead lines that run adjacent to Loop 375 also provide a second electric access option. Connecting to the available public electrical power supply would require EPEC to connect the overhead Milagro Feed, located north of Spur 601 and west of Loop 375, with the overhead Global Reach Feed that is located between the proposed project APE and Loop 375. Approximately 4,600 feet of overhead wire and new pole sites would be required to span the break between EPEC electrical feeds. This would supply power to the VA HCC site. Neither option to tie-in to existing electrical facilities would require new substations or considerable footprints for construction. A review of cultural and biological resources in the area where the new pole sites would be required was conducted (see Section 3.3 for additional information).

Once final engineering work begins, a specific connection point would be determined for sewer access. Two options are being considered to connect the VA HCC site via an FBWSC 18-inch gravity main to the off-base El Paso sewer system. The first option is to tie-in to the sanitary line servicing the WBAMC facility adjacent to the proposed HCC site. The second option under consideration is to connect to the existing 24-inch main on Kasserine Way, located approximately 2.15 miles northwest within the Brigade Combat Teams (BCT) complexes that are positioned north of Spur 601. If the connection was through the existing BCT infrastructure, tunneling or boring would be required to allow the proposed force main to reach the north side of Spur 601. Fort Bliss has conducted an environmental review of the areas which would require ground disturbance for this sewer connection option (see Section 3.3 for additional information). The capacity of the gravity sewer lines would be sufficient to carry the additional quantity of wastewater generated by the proposed new VA HCC. It is also expected that FBWSC onsite sanitary system lines and EPWU's existing offsite wastewater treatment facilities would be able to handle the new wastewater generated by the proposed HCC and would result in minor impacts to existing systems.

Other additional areas of concern for the VA HCC site that may require additional monitoring would be biohazards discharged into the sewer system (operating rooms, autopsy rooms, mechanical rooms, anti-corrosion/de-scaling chemicals/additives used in boilers and chillers).

Connections to the aforementioned utilities would not involve a significant amount of new construction or ground disturbance. Less than significant impacts to all utilities are anticipated as a result of the proposed action.

#### 3.13.2.2 No Action Alternative

Under the no action alternative, construction of the VA HCC would not occur. No impacts to utilities would occur as a result of VA's actions. However, the proposed site could be developed by others with the potential for impacts to utilities specific to that potential development.

#### 3.14 Environmental Justice

#### 3.14.1 Affected Environment

The USEPA-developed environmental justice (EJ) screening and mapping tool, EJSCREEN, was used to identify and compare minority and low-income populations. These populations in the vicinity of the sites were compared to statewide data. A 5-mile buffer was applied around the El Paso HCC site, located in EPA Region 6. Table 3-9 summarizes the data from EJSCREEN (EPA, 2020).

Table 3-9. Summary of Environmental Justice Data

Demographic Indicator	Texas	El Paso HCC
Minority Population	58%	86%
Low-income Population	35%	39%

Based on the population data, the El Paso HCC is located in an area with disproportionately high minority populations and slightly higher than the State of Texas's average low-income populations.

## 3.14.2 Environmental Consequences

#### 3.14.2.1 Proposed Action

While Fort Bliss does include higher percentages of minority and low-income populations than the state averages, the proposed action is not anticipated to significantly impact any environmental resource areas and would therefore, not significantly impact these populations from an EJ point of view. Additionally, the El Paso HCC would be located on the installation and away from residential areas.

The construction of the proposed VA HCC would, however, provide additional economic stimulus and might attract construction workers to the region temporarily, depending upon local availability in the labor pool. The HCC would also permanently employ approximately 987 staff. Staffing needs created by the proposed action would also attract medical personnel to the region. Employment opportunities provided by the proposed action would not result in disproportionate or significant impacts to EJ populations. Ultimately, the HCC would provide high-quality health care to Veterans in the region.

#### 3.14.2.2 No Action Alternative

Under the no action alternative, construction of the VA HCC would not occur. No impacts to minority or low-income populations would occur as a result of VA's actions. However, the proposed site could be developed by others with the potential for impacts to air quality specific to that potential development.

# 3.15 Cumulative Impacts

As defined by the CEQ Regulations in 40 CFR 1508.7, cumulative impacts are those which "result from the incremental impact of the proposed action when added to other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable future action, without regard to the agency (Federal or non-Federal) or individual who undertakes such other actions." "Cumulative impacts can result from individually minor but collectively significant actions taking place over a period of time (40 CFR 1508.7)." Cumulative impact analysis captures the effects that result from the proposed action in combination with the effects of other actions taken during the duration of the proposed action in the same geographic area. Because of extensive influences of multiple forces, cumulative effects are the most difficult to analyze.

NEPA requires the analysis of cumulative environmental effects of a proposed action on resources that may often be manifested only at the cumulative level to the extent reasonable and practical. Much of the undeveloped land on Fort Bliss and surrounding areas is degraded because of past and current uses (e.g.,

grazing, urban development, military training activities). Based on surrounding land use and development trends in proximity to the proposed El Paso HCC site, environmental resources within the project vicinity are not particularly vulnerable to cumulative impacts that may result from the construction and operation of the proposed HCC. The proposed project would not result in continued development on Fort Bliss and is unlikely to result in cumulative impacts on the surrounding non-military land uses. Further, no other projects or developments are currently proposed in the site vicinity, that when combined with the proposed action, would result in an increase in pressure on community services or increases in demand for specific utilities, including water supply.

Opportunities for avoiding, minimizing, or mitigating cumulative impacts related to infrastructure improvements or facility upgrades on Fort Bliss are incorporated by design or through the management processes. They include such measures as energy-efficient facility design; executing a programmatic agreement for historic properties; implementing projects in the INRMP; and maintaining Stormwater Management, Spill Prevention, Control, and Countermeasures, and Pollution Prevention plans. Additionally, Fort Bliss has an Environmental Management System to monitor environmental compliance and waste reduction metrics and to provide data for adaptive management programs in the future. In the absence of sensitive air quality or noise receptors (e.g., schools, hospitals, residences, and non-commercial facilities) within a one-mile radius of the El Paso HCC aside from the WBAMC, no cumulative impacts on local air quality or noise are anticipated. The potential localized impacts to air quality during site development combined with the existing military land uses in the vicinity of the HCC are unlikely to result in cumulative air quality impacts. VA is also unaware of any sizable development projects in the area or on Fort Bliss within the reasonably foreseeable future.

VA contacted Texas Department of Transportation (TXDOT) El Paso District to review current and upcoming roadway improvement projects within the project vicinity. TXDOT confirmed that there are no roadway improvement projects currently under construction in the vicinity of the El Paso HCC site. TXDOT confirmed plans for improvements to Loop 375 (Purple Heart Memorial Highway) from Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) to U.S. Highway 62/180 (Montana Avenue), located just east and adjacent to the El Paso HCC site. Loop 375 improvements are proposed for construction by 2022, and TXDOT determined there are no significant adverse effects associated with the Loop 375 improvements (TXDOT, 2018). Cumulative impacts to native vegetation communities would be negligible as a result of the proposed El Paso HCC site development when combined with the proposed Loop 375 improvements. Impacts to vegetation and potential habitat for wildlife can be minimized by limiting the amount of vegetation proposed for clearing, revegetating undeveloped areas with native species, and incorporating pollinator conservation and management into revegetation and maintenance plans to the extent practicable. Through TXDOT and VA consultation with Native American Tribes and THC prior to construction and the implementation of an inadvertent discovery plan during construction, cumulative impacts to cultural resources can also be minimized.

Additionally, VA is aware of and has considered two minor projects proposed to be located adjacent to the El Paso HCC site: the proposed construction and operation of an Intrepid Spirit Center and the proposed construction and operation of a new fire station. Intrepid Spirit Centers are approximately 25,000 square feet in size and provide treatment to military personnel suffering the effects of traumatic brain injury and post-traumatic stress. There are no proposed timelines for construction currently available to the public for the Intrepid Spirit Center or fire station; however, the construction and operation of these relatively small facilities is not anticipated to result in significant cumulative impacts to any of the environmental resource areas discussed in this EA for the El Paso HCC.

Beneficial cumulative impacts associated with the proposed action in conjunction with past, current, and future development include negligible short- and long-term increased job opportunities associated with construction and operation of the hospital facility, respectively. As such, a short- and long-term, minimally beneficial, cumulative impact to the local economy is anticipated from the proposed action.

# 3.16 Potential for Generating Substantial Controversy

VA solicited input from various federal, state, and local government agencies regarding the proposed action and received input from TPWD and THC. TPWD made several recommendations to minimize potential impacts on vegetation and wildlife habitat, migratory birds, state-listed species, and Species of Greatest Conservation Need. Fort Bliss DPW has not identified any eligible archeological sites in the area identified for the proposed project; however, THC did provide cultural resource information and stated that if eligible archeological sites were encountered during construction-related ground disturbance, additional consultation with THC would be required. At the time of scoping, utilities for the proposed HCC had not been definitively confirmed, and therefore, there has been additional ongoing correspondence with THC to complete Section 106 consultation for utility extensions both inside and beyond the proposed HCC site boundary.

Recommendations received from TPWD and THC were not presented as opposition to the proposed construction activities, and there does not appear to be substantial controversy regarding the project from TPWD. VA would incorporate TPWD recommendations into construction plans as applicable and would follow recommendations emerging from Section 106 consultation with THC.

# 4.0 Mitigation and Protection Measures

This section summarizes mitigation (if necessary) and protection measures, that are proposed to minimize and maintain potential adverse effects of the proposed action at acceptable, less-than-significant levels.

Per established protocols, procedures, and requirements, VA and its construction contractors would implement routine BMPs and would satisfy all applicable regulatory requirements in association with the proposed action. In general, implementation of such protection measures would maintain impacts at acceptable levels for all resource areas analyzed. These protection measures are different from mitigation measures, which are defined as project-specific requirements, not routinely implemented as part of development projects and are necessary to reduce identified potentially significant adverse environmental impacts to less-than-significant levels.

The routine BMPs which are likely to be implemented for the proposed action are summarized in Table 4-1. The regulatory requirements consistent with the project's federal status that are anticipated to apply to the proposed action, outlined in Section 3.0, are summarized in Table 4-2. For a list of permits which may apply to the proposed action, see Appendix A. There have been no mitigation measures identified as necessary to reduce identified potentially significant adverse environmental impacts for the proposed action.

**Table 4-1. Best Management Practices for the Proposed Action** 

Resource Area	Description
Aesthetics	Design new buildings to be architecturally and aesthetically consistent with the with surrounding developments, including the adjacent William Beaumont Army Medical Center (WBAMC).
Air Quality	Use modern construction equipment with emissions controls, and properly maintain construction equipment.
	Reduce idling of construction equipment and vehicles to minimize exhaust emissions.
	Use appropriate fugitive dust suppression measures during construction activity (e.g., watering exposed areas during dry periods, tracking control for construction equipment accessing the site, limiting grading during excessively windy days, and stockpile stabilization practices).
Geology and Soils/ Hydrology and Water Quality	Implementation of dust controls, wind fences, perimeter controls, and soil stabilization practices would reduce the potential for soil erosion.
Cultural	Create and implement a project-related inadvertent discovery plan outlining procedures on what to do and who to contact if there is an inadvertent discovery as a result of any project-related excavation, grading, or ground-disturbing activities.
Hydrology and Water Quality	Utilize engineered stormwater retention systems during operation to manage impacts from precipitation events.
	Implement groundwater engineering controls if groundwater is encountered during construction.

Wildlife and Habitat	Install sediment control fence prior to initial grading activities to exclude any wildlife from the construction area. The exclusion fence should be buried at least six inches and be at least 24 inches high.
	Limit vehicular speeds within the project area to a maximum of 15-miles per hour.
	Cover open trenches or excavation areas overnight and inspect every morning to ensure no wildlife species have been trapped.
	Incorporate dark-sky lighting practices into the final design for the VA Health Care Center (HCC).
	Utilize mulch with a tackifier to promote revegetation of disturbed areas rather than matting to avoid entanglement hazards to wildlife.
	Minimize vegetation clearing to the greatest extent practical. Revegetate temporarily impacted areas with native species, while incorporating pollinator conservation and management and invasive species control measures into a revegetation and maintenance plan to the extent practicable.
	Limit vegetation clearing to exclude the general bird nesting season, March 15 <sup>th</sup> through September 15 <sup>th</sup> , to avoid adverse impacts to breeding birds. Perform active bird nest surveys prior to planned clearing or construction, and a minimum 150-foot buffer of vegetation should remain around any active nests that are observed prior to disturbance.
	Provide an environmental awareness training that addresses protected species and protection measures prior to construction.
	Conduct biological monitoring by a permitted biologist during active construction involving ground-disturbing activities.
Noise	Coordinate proposed construction activities in advance with any nearby sensitive receptors (e.g., WBAMC).
	Shut down noise-generating heavy equipment when it is not needed and maintain equipment per manufacturer's recommendations to minimize noise generation.
	Utilize broadband, self-adjusting backup alarms in lieu of backup- beepers consistent with applicable safety requirements and encourage construction personnel to operate equipment in the quietest manner practicable.
Socioeconomics	Secure the construction area to prevent unauthorized access to the property and to reduce the potential of health and safety risks.
	Implement BMPs during construction to minimize and control construction noise and fugitive dust, as discussed in other sections of this report, which would minimize adverse impacts to the surrounding populations.

Community Services	Coordinate any short-term road closures with the El Paso Police and Fire Department and the adjacent WBAMC to prevent significant disruption to their services.
Solid Waste and Hazardous Materials	Properly storage with appropriate labeling of petroleum products and hazardous materials in approved containers.
	Provide a secondary containment system around fuel storage containers and during refueling activities.
	Should a spill or release occur, any impacted soil would be properly handled per applicable federal and state laws and regulations.
	Conduct sampling of the HCC development site to further characterize the site and identify any potential soil contaminants. If soil contamination is found, it would be remediated in accordance with all applicable regulations prior to vertical construction.
	Recycle or divert debris in accordance with Fort Bliss's construction and demolition debris diversion policy.

Table 4-2. Regulatory Requirements for the Proposed Action

Resource Area	Regulatory Requirement
Air Quality	Title V permit (update if necessary)
	USEPA's Mandatory GHG Reporting Rule
Geology and Soils/	Erosion and Sediment Control Plan (ESCP)*
Hydrology and Water Quality	Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP)*
Noise	Occupational Safety and Health Act standards (29 CFR 1926.52)
Solid Waste and Hazardous	Spill Prevention Control & Countermeasure Plan (SPCCP)
Materials	
Community Services	Coordination with the El Paso Police and Fire Department, Fort Bliss, and the adjacent WBAMC on any temporary road closures or traffic configurations.

<sup>\*</sup> These regulatory requirements are part of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) 1200-C Construction Stormwater Permit and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Construction General Permit (TXR150000).

# 5.0 Public Participation

VA invites public participation in decision-making on new proposals through the NEPA process. Public participation is guided by the VA NEPA regulations (38 CFR Part 26) and with additional guidance provided in VA's NEPA Interim Guidance for Projects. Agencies, organizations, and members of the public with a potential interest in the proposed action are encouraged to participate.

## 5.1 Agency Coordination

VA coordinated with agencies regarding the proposed construction of the new El Paso VA HCC. In July 2021, VA sent scoping letters to agencies, state, county, and municipal governments, including USEPA, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, USDA, USFWS, NOAA, and TCEQ.

#### 5.2 Native American Consultation

VA sent scoping letters and Section 106 consultation letters to federally-recognized Native American Tribes in the vicinity of the proposed El Paso VA HCC, including Apache Tribe of Oklahoma, Comanche Nation of Oklahoma, Fort Sill Apache Tribe of Oklahoma, Kiowa Tribe of Oklahoma, Mescalero Apache Tribe, Tonkawa Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma, White Mountain Apache Tribe, Wichita and affiliated Tribes of Oklahoma, and Ysleta del Sur Pueblo (Tugua). The Tribes did not respond to the scoping letters or submit scoping comments. Any comments received from Section 106 consultation will be included in the Final EA.

# 5.3 Scoping

VA provided federal, state, and local agencies; the public; and potentially affected parties with an opportunity to participate in scoping. Scoping is a tool for identifying the issues that should be addressed during the NEPA and NHPA compliance processes. Scoping allows the agencies, public, and stakeholders to help define priorities and express stakeholder and community issues to the agency through oral and written comments.

VA published a notice of scoping on July 4, 2021 and July 7, 2021, in El Paso Times newspaper. The notice described the proposed action and solicited public comments with a deadline of August 3, 2021.

VA mailed scoping letters to federal, state, and local agencies; public officials; federally recognized Tribes; and special interest groups. Similar to the notices published in the newspaper, the letters included information on the proposed action, the comment period, and instruction on submitting comments.

During the public scoping period, VA received three written comments (refer to Appendix B).

#### 5.4 Public Review

As part of NEPA compliance, the VA published and distributed this Draft EA for a 30-day public comment period as announced by a Notice of Availability published in the El Paso Times on June 10, 2022 and June 12, 2022. The 30-day public comment period began on the first publication date of the public notice. Review copies of the Draft EA are available online at

https://www.cfm.va.gov/environmental/index.asp or behind the reference desk at the Esperanza Acosta Moreno Library in El Paso, Texas. VA will respond to public comments in the Final EA.

# **6.0 Agencies and Persons Consulted**

Affiliation	Contact	Address	<b>Email and Phone Number</b>	
		Federal Agencies		
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	Amy Lueders, Regional Director	500 Gold Avenue SW Albuquerque, NM 87102	RDLueders@fws.gov 505-248-6911	
U.S. Fish hand Wildlife Service	Adam Zerrenner, Field Supervisor	10711 Burnet Road, Suite 200, Austin, TX 78758	adam_zerrenner@fws.gov 512-490-0057	
US Army Corps of Engineers	Sabrina Sparkman, USACE Project Manager	819 Taylor Street Fort Worth, TX 76102	sabrina.sparkman@usace.army.mil 817-886-1498	
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 6	David Gray, Acting Regional Administrator	1201 Elm Street Dallas, TX 75270	gray.david@epa.gov 214-665-8120	
Fort Bliss Department of Public Works Environmental Division, Conservation Branch	Martha Yduarte, CRM Archaeologist/ Curator	624 Pleasonton Road, Room 106, USAG Fort Bliss, TX 79916	martha.yduarte.civ@mail.mil 915-568-7015	
Fort Bliss Department of Public Works Environmental Division, Conservation Branch	Fabiola Silva, M.A., CRM Archaeologist	624 Pleasonton Road, Room 106, USAG Fort Bliss, TX 79916	fabiola.e.silva.civ@mail.mil 915-568-2707 575-520-3074	
Fort Bliss Department of Public Works Environmental Division, Conservation Branch	Christopher A. Taylor, Wildlife Biologist	624 Pleasonton Road, Room 106, USAG Fort Bliss, TX 79916	christopher.a.taylor154.civ@mail. mil 915-568-3016	
State Agencies				
Texas Department of Transportation	Aracely Olmos, Right of Way Agent	13301 Gateway Boulevard West El Paso, TX 79928	Aracely.Olmos@txdot.gov	
Texas Historical Commission	Mark Wolfe, Executive Director	P.O. Box 12276 Austin, TX 78711- 2276	mark.wolfe@thc.texas.gov 512-936-4323	

Affiliation	Contact	Address	Email and Phone Number
Texas Historical	Pam Opiela, State	108 W 16 <sup>th</sup> Street	pamela.opiela@thc.texas.gov
Commission	Historic	Austin, TX 78701	512-463-8952
	Preservation Officer		
T	Reviewer	D 0 D 10076	X 1.7 (10.1
Texas Historical	Joseph Bell, Deputy	P.O. Box 12276,	Joseph.Bell@thc.texas.gov
Commission	Executive Director	1511 Colorado Street Austin, TX 78701	512-463-8801
Texas Parks and	Laura Zebehazy,	4200 Smith School	laura.zebehazy@tpws.texas.gov
Wildlife	Wildlife Habitat	Road	512-389-4802
Department	Assessment Program	Austin, TX 78744	312-367-4602
-	Leader		
Texas Parks and	Jessica Schmerler,	4200 Smith School	WHAB@tpwd.texas.gov
Wildlife	Habitat Assessment	Road	
Department	Biologist	Austin, TX 78744	
Texas Historical	Greg Smith, Federal		greg.smith@thc.texas.gov
Commission	Programs		512-463-6013
	Coordinator		
	T	Local Agencies	
City of El Paso	Oscar Leeser, Mayor	300 N. Campbell	mayor@elpasotexas.gov
		Street	915-212-0000
City of El Dogo	Tommy Congolog	El Paso, TX 79901	tanagalag@almagatayaa aay
City of El Paso	Tommy Gonzalez, City Manager	300 N. Campbell Street	tgonzalez@elpasotexas.gov
	City Manager	El Paso, TX 79901	915-212-0023
City of El Paso	Jerry DeMuro,	218 N. Campbell	DeMuroG@elpasotexas.gov
	Assistant Director of	Street	915-212-1838
	Design	El Paso, TX 79901	
		<b>Elected Officials</b>	
U.S. House of	Veronica Escobar	1505 Longworth	veronica.escobar@mail.house.gov
Representatives		House Office	
16 <sup>th</sup> District		Building	
		Washington, DC 20515	
U.S. Senate	Senator John	517 Hart Senate	west texas@cornyn.senate.gov
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		Washington, DC	
		20510	
U.S. Senate	Senator Ted Cruz	127A Russell	west_texas@cruz.senate.gov
		Washington, DC	
Texas State	Art Fierro	20510	Aut Figure Chause tayes cay
House of	AITFIEITO	P.O. Box 2910, Room E2.412,	Art.Fierro@house.texas.gov
Representatives		Austin, TX 78768	
District 79		120000, 121 /0/00	
Texas State	Senator César	P.O. Box 12068	Cesar.Blanco@senate.texas.gov
Senate District 29	Blanco	Capitol Station	
		Austin, TX 78711	

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Apache Tribe of Oklahoma	Bobby Komardley, Chairman	P.O. Box 1330 Andarko, OK 73005	bkomardley@outlook.com 405-247-9493		
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Comanche Nation of Oklahoma	Martina Minthorn, Tribal Historic Preservation Officer	P.O. Box 908 Lawton, OK 73502	martina.minthron@comanchenatio n.com 580-595-9618		
Fort Sill Apache Tribe of Oklahoma	Michael Darrow, Tribal Historian	43187 U.S. Highway 281 Apache, OK 73006	michael.darrow@fortsillapache- nsn.gov 580-588-2298		
Fort Sill Apache Tribe of Oklahoma	Lori Gooday Ware, Tribal Chairwoman	43187 U.S. Highway 281 Apache, OK 73006	lori.g.ware@fortsillapache- nsn.gov 580-558-2298		
Kiowa Tribe of Oklahoma	Matthew Komalty, Chairman	P.O. Box 369 Carnegie, OK 73015	chill@kiowatribe.org 580-654-2300		
Kiowa Tribe of Oklahoma	Kellie Lewis, Section 106 and Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act Coordinator	100 Kiowa Way Carnegie, OK 73015	kellie@tribaladminservices.org		
Mescalero Apache Tribe	Danny H. Breuninger, Sr., Tribal President	P.O. Box 227 Mescalero, NM 88340	dbreuninger@mescaleroapachetrib e.com 575-464-4494		
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Tonkawa Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma	Lauren Brown, Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act Coordinator	1 Rush Buffalo Road Tonkawa, OK 74653	lbrown@tonkawatribe.com 580-628-2561		
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(Wichita, Keechi,	Preservation Officer		
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Pueblo (Tugua)	Governor	Pueblo Road	tribalcouncil@ydsp-nsn.gov
1 debio (1 agua)	Governor	El Paso, TX 79917	915-859-8053
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El Paso	Melissa Hutson,	603 West Yandell	info@elpasohistory.com
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Landmark	Velazquez, Historic	El Paso, TX 79901	915-212-1567
Commission	Preservation Officer	211 000, 111 75501	310 212 1007
	1	Internal	<u> </u>
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	Commanding	Fort Bliss, TX 79916	
	General 1AD		
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Garrison	Brady, Garrison	Fort Bliss, TX 79916	
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Public Works	Branch Chief	79916	

Affiliation	Contact	Address	Email and Phone Number
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# 7.0 List of Preparers

# 7.1 Department of Veterans Affairs Staff

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Mr. Bruce Mack Environmental Engineer Construction & Facilities Management U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs

Mr. Héctor M. Abreu-Cintrón Federal Preservation Officer Construction & Facilities Management U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs

# 7.2 LRS Federal (Consultants)

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Sara Schulkowski	Environmental Engineer	MS, Environmental Resources Engineering BS, Environmental Science and Technology	2

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# 9.0 Glossary

**Aesthetics**—Pertaining to the quality of human perception of natural beauty.

**Ambient**—The environment as it exists around people, plants, and structures.

**Ambient Air Quality Standards**—Those standards established according to the Clean Air Act to protect health and welfare.

**Aquifer**—An underground geological formation containing usable amounts of groundwater that can supply wells and springs.

**Attainment area**—Region that meets the National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) for a criteria pollutant under the Clean Air Act.

**Best management practices (BMPs)**—Methods, measures, or practices to prevent or reduce environmental impacts.

**Contaminants**—Any physical, chemical, biological or radiological substances that have an adverse effect on air, water, or soil.

Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ)—An agency in the Executive Office of the President composed of three members appointed by the President, subject to approval by the Senate. Each member shall be exceptionally qualified to analyze and interpret environmental trends, and to appraise programs and activities of the federal government. Members are to be conscious of and responsive to the scientific, economic, social, aesthetic, and cultural needs of the Nation; and to formulate and recommend national policies to promote the improvement of the quality of the environment. Develop and issue guidance for implementing the National Environmental Policy Act.

**Cultural resources**—The physical evidence of our Nation's heritage. Includes archaeological sites; historic buildings, structures, and districts; and localities with social significance to the human community.

**Direct impact**—A direct impact is caused by a proposed action and occurs at the same time and place.

**Emission**—A release of a pollutant.

**Endangered species**—Any species which is in danger of extinction throughout all or a significant portion of its range.

**Environmental assessment (EA)**—An EA is a publication that provides sufficient evidence and analyses to show whether a proposed system will adversely affect the environment or be environmentally controversial.

**Erosion**—The wearing away of the land surface by detachment and movement of soil and rock fragments through the action of moving water and geological agents.

**Floodplain**—The relatively flat area or lowlands adjoining a river, stream, ocean, lake, or other body of water that is susceptible to being inundated by floodwaters.

**Fugitive dust**—Particles light enough to be suspended in air, but not captured by a filtering system. For this document, this refers to particles put in the air by moving vehicles and air movement over disturbed soils at construction sites.

**Geology**—Science which deals with the physical history of the earth, the rocks of which it is composed, and physical changes in the earth.

**Groundwater**—Water found below the ground surface. Groundwater may be geologic in origin and as pristine as it was when it was entrapped by the surrounding rock or it may be subject to daily or seasonal

effects depending on the local hydrologic cycle. Groundwater may be pumped from wells and used for drinking water, irrigation, and other purposes. It is recharged by precipitation or irrigation water soaking into the ground. Thus, any contaminant in precipitation or irrigation water may be carried into groundwater.

**Hazardous materials**—Defined within several laws and regulations to have certain meanings. For this document, a hazardous material is any one of the following:

Any substance designated pursuant to section 311 (b)(2)(A) of the Clean Water Act.

Any element, compound, mixture, solution, or substance designated pursuant to Section 102 of Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability (CERCLA).

Any hazardous substance as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA).

Any toxic pollutant listed under TSCA.

Any hazardous air pollutant listed under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act.

Any imminently hazardous chemical substance or mixture with respect to which the EPA Administrator has taken action pursuant to Subsection 7 of TSCA.

The term does not include: 1) Petroleum, including crude oil or any thereof, which is not otherwise specifically listed or designated as a hazardous substance in a above. 2) Natural gas, natural gas liquids, liquefied natural gas, or synthetic gas usable for fuel (or mixtures of natural gas and such synthetic gas). A list of hazardous substances is found in CFR 302.4.

**Indirect impact**—An indirect impact occurs later in time or farther removed in distance from the action causing it but is still reasonably foreseeable. Indirect impacts may include induced changes in the pattern of land use, population density or growth rate, and related effects on air, water, and other natural and social systems.

**Jurisdictional wetland**—Areas that meet the wetland hydrology, vegetation, and hydric soil characteristics, and have a direct connection to the Waters of the U.S. These wetlands are regulated by the USACE.

**Listed species**—Any plant or animal designated by a state or the federal government as a threatened, endangered, special concern, or candidate species.

**Mitigation**—Measures taken to reduce adverse impacts on the environment.

**National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS)**—Nationwide standards set up by the USEPA for widespread air pollutants, as required by Section 109 of the Clean Air Act. Currently, six pollutants are regulated by primary and secondary NAAQS: carbon monoxide, lead, nitrogen dioxide, ozone, particulate matter, and sulfur dioxide.

**Non-attainment area**—An area that has been designated by the EPA or the appropriate State air quality agency as exceeding one or more national or state ambient air quality standards.

**Parcel**—A plot of land, usually a division of a larger area.

**Particulates or particulate matter**—Fine liquid or solid particles such as dust, smoke, mist, fumes, or smog found in air.

**Physiographic region**—A portion of the Earth's surface with a basically common topography and common morphology.

**Remediation**—An action that reduces or eliminates a threat to the environment; often used to refer to "clean up" of chemical contamination in soil or water.

**Sensitive receptors**—Include, but are not limited to children, and the elderly, as well as specific facilities, such as long-term health care facilities, rehabilitation centers, convalescent centers, retirement homes, residences, schools, playgrounds, and childcare centers.

**Significant impact**—According to 40 CFR 1508.27, "significance" as used in NEPA requires consideration of both context and intensity.

Context. The significance of an action must be analyzed in several contexts such as society as a whole (human, national), the affected region, the affected interests, and the locality. Significance varies with the setting of the proposed action. For instance, in the case of a site-specific action, significance would usually depend upon the effects in the locale rather than in the world as a whole. Both short- and long-term effects are relevant.

Intensity. This refers to the severity of impact. Responsible officials must bear in mind that more than one agency may make decisions about partial aspects of a major action.

Soil—The mixture of altered mineral and organic material at the earth's surface that supports plant life.

**Solid waste**—Any discarded material that is not excluded by section 261.4(a) or that is not excluded by variance granted under sections 260.30 and 260.31.

**Threatened species**—Any species that is likely to become an endangered species within the foreseeable future throughout all or a significant portion of its range.

**Topography**—The relief features or surface configuration of an area.

Waters of the United States—Include the following: territorial seas and traditional navigable waters; tributaries; lakes, ponds, and impoundments of jurisdictional waters; and adjacent wetlands.

Watershed—The region draining into a particular stream, river, or entire river system.

**Wetlands**—Areas that are regularly saturated by surface or groundwater and, thus, are characterized by a prevalence of vegetation that is adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Examples include swamps, bogs, fens, marshes, and estuaries.

Wildlife habitat—Set of living communities in which a wildlife population lives.

# A Appendix A: Permits

In addition to the regulatory framework of NEPA, the CEQ Regulations Implementing the Procedural Provisions of NEPA, VA's NEPA regulations (38 CFR Part 26), and VA's NEPA Interim Guidance for Projects, the following federal, state, and/or local environmental permits are anticipated as part of the proposed action.

- National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) 1200-C Construction Stormwater Permit
- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Construction General Permit (TXR150000)
- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Title V Air Operating Permit

# B Appendix B: Agency Correspondence

- B.1 Stakeholder Scoping Notice
- B.2 Proof of Publication for Scoping Notice
- B.3 Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Correspondence
- B.4 Texas Historical Commission Correspondence

B.1 Stakeholder Scoping Notice



# U.S. DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS OFFICE OF CONSTRUCTION AND FACILITIES MANAGEMENT

# NOTICE OF SCOPING AND PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT UNDER THE NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT FOR THE PROPOSED HEALTH CARE CENTER AT FORT BLISS. TEXAS

The U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) Office of Construction and Facilities Management and U.S. Army Garrison, Fort Bliss are gathering information to assist with the preparation of an Environmental Assessment (EA) as part of the Federal decision-making process for the proposed design, construction, and operation of a new health care center (HCC) located on Fort Bliss in El Paso, Texas. The proposed facility would consist of an approximately 500,000-square-foot VA constructed and operated health care center with approximately 1,500 surface parking spaces and would be located on approximately 30-acres adjacent to the new William Beaumont Army Medical Center on the Fort Bliss garrison. The project will also include temporary construction support areas and utility improvements both inside and outside the Fort Bliss cantonment to accommodate the facility.

In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), the VA and Army are seeking the public's input on issues to be addressed during the NEPA process, including environmental concerns that may occur as a result of the proposed Federal action.

A public scoping period is open through **August 3, 2021**. During this time, the public is invited to submit comments on the proposed action and identify potential issues or concerns for consideration in the NEPA process. Due to the on-going COVID 19 pandemic all submissions should be sent/made via email to <a href="mailto:vacoenvironment@va.gov">vacoenvironment@va.gov</a> with the subject line "Fort Bliss HCC NEPA Scoping.

If including your address, phone number, e-mail address, or other personally identifiable information in your comment, please be aware that your entire comment – including your personal identifiable information – may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personally identifiable information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.



## **DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS**

# Office of Construction & Facilities Management Washington DC 20420

**Date:** July 1, 2021

**To:** Valued Stakeholders

**Subject:** Notice of Scoping and Stakeholder Involvement for the Proposed

Health Care Clinic at Fort Bliss, Texas

The U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) Office of Construction and Facilities Management and the U.S Army Garrison, Fort Bliss are gathering information to assist with the preparation of an Environmental Assessment (EA) as part of the Federal decision-making process for the proposed design, construction, and operation of a new health care center (HCC) located on Fort Bliss, Texas. The proposed facility would consist of an approximately 500,000-square-foot VA constructed and operated health care center with approximately 1,500 surface parking spaces and would be located on approximately 30-acres adjacent to the new William Beaumont Army Medical Center on the Fort Bliss garrison. This area is labeled 'Area of Consideration' on Figure 1. The project will also include temporary construction support areas and utility improvements both inside and outside the Fort Bliss cantonment to accommodate the facility.

As part of the decision-making process, VA will undertake an environmental impact analysis of the proposed action in compliance with the requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA). The VA and Army are seeking input as part of the scoping process on issues to be addressed during the NEPA process, including environmental concerns. VA will be initiating consultation under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act, 54 U.S.C. 306108 at a future date. VA will be consulting with the State Historic Preservation Office, Tribes, and other consulting parties to identify historic properties that may potentially be affected by the undertaking and to seek ways to avoid, minimize or mitigate for potential adverse effects.

NEPA requires that a Federal agency provide the public with an opportunity to participate in the process of analyzing the impact of Federal actions on the human environment. The purpose of this letter is to notify members of the community and other stakeholders of this opportunity to assist the VA and Army in identifying issues, including environmental concerns that may occur as a result of the proposed Federal action.

A public scoping comment period will be open through **Tuesday**, **August 3**, **2021**. During this time, agencies and stakeholders are encouraged to submit written comments and input on the proposed action in order to help identify potential issues or concerns for consideration in the NEPA process. Submissions received during the scoping period will be considered in the NEPA compliance process.

Due to the on-going COVID-19 pandemic, all submissions should be sent/made via email to <a href="mailto:vacoenvironment@va.gov">vacoenvironment@va.gov</a> with the subject line "Fort Bliss HCC NEPA Scoping." The point of contact for this proposed action is Mr. Bruce Mack, telephone number (224) 610-7337.

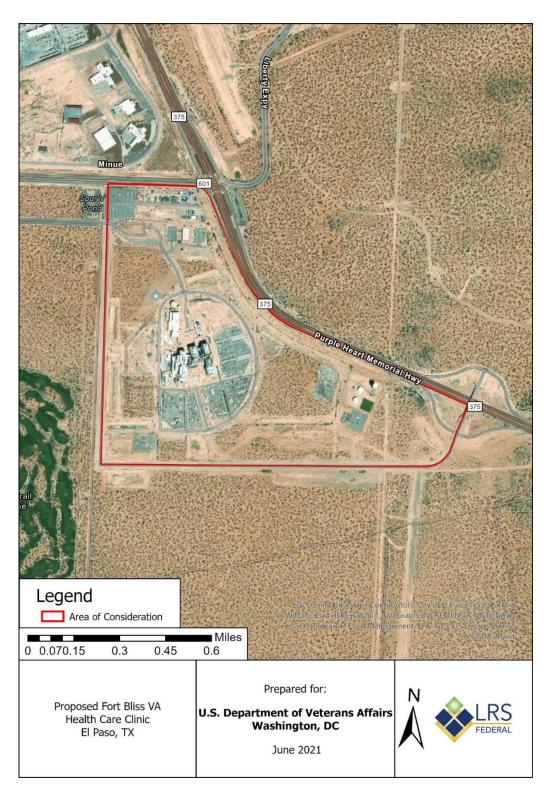


Figure 1. Area of Consideration for the Fort Bliss Health Care Center

Draft EA: El Paso VA HCC June 2022 B.2 Proof of Publication for Scoping Notice

# Affidavit of Publication Ad # 0004802194 This is not an invoice

LRS FEDERAL LLC 8221 RITCHIE HWY SUITE 300

PASADENA, MD 21122

I, being duly sworn say: El Paso Times, a daily newspaper of general circulation published in the City and County El Paso, State of Texas, which is a newspaper of general circulation and which has been continuously and regularly published for the period of not less than one year in the said County of El Paso, and that he/she was upon the dates herein mentioned in the EL PASO TIMES.

That the LEGAL copy was published in the EL PASO TIMES for the date(s) of such follows DAY(s) to wit

07/04/2021, 07/07/2021

Legal Clerk
Subscribed and sworn before me this July 7, 2021:

State of WI, County of Brown NOTARY PUBLIC\_

My commission expires

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS
OFFICE OF CONSTRUCTION AND FACILITIES MANAGEMENT
NOTICE OF SCOPING AND PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT
UNDER THE NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT
FOR THE PROPOSED
HEALTH CARE CENTER AT FORT BLISS, TEXAS

The U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) Office of Construction and Facilities Management and U.S. Army Garrison, Fort Bliss are gathering information to assist with the preparation of an Environmental Assessment (EA) as part of the Federal decision-making process for the proposed design, construction, and operation of a new health care center (HCC) located on Fort Bliss in El Paso, Texas. The proposed facility would consist of an approximately 500,000-square-foot VA constructed and operated health care center with approximately 1,500 surface parking spaces and would be located on approximately 30-acres adjacent to the new William Beaumont Army Medical Center on the Fort Bliss garrison. The project will also include temporary construction support areas and utility improvements both inside and outside the Fort Bliss cantonment to accommodate the facility.

In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), the VA and Army are seeking the public's input on issues to be addressed during the NEPA process, including environmental concerns that may occur as a result of the proposed Federal action.

proposed Federal action.

A public scoping period is open through August 3, 2021.
During this time, the public is invited to submit comments on the proposed action and identify potential issues or concerns for consideration in the NEPA process. Due to the ongoing COVID 19 pandemic all submissions should be sent/made via email to vacoenvironment@va.gov with the subject line "Fort Bliss HCC NEPA Scoping.

If including your address, phone number, e-mail address, or other personally identifiable information in your comment, please be aware that your entire comment – including your personal identifiable information – may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personally identifiable information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to

#4802194 El Paso Times, July 4, 7, 2021

Ad # 0004802194 PO #: # of Affidavits1

This is not an invoice

KATHLEEN ALLEN Notary Public State of Wisconsin Draft EA: El Paso VA HCC June 2022 B.3 Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Correspondence



#### Life's better outside.®

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Lee M. Bass Chairman-Emeritus Fort Worth

T. Dan Friedkin Chairman-Emeritus Houston

Carter P. Smith Executive Director August 3, 2021

Mr. Bruce Mack Department of Veterans Affairs Office of Construction & Facilities Management Washington, DC 20420

RE: Proposed Health Care Clinic at Fort Bliss, El Paso County, Texas

Dear Mr. Mack:

Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (TPWD) has received the request for coordination regarding the proposed project referenced above located within Fort Bliss in El Paso County. TPWD staff has reviewed the information provided and offers the following information, comments, and recommendations concerning this project.

Please be aware that a written response to a TPWD recommendation or informational comment received by a state governmental agency may be required by state law. For further guidance, see the Texas Parks and Wildlife Code, Section 12.0011. For tracking purposes, please refer to TPWD project number 46875 in any return correspondence regarding this project.

#### **Project Description**

The information provided included the following project description:

"The U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) Office of Construction and Facilities Management and the U.S Army Garrison, Fort Bliss are gathering information to assist with the preparation of an Environmental Assessment (EA) as part of the Federal decision-making process for the proposed design, construction, and operation of a new health care center (HCC) located on Fort Bliss, Texas. The proposed facility would consist of an approximately 500,000-square-foot VA constructed and operated health care center with approximately 1,500 surface parking spaces and would be located on approximately 30-acres adjacent to the new William Beaumont Army Medical Center on the Fort Bliss garrison. The project will also include temporary construction support areas and utility improvements both inside and outside the Fort Bliss cantonment to accommodate the facility."

#### **General Construction Recommendations**

TPWD would like to provide the following general construction recommendations to assist in project planning.

**Recommendation:** TPWD recommends the judicious use and placement of sediment control fence to exclude wildlife from the construction area. In many

Mr. Bruce Mack Page 2 of 12 August 3, 2021

cases, sediment control fence placement for the purposes of controlling erosion and protecting water quality can be modified minimally to also provide the benefit of excluding wildlife access to construction areas. The exclusion fence should be buried at least six inches and be at least 24 inches high. The exclusion fence should be maintained for the life of the project and only removed after the construction is completed and the disturbed site has been revegetated with site-specific native species. Construction personnel should be encouraged to examine the inside of the exclusion area daily to determine if any wildlife species have been trapped inside the area of impact and provide safe egress opportunities prior to initiation of construction activities. TPWD recommends that any open trenches or excavation areas be covered overnight and/or inspected every morning to ensure no wildlife species have been trapped. For open trenches and excavated pits, install escape ramps at an angle of less than 45 degrees (1:1) in areas left uncovered. Also, inspect excavation areas for trapped wildlife prior to refilling.

Recommendation: For soil stabilization and/or revegetation of disturbed areas within the proposed project area, TPWD recommends erosion and seed/mulch stabilization materials that avoid entanglement hazards to snakes and other wildlife species. Because the mesh found in many erosion control blankets or mats pose an entanglement hazard to wildlife, TPWD recommends the use of no-till drilling, hydromulching and/or hydroseeding due to a reduced risk to wildlife. If erosion control blankets or mats will be used, the product should not contain netting, but if it must contain netting it should contain loosely woven, natural fiber netting in which the mesh design allows the threads to move, therefore allowing expansion of the mesh openings. TPWD recommends avoiding the use of plastic mesh matting.

#### Impacts to Vegetation/Wildlife Habitat

TPWD would like to provide the following vegetation removal, revegetation, and landscaping recommendations to assist in project planning.

Recommendation: TPWD recommends reducing the amount of vegetation proposed for clearing if possible and minimizing clearing of native vegetation, particularly mature native trees (if present), riparian vegetation, and shrubs to the greatest extent practicable. TPWD recommends in-kind on-site replacement/restoration of the native vegetation wherever practicable. Colonization by invasive species, particularly invasive grasses and weeds, should be actively prevented. Vegetation management should include removing invasive species early on while allowing the existing native plants to revegetate the disturbed areas. TPWD recommends referring to the Lady Bird Johnson Wildflower Center Native Plant Database for regionally adapted native species that would be appropriate for landscaping and revegetation.

Mr. Bruce Mack Page 3 of 12 August 3, 2021

Landscaping for Monarch Butterflies

In December 2020, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) determined that Endangered Species Act (ESA) listing for the monarch butterfly (*Danaus plexippus*) was warranted; however, listing was precluded by higher priority listing actions. Currently, the monarch butterfly is a candidate for listing and USFWS will review the species status annually until a proposal for listing is developed.

Significant declines in the population of migrating monarch butterflies have led to widespread concern about this species and the long-term persistence of the North American monarch migration. As part of an international conservation effort TPWD has developed the *Texas Monarch and Native Pollinator Conservation Plan*, and one of the broad categories of action in this plan is to augment larval feeding and adult nectaring opportunities.

**Recommendation:** TPWD recommends incorporating pollinator conservation and management into the revegetation and maintenance plan for this project, such as promoting growth of native flowering species throughout the growing season. TPWD recommends revegetation efforts include planting or seeding native milkweed (*Asclepias* spp.) and nectar plants as funding and seed availability allow. Information about monarch biology, migration, and butterfly gardening can be found on the Monarch Watch website.

**Recommendation:** TPWD advises against planting the non-native milkweed species black swallow-wort (*Cynanchum louiseae*) and pale swallow-wort (*C. rossicum*). Monarch butterflies will lay eggs on these plant species, but the larvae are unable to feed and complete their life cycle. Additionally, these plant species can be highly invasive. TPWD also advises against planting the non-native tropical milkweed (*Asclepias curassavica*), a popular commercial nursery milkweed that can persist year-round in southern states. The year-round persistence of tropical milkweed fosters greater transmission of the protozoan *Ophryocystis elektroscirrha* (OE), increasing the likelihood that monarchs become infected with the debilitating parasite.

#### **Facility Lighting**

Sky glow as a result of light pollution can have negative impacts on wildlife and ecosystems by disrupting natural day and night cycles inherent in managing behaviors such as migration, reproduction, nourishment, sleep, and protection from predators. Wildlife impacts from light pollution is of concern to TPWD.

**Recommendation:** TPWD recommends committing to dark-sky lighting practices for the new VA healthcare facility. When lighting is added, TPWD recommends minimizing sky glow by focusing light downward, with full cutoff luminaries to avoid light emitting above the horizontal. TPWD recommends using the minimum amount of night-time lighting needed for safety and

Mr. Bruce Mack Page 4 of 12 August 3, 2021

security and to use dark-sky friendly lighting that is on only when needed, down-shielded, as bright as needed, and minimizing blue light emissions. Appropriate lighting technologies and beneficial management practices (BMPs) can be found on the International Dark-Sky Association website.

#### **Federal Laws**

Migratory Bird Treaty Act

The Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) prohibits direct and affirmative purposeful actions that reduce migratory birds, their eggs, or their nests, by killing or capturing, to human control, except when specifically authorized by the Department of the Interior. This protection applies to most native bird species, including ground nesting species. The USFWS Migratory Bird Office can be contacted at (505) 248-7882 for more information on potential impacts to migratory birds.

**Recommendation:** TPWD recommends excluding vegetation clearing activities during the general bird nesting season, March 15 through September 15, to avoid adverse impacts to breeding birds. If clearing vegetation during the migratory bird nesting season is unavoidable, TPWD recommends surveying the area proposed for disturbance to ensure that no nests with eggs or young will be disturbed by operations. TPWD recommends performing active bird nest surveys no more than five days prior to planned clearing or construction. TPWD recommends that a minimum 150-foot buffer of vegetation remain around any active nests that are observed prior to disturbance. Any vegetation (such as trees, shrubs, and grasses) or other open areas where occupied nests are located should not be disturbed until the eggs have hatched and the young have fledged.

#### **State Laws**

Texas Parks and Wildlife Code - Chapter 64, Birds

Texas Parks and Wildlife Code Section 64.002, regarding protection of nongame birds, provides that no person may catch, kill, injure, pursue, or possess a bird that is not a game bird. Texas Parks and Wildlife Code Section 64.003, regarding destroying nests or eggs, provides that, no person may destroy or take the nests, eggs, or young and any wild game bird, wild bird, or wild fowl.

**Recommendation:** Please review the *Migratory Bird Treaty Act* section above for recommendations as they are also applicable for Chapter 64 of the Texas Parks and Wildlife Code compliance.

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Texas Parks and Wildlife Code, Section 68.015 – State-listed Species

Texas Parks and Wildlife Code regulates state-listed threatened and endangered animal species. The capture, trap, take, or killing of state-listed threatened and endangered animal species is unlawful unless expressly authorized under a permit issued by USFWS or TPWD. The *TPWD Guidelines for Protection of State-Listed Species*, which includes a list of penalties for take of species, can be found on the Wildlife Habitat Assessment Program website. State-listed species may only be handled by persons with authorization obtained through TPWD. For more information on this permit, please contact the Wildlife Permits Office at (512) 389-4647.

Texas horned lizard (Phrynosoma cornutum)

The project area may provide suitable habitat for the state-listed threatened Texas horned lizard. There are several research-grade iNaturalist (www.inaturalist.org) observations for this species located within El Paso County. The Texas horned lizard inhabits open, arid and semi-arid regions with sparse vegetation, including grass, cactus, scattered brush or scrubby trees and soil may vary in texture from sandy to rocky.

If present in the project area, the Texas horned lizard could be impacted by ground disturbing activities from construction. A useful indication that the Texas horned lizard may occupy the site is the presence of harvester ant (*Pogonomyrmex barbatus*) mounds since harvester ants are the primary food source of Texas horned lizards. Texas horned lizards may hibernate on-site in loose soils a few inches below ground during the cool months from September/October to March/April. Construction in these areas could harm hibernating lizards. Horned lizards are active above ground when temperatures exceed 75 degrees Fahrenheit. If horned lizards (nesting, gravid females, newborn young, lethargic from cool temperatures or hibernation) cannot move away from noise and approaching construction equipment in time, they could be affected by construction activities.

**Recommendation:** TPWD recommends implementing the following BMPs to assist in minimizing potential impacts to the Texas horned lizard. Implementing the following BMPs could also help minimize impacts to a variety of native wildlife species that may inhabit the project area:

Contractor Training for Protected Species – TPWD recommends providing training for project contractors prior to the construction of the proposed project. Wildlife training should consist of identification of Texas horned lizards and their primary food source (harvester ants), and the proper protocol to avoid impact if a Texas horned lizard or other rare or protected species is encountered. TPWD recommends instructing contractors to avoid impacts to harvester ant mounds where feasible. TPWD understands that ant mounds in the direct path of

Mr. Bruce Mack Page 6 of 12 August 3, 2021

construction would be difficult to avoid, but contractors should be mindful of these areas when deciding where to place project specific locations and other disturbances associated with construction.

Biological Monitor – TPWD recommends that a permitted biologist be onsite during construction activities, especially during site clearing and trenching, to look for protected species, advise the construction crews on appropriate action if horned lizards are observed, and relocate any protected individuals that are in imminent harm. Biologists must be authorized to handle horned lizards and other state-listed species. If a biological monitor cannot be on-site during construction, site personnel should be trained for encounters with protected species and a qualified biologist should be notified of the siting and consulted on appropriate action.

Horned Lizard Encounters – If Texas horned lizards are encountered, they should be avoided and allowed to leave the project area on their own. If a horned lizard must be relocated, TPWD recommends relocating them offsite to an area that is close-by and contains similar habitat. TPWD recommends that any translocations of reptiles be the minimum distance possible no greater than one mile, preferably within 100 to 200 yards from the initial encounter location. After horned lizard removal, the area that will be disturbed during active construction and project specific locations should be fenced off to exclude horned lizards and other reptiles.

The exclusion fence should be constructed and maintained as follows:

- The exclusion fence should be constructed with metal flashing or drift fence material. Rolled erosion control mesh material should not be used.
- The exclusion fence should be buried at least 6 inches deep and be at least 24 inches high.
- The exclusion fence should be maintained for the life of the project and only removed after the construction is completed and the disturbed site has been revegetated with site-specific native species.

Speed Limits – TPWD recommends reducing speed limits in the project area to at least 15 mph to help prevent vehicle-induced mortality of this species.

Work During Cold Weather – If construction activities take place during cold weather, it is recommended that construction personnel stay observant of activities that may harm the Texas horned lizard, such as disruption of burrows. In cold weather, this species will use burrows or pallets near the base of vegetation for shelter. Their slow metabolism in cold weather can reduce movements, restricting their ability to flee from danger.

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Trenches – To avoid direct harm to state-listed species and other wildlife that may occur in the project area, TPWD recommends that any open trenches or excavation areas be covered overnight and/or inspected every morning to ensure no Texas horned lizards or other wildlife have been trapped. For open trenches and excavated pits, install escape ramps at an angle of less than 45 degrees (1:1) in areas left uncovered. Also, inspect excavation areas for trapped wildlife prior to refilling. As previously mentioned, if state-listed species are trapped in trenches, they should be removed by personnel permitted by TPWD to handle state-listed species.

No Kill Wildlife Policy – TPWD recommends implementing a "No Kill Wildlife Policy" during the construction and operation of the site. This policy prevents inadvertently killing protected species that may be mistaken for common species.

## **Species of Greatest Conservation Need**

In addition to state and federally-protected species, TPWD tracks Species of Greatest Conservation Need (SGCN) and other special features and natural communities that are not listed as threatened or endangered. These species and communities are tracked in the Texas Natural Diversity Database (TXNDD), and TPWD actively promotes their conservation. TPWD considers it important to evaluate and, if necessary, minimize impacts to SGCN and their habitat to reduce the likelihood of endangerment and preclude the need to list as threatened or endangered in the future.

Wheeler's spurge (Chamaesyce geyeri var wheeleriana)

There is one TXNDD record for Wheeler's spurge located within the project area. This species is found on sparingly vegetated, loose eolian quartz sand on reddish sand dunes or coppice mounds. The Wheeler's spurge flowers and fruits at least August through September, but probably earlier and later as well.

**Recommendation:** TPWD recommends that the area proposed for disturbance be surveyed for Wheeler's spurge where suitable habitat is present. Field surveys should be performed by a qualified biologist familiar with the identification of this species. Surveys should be conducted when this species is most detectable and identifiable (usually during the flowering period), and disturbance should be avoided during construction to the extent feasible. If Wheeler's spurge is found in the path of construction, this office should be contacted for further coordination and possible salvage of plants and/or seeds for seed banking. Plants not in the direct path of construction should be protected by markers or fencing and by instructing construction crews to avoid any harm.

Western box turtle (Terrapene ornata)

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There are several research-grade iNaturalist observations for the western box turtle located within El Paso County, with the closest observation located approximately 2.7 miles from the project area. The western box turtle occurs throughout Texas, typically in open habitats such as prairie grasslands, pastures, fields, sandhills, and open woodlands. Adults have a home-range size of approximately 6 to 14 acres. This species is active spring through fall with courtship and mating occurring primarily in the spring. For shelter, they burrow into soil (e.g., under plants such as yucca) or enter burrows made by other species. Eggs are laid in nests dug in soft well-drained soil in open areas. Western box turtles are threatened by habitat loss and fragmentation, vehicle strikes on roads, and collection for the pet trade and food markets. The project area may provide suitable habitat for this species.

Roundtail horned lizard (*Phrynosoma modestum*)

There are several research-grade iNaturalist observations for the roundtail horned lizard located within El Paso County. This species seems to prefer rocky or gravelly substrates in open areas that are sparsely vegetated. The project area may provide suitable habitat for this species.

Gray-checkered whiptail (Aspidoscelis dixoni)

There are several research-grade iNaturalist observations for the gray-checkered whiptail located within El Paso County, with the closest observation located approximately 4.2 miles from the project area. This species inhabits rocky plains, dry washes, canyon bottoms, and desert scrub (ocotillo, creosotebush, opuntia). The project area may provide suitable habitat for this species.

Western rattlesnake (*Crotalus viridis*)

There are several research-grade iNaturalist observations for the western rattlesnake located within El Paso County, with the closest observation located approximately 2.1 miles from the project area, within Fort Bliss. The western rattlesnake inhabits grasslands, both desert and prairie, as well as shrub desert rocky hillsides. This species can also be found at the edges of arid and semi-arid river breaks. The project area may provide suitable habitat for this species.

Western massasauga (Sistrurus tergeminus)

The proposed project is located within the known range of the western massasauga. The western massasauga is common in gently rolling prairies occasionally broken by creek valleys or rocky hillsides. The project area may provide suitable habitat for this species.

Chihuahuan Desert lyre snake (*Trimorphodon vilkinsonii*)

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The proposed project is located within the known range of the Chihuahuan Desert lyre snake. This species is mostly crevice-dwelling in predominantly limestone-surfaced desert northwest of the Rio Grande from Big Bend to the Franklin Mountains. This species also occurs in desert flats, succulent and scrub, and mountain canyons to about 6,000 feet. The project area may provide suitable habitat for this species.

**Recommendations:** TPWD recommends implementing the following BMPs to minimize impacts to the above-listed terrestrial reptile SGCN.

- As previously stated, TPWD recommends the use of no-till drilling, hydromulching and/or hydroseeding due to a reduced risk to wildlife. If erosion control blankets or mats will be used, the product should not contain netting, but if it must contain netting it should contain loosely woven, natural fiber netting in which the mesh design allows the threads to move, therefore allowing expansion of the mesh openings. TPWD recommends avoiding the use of plastic mesh matting.
- As previously stated, for open trenches and excavated pits, install escape ramps at an angle of less than 45 degrees (1:1) in areas left uncovered. Visually inspect excavation areas for trapped wildlife prior to backfilling.
- Identify locations of burrows on the project site and avoid impacts to burrows if feasible.
- TPWD recommends that any translocations of reptiles be the minimum distance possible no greater than one mile, preferably within 100 to 200 yards from the initial encounter location.
- Inform contractors that if reptiles are found on the project site allow species to safely leave the project area.
- Avoid or minimize disturbing or removing downed trees, rotting stumps, and leaf litter where feasible.
- Contractors should be advised of potential occurrence in the project area, and to avoid harming these species if encountered.
- Due to increased activity (mating) of reptiles during the spring, construction activities like clearing or grading should attempt to be scheduled outside of the spring (April-May) season. Also, timing ground disturbing activities before October when reptiles become less active and may be using burrows in the project area is also encouraged.
- When designing roads or parking areas with curbs, consider using Type I or Type III curbs to provide a gentle slope to enable turtles and small animals to get out of roadways.

**Recommendation:** Because snakes are generally perceived as a threat and killed when encountered, and since the project area contains suitable habitat for the western massasauga, Chihuahuan Desert lyre snake, and western rattlesnake, TPWD recommends construction personnel and contractors be advised to avoid injury or harm to all snakes encountered during clearing and construction. Injury to humans usually occurs when the snake becomes agitated

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following harassment or when someone attempts to handle a recently dead venomous snake that still contains its bite reflex. Therefore, contractors should avoid contact with snakes if encountered and allow all native snakes to safely leave the premises.

Western burrowing owl (Athene cunicularia hypugaea)

There are several eBird (www.ebird.org) observations for the western burrowing owl located within El Paso County, including an observation located approximately 1.0 mile from the project area, within Fort Bliss. There are several research-grade iNaturalist observations for the western burrowing owl located within El Paso County, with the closest observation located approximately 2.3 miles from the project area, within Fort Bliss. TPWD also notes that data provided to TPWD from the Fort Bliss Military Base indicates a burrowing owl observation located approximately 2.7 miles from the project area.

The western burrowing owl is a ground-dwelling owl that uses the burrows of prairie dogs and other fossorial animals for nesting and roosting. When natural burrows are limited, this species will breed in urban habitats which may lead to problems for the owls or their young. The owls opportunistically live and nest in road and railway rights-of-way, parking lots, baseball fields, school yards, golf courses, and airports. They have also been found nesting on campuses, in storm drains, drainage pipes, and cement culverts, on banks, along irrigation canals, under asphalt or wood debris piles, or openings under concrete pilings or asphalt. The burrowing owl is protected under the MBTA, and take of these birds, their nests, and eggs is prohibited. Potential impacts to the burrowing owl could include habitat removal as well as displacement and/or destruction of nests and eggs if ground disturbance occurs during the breeding season. The project area may provide suitable habitat for this species.

Recommendation: TPWD recommends avoiding disturbance of mammal burrows or other suitable habitat during the construction of the proposed project. As previously mentioned, TPWD recommends conducting project activities outside the breeding season (March 15 to September 15). Nesting areas and burrows should be protected from intensive disturbance during incubation. Excavation of an active nest burrow may destroy eggs, young owls, or even adults and is violation of the MBTA. If nesting owls are found inhabiting the project area, disturbance should be avoided until the eggs have hatched and the young have fledged. TPWD also recommends advising contractors of the potential for this species to occur in the project area year-round, and to avoid harming this species and their nests/burrows if encountered.

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Kit fox (*Vulpes macrotis*)

There is one TXNDD record for the kit fox located approximately 1.0 mile from the project area. This species primarily inhabits open desert, shrubby or shrub-grass habitat. The project area may provide suitable habitat for the kit fox.

**Recommendation:** If the kit fox is encountered during construction, TPWD recommends that precautions be taken to avoid direct or indirect impacts to this species or their dens.

#### **Evaluation of SGCN**

TPWD notes that it is the responsibility of the project proponent to evaluate all of the species listed on the TPWD Rare, Threatened, and Endangered Species of Texas by County online application (RTEST or TPWD county list), not just state and federally-listed species, and to determine if those species have habitat within the project area and if those species have the potential to be impacted by the construction of the proposed project.

**Recommendation:** Please review the TPWD county list for El Paso County because species in addition to those discussed in this letter could be present within the project area depending upon habitat availability. TPWD recommends including a discussion and evaluation of potential impacts to SGCN (in addition to state-listed and federally-listed species) in the EA for this project. The USFWS should be contacted for species occurrence data, guidance, permitting, survey protocols, and mitigation for federally-listed species.

Determining the actual presence of a species in a given area depends on many variables including daily and seasonal activity cycles, environmental activity cues, preferred habitat, transiency and population density (both wildlife and human). The absence of a species can be demonstrated only with great difficulty and then only with repeated negative observations, considering all the variable factors contributing to the lack of detectable presence. If encountered during construction, measures should be taken to avoid impacting all wildlife, regardless of listing status.

## **Texas Natural Diversity Database**

The TXNDD is intended to assist users in avoiding harm to rare species or significant ecological features. Given the small proportion of public versus private land in Texas, the TXNDD does not include a representative inventory of rare resources in the state. Absence of information in the database does not imply that a species is absent from that area. Although it is based on the best data available to TPWD regarding rare species, the data from the TXNDD do not provide a definitive statement as to the presence, absence or condition of special species,

Mr. Bruce Mack Page 12 of 12 August 3, 2021

natural communities, or other significant features within your project area. These data are not inclusive and cannot be used as presence/absence data. They represent species that could potentially be in your project area. This information cannot be substituted for field surveys.

**Recommendation:** The TXNDD is updated continuously based on new, updated and undigitized records; therefore, TPWD recommends requesting the most recent TXNDD data on a regular basis. For questions regarding a record or to request the most recent data, please contact TexasNatural.DiversityDatabase@tpwd.texas.gov.

**Recommendation:** To aid in the scientific knowledge of a species' status and current range, TPWD encourages project proponents and their contractors report all encounters of SGCN, state-listed, and federally-listed species to the TXNDD according to the data submittal instructions found on the TXNDD website.

TPWD strives to respond to requests for project review within a 45-day comment period. Responses may be delayed due to workload and lack of staff. Failure to meet the 45-day review timeframe does not constitute a concurrence from TPWD that the proposed project will not adversely impact fish and wildlife resources.

TPWD appreciates the opportunity to provide comments and recommendations for this project. If you have any questions, please contact me at (512) 389-8054 or Jessica.Schmerler@tpwd.texas.gov.

Sincerely,

Jessica Schmerler

Jessica E. Schmerler, CWB Wildlife Habitat Assessment Program Wildlife Division

JES:46875

Draft EA: El Paso VA HCC June 2022 B.4 Texas Historical Commission Correspondence

# Jesse Byrd

**To:** Mack, Bruce G. (CFM) **Subject:** FW: Section 106 Submission

From: noreply@thc.state.tx.us <noreply@thc.state.tx.us>

**Sent:** Monday, May 9, 2022 12:32 PM

**To:** Amanda Cohen <a href="mailto:reviews@thc.state.tx.us">; reviews@thc.state.tx.us</a>

Subject: Section 106 Submission





#### TEXAS HISTORICAL COMMISSION

real places telling real stories

EXTERNAL: This email originated from outside SWCA. Please use caution when replying.

Re: Project Review under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act

**THC Tracking #202208986** 

**Date:** 05/09/2022

El Paso Veterans Affairs Health Care Center

Fort Bliss El Paso,TX

**Description:** The U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) is initiating Section 106 consultation for the proposed construction of a new health care center (HCC) located on Fort Bliss in El Paso County, Texas.

#### Dear Amanda Cohen:

Thank you for your submittal regarding the above-referenced project. This response represents the comments of the State Historic Preservation Officer, the Executive Director of the Texas Historical Commission (THC), pursuant to review under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act.

The review staff, led by Caitlin Brashear and Drew Sitters, has completed its review and has made the following determinations based on the information submitted for review:

#### **Above-Ground Resources**

• No historic properties are present or affected by the project as proposed. However, if historic properties are discovered or unanticipated effects on historic properties are found, work should cease in the immediate area; work can continue where no historic properties are present. Please contact the THC's History Programs Division at 512-463-5853 to consult on further actions that may be necessary to protect historic properties.

# **Archeology Comments**

- No historic properties affected. However, if cultural materials are encountered during construction or disturbance activities, work should cease in the immediate area; work can continue where no cultural materials are present. Please contact the THC's Archeology Division at 512-463-6096 to consult on further actions that may be necessary to protect the cultural remains.
- THC/SHPO concurs with information provided.

This response has been sent through the electronic THC review and compliance system (eTRAC). Submitting your project via eTRAC eliminates mailing delays and allows you to check the status of the review, receive an electronic response, and generate reports on your submissions. For more information, visit <a href="http://thc.texas.gov/etrac-system">http://thc.texas.gov/etrac-system</a>.

Sincerely,

for Mark Wolfe, State Historic Preservation Officer Executive Director, Texas Historical Commission

Please do not respond to this email.

# Jesse Byrd

From: Yduarte, Martha CIV USARMY IMCOM CENTRAL (USA) <martha.yduarte.civ@army.mil>

**Sent:** Monday, April 4, 2022 12:14 PM

To: Mulvey, Kelly A CIV USARMY IMCOM (USA); Guerrero, Myra CIV USARMY ID-

**READINESS (USA)** 

**Cc:** Mack, Bruce G. (CFM); Abreu, Hector M.; Sara Schulkowski; Jesse Byrd **Subject:** FW: [Non-DoD Source] Section 106 Submission (UNCLASSIFIED)

#### **CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED**

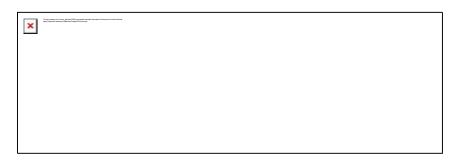
Consultation email response for the Sanitary Sewage Line for VA HCC below:

From: noreply@thc.state.tx.us <noreply@thc.state.tx.us>

Sent: Thursday, March 31, 2022 9:38 AM

To: Yduarte, Martha CIV USARMY IMCOM CENTRAL (USA) <martha.yduarte.civ@army.mil>; reviews@thc.state.tx.us

Subject: [Non-DoD Source] Section 106 Submission



**Re:** Project Review under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act

**THC Tracking #202207552** 

**Date:** 03/31/2022

Sanitary Sewage Line for VA HCC Fort Bliss - Purple Heart Hwy

El Paso, TX 79916

**Description:** Sanitary sewer line associated with the proposed construction of a VA Health Clinic on Fort Bliss, Texas (Track # 202206137)

### Dear Martha Yduarte:

Thank you for your submittal regarding the above-referenced project. This response represents the comments of the State Historic Preservation Officer, the Executive Director of the Texas Historical Commission (THC), pursuant to review under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act.

The review staff, led by Drew Sitters, has completed its review and has made the following determinations based on the information submitted for review:

#### **Archeology Comments**

• No historic properties affected. However, if cultural materials are encountered during construction or disturbance activities, work should cease in the immediate area; work can continue where no cultural

materials are present. Please contact the THC's Archeology Division at 512-463-6096 to consult on further actions that may be necessary to protect the cultural remains.

- THC/SHPO concurs with information provided.
- Property/properties are not eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.

We look forward to further consultation with your office and hope to maintain a partnership that will foster effective historic preservation. Thank you for your cooperation in this review process, and for your efforts to preserve the irreplaceable heritage of Texas. If the project changes, or if new historic properties are found, please contact the review staff. If you have any questions concerning our review or if we can be of further assistance, please email the following reviewers: <a href="mailto:drew.sitters@thc.texas.gov">drew.sitters@thc.texas.gov</a>.

This response has been sent through the electronic THC review and compliance system (eTRAC). Submitting your project via eTRAC eliminates mailing delays and allows you to check the status of the review, receive an electronic response, and generate reports on your submissions. For more information, visit <a href="http://thc.texas.gov/etrac-system">http://thc.texas.gov/etrac-system</a>.

Sincerely,



for Mark Wolfe, State Historic Preservation Officer Executive Director, Texas Historical Commission

Please do not respond to this email.

CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED



Re: Project Review under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act

**THC Tracking #202207095** 

Date: 03/22/2022 Fort Bliss

Intersection of Highway 375 and 601 in Fort Bliss

El Paso,TX

**Description:** On behalf of the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA), and as a sub-consultant to LRS Federal, SWCA Environmental Consultants (SWCA) conducted an intensive archaeological survey of the proposed

#### Dear Alissa Healy:

Thank you for your submittal regarding the above-referenced project. This response represents the comments of the State Historic Preservation Officer, the Executive Director of the Texas Historical Commission (THC), pursuant to review under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act.

The review staff, led by Caitlin Brashear and Drew Sitters, has completed its review and has made the following determinations based on the information submitted for review:

## Archeology Comments

- No historic properties affected. However, if cultural materials are encountered during construction or disturbance activities, work should cease in the immediate area; work can continue where no cultural materials are present. Please contact the THC's Archeology Division at 512-463-6096 to consult on further actions that may be necessary to protect the cultural remains.
- THC/SHPO concurs with information provided.

We look forward to further consultation with your office and hope to maintain a partnership that will foster effective historic preservation. Thank you for your cooperation in this review process, and for your efforts to preserve the irreplaceable heritage of Texas. If the project changes, or if new historic properties are found, please contact the review staff. If you have any questions concerning our review or if we can be of further assistance, please email the following reviewers: caitlin.brashear@thc.texas.gov, drew.sitters@thc.texas.gov.

This response has been sent through the electronic THC review and compliance system (eTRAC). Submitting your project via eTRAC eliminates mailing delays and allows you to check the status of the review, receive an electronic response, and generate reports on your submissions. For more information, visit <a href="http://thc.texas.gov/etrac-system">http://thc.texas.gov/etrac-system</a>.

Sincerely,

for Mark Wolfe, State Historic Preservation Officer Executive Director, Texas Historical Commission

Please do not respond to this email.

Re: Project Review under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act

**THC Tracking #202112107** 

**Date:** 07/27/2021

Proposed Health Clinic at Fort Bliss, TX

Description: Project Correspondence - Notice of Scoping and Stakeholder Involvement

Dear Department of Veteran Affairs:

Thank you for your submittal regarding the above-referenced project. This response represents the comments of the State Historic Preservation Officer, the Executive Director of the Texas Historical Commission (THC), pursuant to review under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act.

The review staff, led by Caitlin Brashear, Drew Sitters, has completed its review and has made the following determinations based on the information submitted for review:

# **Archeology Comments**

• Archeological sites are to be avoided and protected from project impacts.

We have the following comments: Portions of the Area of Consideration have been previously evaluated for cultural resources resulting in the documentation of roughly 25 archeological sites. Of these, 11 were deemed ineligible for inclusion on the National Register of Historic Places, seven lack an eligibility determination (41EP2682, 2683, 2685, 2686, 2709, 5768, and 5955), and no information is available for two of the sites (41EP1150 and 41EP1151). Sites 41EP1146, 1147,1148, and 2684 were deemed undetermined, while 41EP6001 is considered eligible for inclusion in the NRHP. Therefore, the proposed undertaking should consider its potential effects on, and avoid impacts to, those sites with unknown and undetermined eligibility, as well as to site 41EP6001. If avoidance is not possible, additional consultation with the Texas Historical Commission will be required. Regarding above-ground resources, there are no known historic resources within the Area of Consideration. However, any resources 45-years of age or older located within the proposed project area will need to be identified, evaluated for listing in the National Register of Historic Places, and any Eligible resources will need to be assessed for effects by the proposed project.

We look forward to further consultation with your office and hope to maintain a partnership that will foster effective historic preservation. Thank you for your cooperation in this review process, and for your efforts to preserve the irreplaceable heritage of Texas. If the project changes, or if new historic properties are found, please contact the review staff. If you have any questions concerning our review or if we can be of further assistance, please email the following reviewers: <a href="mailto:caitlin.brashear@thc.texas.gov">caitlin.brashear@thc.texas.gov</a>, <a href="mailto:drewsitters@thc.texas.gov">drew.sitters@thc.texas.gov</a>.

This response has been sent through the electronic THC review and compliance system (eTRAC). Submitting your project via eTRAC eliminates mailing delays and allows you to check the status of the review, receive an electronic response, and generate reports on your submissions. For more information, visit <a href="http://thc.texas.gov/etrac-system">http://thc.texas.gov/etrac-system</a>.

Sincerely,

Mark Wolfe, State Historic Preservation Officer Executive Director, Texas Historical Commission

Draft EA: EI Paso VA HCC June 2022

# C Appendix C: Traffic Study



CASTIL

BRIAN

# Memo

To: Sara Schulkowski, LRS Federal LLC

**From:** Brian Castille, P.E., PTOE, Project Manager - Traffic

**Date:** May 4, 2022

**Re:** Fort Bliss VA Health Care Center TIA (July 2021)

5/4/22

There has been an additional request from the VA to document the average daily traffic (ADT) volume increase (%) resulting from the construction and operation of the new HCC. The VA's regulation for a significant impact is, "an increase in average daily traffic volume of at least 20 percent on access roads to the Site or the major roadway network."

In Table 4-5 of the report, the 2027 No Build AM and PM Peak Hour volumes are shown at the study intersections (8 total). In Table 4-7 of the report, the 2027 Full Build Out AM and PM Peak Hour volumes are shown at the same 8 study intersections. In order to convert these hourly volumes to an ADT, the highest peak hour volume was paired with an assumed 0.10 k-factor to calculate an assumed ADT.

For these 8 intersections, the volumes were combined and percents were calculated as followed to gauge the impact to the study area:

#### No Build:

AM Peak Hour Volume	PM Peak Hour Volume	Assumed ADT (with 0.10 k-factor)
7,467	6,223	77,280

#### Full Build Out:

AM Peak Hour Volume	PM Peak Hour Volume	Assumed ADT (with 0.10 k-factor)		
8,667	7,294	89,280		

#### Percent Change:

AM Peak Hour %	PM Peak Hour Volume	Assumed ADT (with		
Change in Volume	% Change in Volume	0.10 k-factor)		
16.1%	17.2%	15.5%		

Based on the information above, it is not anticipated to reach the 20 percent threshold.



# Memo

To:

Sara Schulkowski, Environmental Engineer, LRS Federal LLC

From:

Mike Miranda, P.E., PTOE, Project Manager - Traffic

Date:

October 8, 2021

Re:

Fort Bliss VA Health Care Center TIA (July 2021) - Correction to Table 4-8

A correction memo is being issued in response to the email received on October 4, 2021, asking for clarification on the PM level of service (LOS) shown on Table 4-8 (page 16 of the report) for the intersection of Loop 375 and Spur 601.

As stated in an email reply sent on October 8, 2021, please note that there was a typo for the PM intersection LOS (for the above-referenced intersection) shown as LOS "A". The correct LOS should have been shown as LOS "F", keeping in line with the projected LOS for the other scenarios analyzed.

The applicable section of Table 4-8 is shown below (typo is highlighted in yellow) for your convenience:

Loop 375 (Pu	rple He	art Bo	ulevard)	North	bound 1	Frontage	e Road	(NBFR)	& Spu	r 601 (	Liberty	Expres	sway)*
AM Existing	817.5	20.6	5.3	-	-	-	-	12.3	-	-	39.8	3.3	673.9
AW Existing	F	С	Α	-		-	-	В	-		D	A	F
PM Existing	313.7	37.6	6.2	-	-	-	-	3.8	-	-	109.8	9.6	178.9
Pivi Existing	F	D	Α	-	-		-	A	-	4	F	A	A
	7	Law 275 (Dunnal Hand Bankayand) aggregated (North) & Juan Madies Duine											

# **U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs**



# Fort Bliss Veterans Affairs Health Care Center Traffic Impact Analysis

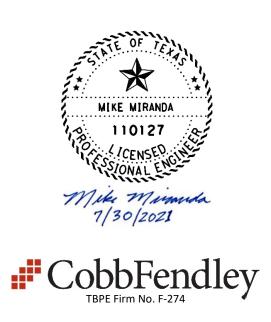
**July 2021** 

# Prepared for:

U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs
Office of Construction and Facilities Management

# Prepared by:

LRS Federal LLC (via CobbFendley)



# **Executive Summary**

Cobb, Fendley & Associates, Inc. was asked to perform a traffic impact analysis (TIA) for the proposed Fort Bliss Veterans Affairs Health Care Center (VA HCC), located in El Paso, Texas. The proposed facility would consist of an approximately 500,000-square-foot (Sq. Ft.) VA health care center located on an approximately 30-acre site, plus minor real estate to support utilities, support services, and parking on the Fort Bliss Garrison adjacent to and southeast of the new William Beaumont Army Medical Center (WBAMC) on Fort Bliss.

The development's opening year (full build-out year) is anticipated to be 2027 for the purpose of this analysis. This traffic impact analysis examined the AM and PM Peak Hours for the following scenarios:

- 2021 Existing
- 2027 Opening Year (No Build)
- 2027 Opening Year (Full Build-out)
- 2032 (5 Years After Opening Year)

Intersection delay and level of service (LOS) for existing and future conditions were evaluated using Synchro software to determine the impact of the proposed VA HCC on the intersections within the study area. The Conclusions and Recommendations section of this TIA includes several off-site traffic mitigation measures that could potentially be considered to minimize the impacts of the proposed VA HCC traffic on each of the study intersections.

Because there was no detailed site plan available at the time that this TIA was being completed, items that are typically included in an access management analysis (such as access point spacing, and the need for auxiliary lanes and channelization measures) could not be evaluated. The proposed VA HCC is anticipated to be served by the two existing access control points (ACPs). Both ACPs are located on roadways internal to Fort Bliss (not a part of the TxDOT system), therefore there are no existing or proposed facilities that fall within applicability for compliance with TxDOT *Access Management Manual* access management criteria.

A vehicular queuing analysis was completed for the two existing ACPs. The north ACP is located east of the intersection of Constitution Avenue and Iron Dustoff Drive and currently has two lanes. The south ACP is located on the north side of Iron Medics Drive directly south of the proposed VA HCC site and currently has three lanes. The north ACP is projected to carry approximately 40% of the VA HCC's generated trips, and the south ACP is projected to carry approximately 60% of the VA HCC's generated trips. This uneven trip distribution was selected because the north ACP serves as the commercial vehicle access point, and the south ACP has a visitor control center. Projected peak hour volumes for the 2027 Opening Year (Full Build-out) scenario were used to analyze the ability of the existing lanes at each ACP to handle traffic loads, and to determine how many additional lanes would be required, if any, at each ACP, based on traffic projections. The results of the queuing analysis show that the exiting number of lanes can handle the projected traffic for the WBAMC and the VA HCC, if both lanes are operating at the north ACP, and at least two lanes (out of three) are operating at the south ACP during the AM peak. To minimize delays, it is recommended that all lanes at each ACP remain in operation during the AM peak.

Parking generation calculations were performed using two methods: the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) *Parking Generation Manual*, 5th edition, and the City of El Paso's parking requirements. The calculated parking demand of 1,114 spaces (from the ITE *Parking Generation Manual*) falls between the 869 minimum and 1,250 maximum parking spaces (from the City of El Paso's parking requirements). The proposed VA HCC is anticipated to have approximately 1,500 surface parking spaces. The proposed 1,500 parking spaces should be sufficient since the proposed number of parking spaces is well above the calculated parking requirements. Based on the City of El Paso's parking requirements, approximately 18 accessible parking stalls would be required based on the minimum number of parking spaces (869). Of

those 18 accessible parking stalls, at least 3 would be required to be van-accessible parking stalls. Similarly, approximately 23 accessible parking stalls would be required based on the maximum number of parking spaces (1,250). Of those 23 accessible parking stalls, at least 4 would be required to be van-accessible parking stalls. Based on the proposed VA HCC land use, it is recommended that more accessible (and van-accessible) parking stalls be provided rather than simply aiming to comply with the City of El Paso's minimum requirements.

Typically, the internal site circulation of a proposed development is analyzed for safety and efficiency as part of a TIA. Because a detailed site plan was not available at the time that this TIA report was completed, the internal site circulation was only analyzed for the existing roadways within the study area that will serve the proposed VA HCC. The proposed VA HCC site is located immediately east of the existing WBAMC. The WBAMC has an existing internal roadway network that ultimately connects to the existing ACPs along Iron Medics Drive (to the south) and along Iron Dustoff Drive (to the northwest). Without a detailed site plan, it can only be projected that traffic for the VA HCC will use the existing perimeter road that surrounds all the existing parking lots for the WBAMC. When designing new access connections to an existing roadway, it is recommended to align the new access connections to existing roadways or aisles, or to off-set the access connections, to minimize the number of vehicular conflict points. The existing WBAMC parking lot has multiple internal roadways that could potentially be used to aid in the placement selection of proposed aisles and internal roadways during the design of a detailed site plan for the VA HCC.

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# **Acronyms and Abbreviations**

AADT average annual daily traffic

ACP access control point

AM morning

CNBD could not be determined COVID-19 corona virus disease 2019

DDI diverging diamond interchange

EBFR eastbound frontage road

GFA gross floor area
HCC health care center

HCM Highway Capacity Manual

ITE Institute of Transportation Engineers

LOS level of service
MPH miles per hour

MTP Major Thoroughfare Plan NBFR northbound frontage road

PM afternoon

s/veh seconds per vehicle

SBFR southbound frontage road

Sq. Ft. square feet (area)

TIA traffic impact analysis
TMCs turning movement counts

TxDOT Texas Department of Transportation
VA U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs

WBAMC William Beaumont Army Medical Center

WBFR westbound frontage road

# 1.0 Introduction

Cobb, Fendley & Associates, Inc. was asked to perform a traffic impact analysis (TIA) for the proposed Fort Bliss Veterans Affairs Health Care Center (VA HCC), located in El Paso, Texas. The proposed facility would consist of an approximately 500,000-square-foot (Sq. Ft.) VA HCC located on an approximately 30-acre site, plus minor real estate to support utilities, support services, and parking on the Fort Bliss Garrison adjacent to and southeast of the new William Beaumont Army Medical Center (WBAMC) on Fort Bliss.

The development's opening year (full build-out year) is anticipated to be 2027 for the purpose of this analysis. This traffic impact analysis examined the AM and PM Peak Hours for the following scenarios:

- 2021 Existing
- 2027 Opening Year (No Build)
- 2027 Opening Year (Full Build-out)
- 2032 (5 Years After Opening Year)

The site is located on the south side of Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) near Iron Medics Drive, within Fort Bliss in El Paso, Texas. The project vicinity map is shown below in **Figure 1-1**.



Figure 1-1. Project Vicinity Map

The purpose of this report is to summarize the traffic impacts of the proposed development upon the surrounding roadways and intersections. A trip generation analysis was performed to estimate the anticipated number of trips resulting from the construction of the VA HCC. The generated traffic was added to the future projected volumes to provide an estimate of future traffic demand in the vicinity of the proposed development.

# 2.0 Study Area

The TIA study area was determined based on the City of El Paso Code of Ordinances, Section 19.18.030 – Criteria for determining traffic impact analysis requirements. This ordinance states that for developments projected to generate 501-1000 Peak Hour Trips (see **Table 3-4** on page 7), the TIA study area shall include, the frontage of the property, all access points (including common access), and all intersections within a **1-mile radius** of the proposed development. The City of El Paso Code of Ordinances, Chapter 19.18 – Traffic Impact Analysis is provided in **Appendix A**.

## 2.1 Site Observations

Authorization was obtained from Fort Bliss for CobbFendley staff to make a site visit to take photographs of the approaches for each of the intersections within the study area. The photographs are included in **Appendix B**.

The proposed VA HCC will be located directly adjacent to (and east of) the new WBAMC on Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) within Fort Bliss, in El Paso, TX.

Figure 2-1 is a view of the undeveloped site from Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard).



Figure 2-1. View of the site looking southwest from Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard)

# 2.1.1 Roadways

The City of El Paso's Major Thoroughfare Plan (MTP) designates both Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) and Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) as Freeways/Expressways. The other roadways within the vicinity of the project site are not classified in the MTP. A map showing the City of El Paso's MTP layers in the vicinity of the project site can be found in **Appendix C**.

# 2.1.1.1 Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway)

Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) runs east/west along the north side of the project vicinity. The Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) mainlanes have a posted speed limit of 60 MPH and are comprised of two (2) lanes of traffic in each direction, separated by a concrete traffic barrier, with paved shoulders (inside and outside) and continuous roadway lighting. The Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) frontage roads (that serve Constitution Avenue) do not have posted speed limit signs and are comprised of two (2) lanes of traffic in each direction, with paved shoulders (inside and outside) and approach/departure roadway lighting. The Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) mainlanes merge with the frontage roads east of Constitution Avenue and result in three (3) lanes of traffic in each direction with a posted speed limit of 50 MPH, paved shoulders (inside and outside), and continuous roadway lighting. Spur 601 ends at the intersection with Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard), where the roadway continues east as Liberty Expressway (not a part of the state highway system).

# 2.1.1.2 Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard)

Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) runs primarily north/south along the east side of the project vicinity. The Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) mainlanes have a posted speed limit of 65 MPH and are comprised of two (2) lanes of traffic in each direction, separated by a wide, flush median containing high-tension cable barrier, with paved shoulders (inside and outside), and continuous roadway lighting. The Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) frontage roads (that serve Spur 601) do not have posted speed limit signs and are comprised of two (2) lanes of traffic in each direction, with paved shoulders (inside and outside) and approach/departure roadway lighting. The Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) mainlanes run on an overpass above the Spur 601 lanes.

#### 2.1.1.3 Constitution Avenue

Constitution Avenue runs primarily east/west along the northwest side of the project vicinity. Constitution Avenue has a posted speed limit of 35 MPH and is comprised of two (2) lanes of traffic in each direction, separated by a wide, raised median, with bike lanes, and continuous roadway lighting. To the west, Constitution Avenue has a 90-degree bend, where it briefly runs north/south and intersects with Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway). To the east, Constitution Avenue terminates at Iron Dustoff Drive. There is an existing entrance/exit along the north side of Constitution Avenue in alignment with Iron Dustoff Drive for a parking lot that does not appear to be associated with any current buildings. There are currently no other existing access points in use along Constitution Avenue.

#### 2.1.1.4 Iron Dustoff Drive

Iron Dustoff Drive runs north/south along the west side of the project vicinity. Iron Dustoff Drive has a posted speed limit of 35 MPH and is comprised of two (2) lanes of traffic in each direction, separated by a wide, raised median, with no shoulders, and continuous roadway lighting. To the north, Iron Dustoff Drive terminates at Constitution Avenue. To the south, Iron Dustoff Drive terminates at the intersection with Iron Medics Drive. There is an existing access control point (ACP) along the east side of Iron Dustoff Drive in alignment with Constitution Avenue. There is what appears to be a construction/service entrance along the east side of Iron Dustoff Drive, approximately 400 feet south of the existing ACP. There are currently no other existing access points in use along Iron Dustoff Drive.

#### 2.1.1.5 Iron Medics Drive

Iron Medics Drive runs primarily east/west along the south side of the project vicinity. Iron Medics Drive has a posted speed limit of 35 MPH and is comprised of two (2) lanes of traffic in each direction, separated by a wide, raised median, with no shoulders, and continuous roadway lighting. To the east, Iron Medics Drive connects to the Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) frontage roads via an overpass and jug handle-type designs for the frontage roads. To the west, Iron Medics Drive terminates at the intersection with Iron Dustoff Drive. There is an existing ACP along the north side of Iron Medics Drive, immediately south of the proposed project site. There are currently no other existing access points in use along Iron Medics Drive. It should be noted that during the site visit, the eastern end of Iron Medics Drive was closed off with chain-link gates and with work zone (type-III) traffic barricades at the junction with the Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) frontage roads.

# 2.1.2 Existing Intersection Control

The intersection of Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) and the Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) frontage roads form an innovative intersection design known as a diverging diamond interchange (DDI). A DDI is a type of interchange that requires traffic on the underpass to briefly drive on the opposite side of the road. The intersection of the Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) frontage roads and Constitution Avenue form a traditional diamond interchange with traffic signal control. The 90-degree bend on Constitution

Avenue operates under all-way stop control. The intersection of Constitution Avenue and Iron Dustoff Drive operates under all-way stop control. The intersection of Iron Dustoff Drive and Iron Medics Drive operates under all-way stop control. The intersections of Iron Medics Drive and the Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) frontage roads operate under one-way stop control.

Because a detailed site plan was not available at the time that this TIA was completed, only site location maps are provided within **Appendix D** showing the proposed project site boundary. The intersections analyzed within the 1-mile study radius are identified in the map.

# 3.0 Traffic Analysis

The TIA analysis periods were also determined based on the City of El Paso Code of Ordinances, Section 19.18.030 – *Criteria for determining traffic impact analysis requirements*, which states that for developments projected to generate 501-1000 Peak Hour Trips, the TIA Analysis Periods shall include the following:

- Existing
- Opening Year
- Full Build-out Year
- 5 Years After Opening Year

The opening year (and full build-out year) for the VA HCC is anticipated to be 2027 for purposes of the TIA. Therefore, the analysis scenarios selected for this TIA will be the four (4) shown in **Table 3-1**.

Table 3-1. Fort Bliss VA HCC TIA Analysis Scenarios

TIA Analysis Scenarios					
2021 Existing					
2027 Opening Year (No Build)					
2027 Opening Year (Full Build-out)					
2032 Future (5 Years After Opening Year)					

#### 3.1 Traffic Volumes

Turning movement counts (TMCs) were collected on a typical day (Tuesday, Wednesday, or Thursday) in April 2021 during the AM (6AM-9AM) and the PM (4PM-7PM) peak periods for the following intersections located within the TIA study area:

- Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) Eastbound Frontage Road and Constitution Avenue
- Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) Westbound Frontage Road and Constitution Avenue
- Constitution Avenue and Iron Dustoff Drive
- Iron Dustoff Drive and Iron Medics Drive
- Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) Southbound Frontage Road and Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) \*
- Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) Northbound Frontage Road and Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) \*
- Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) access road (North) and Iron Medics Drive
- Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) access road (South) and Iron Medics Drive

<sup>\*</sup>Diverging Diamond Interchange

The intersections listed were selected because they fall within the study area (a 1-mile radius of the boundaries of the project site). The map in **Figure 3-1** shows the intersections in relation to the proposed VA HCC. The summary tables and intersection diagrams for the TMCs can be found in **Appendix E**.



Figure 3-1. Map of Intersections for Traffic Counts

# 3.1.1 Peak Hour Determination

The overall AM and PM peak hours to be used for analysis in this TIA were determined from the TMCs collected at the intersections located within the TIA study area. **Table 3-2** shows the AM and PM peak hours for each individual intersection within the study area, as well as the overall AM and PM peak hours used for analysis in this TIA.

Location	AM Peak Hour	PM Peak Hour
Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) Eastbound Frontage Road and Constitution Avenue	6:30-7:30 AM	4:30-5:30 PM
Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) Westbound Frontage Road and Constitution Avenue	6:30-7:30 AM	4:30-5:30 PM
Constitution Avenue and Iron Dustoff Drive	6:30-7:30 AM	4:00-5:00 PM
Iron Dustoff Drive and Iron Medics Drive	7:45-8:45 AM	(CNBD)*

Table 3-2. AM and PM Peak Hour Determination

Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) Southbound Frontage Road and Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway)	7:15-8:15 AM	4:30-5:30 PM
Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) Northbound Frontage Road and Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway)	7:15-8:15 AM	4:45-5:45 PM
Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) access road (North) and Iron Medics Drive	8:00-9:00 AM	4:00-5:00 PM
Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) access road (South) and Iron Medics Drive	7:30-8:30 AM	4:45-5:45 PM
Peak Hours Used for Analysis	6:45-7:45 AM	4:30-5:30 PM

\*(CNBD) = Could not be determined due to low volume during traffic counts.

# 3.1.2 Adjustment Factor to Account for Impacts from COVID-19 Pandemic

The ongoing COVID-19 pandemic has had an inevitable impact on traffic volumes. With social distancing measures and some operating restrictions still in place, schools, businesses, and other places have experienced a reduction in traffic volumes compared to pre-pandemic "typical" traffic volumes. To account for these impacts, an adjustment factor was applied to convert the traffic data collected during the ongoing pandemic to pre-pandemic "typical" traffic volumes.

The traffic counts were collected in April 2021, well after stay-at-home orders were lifted and businesses could start re-opening with limited-to-full capacity, so traffic volumes have continued to normalize. TMCs from October 2019 provided by the City of El Paso (via an open records request) were used to establish pre-pandemic volumes. Based on calculations using the April 2021 TMCs, along with October 2019 TMCs, our assumption was to use an adjustment factor of approximately 1.04 (which assumes that traffic volumes were at approximately 96% of pre-pandemic "typical" traffic volumes when the traffic counts were collected). The COVID-19 adjustment factor calculations can be found in **Appendix F.** 

# 3.1.3 Average Annual Growth Rate

Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) Statewide Planning Map data was used to calculate an average annual growth rate for traffic in the vicinity of the proposed development. Historical average annual daily traffic (AADT) data from the TxDOT map was used to calculate an average yearly growth rate of 2% (from 2014 to 2019; prior year AADT data were outliers). The historical AADT data and the growth rate calculations can be found in **Appendix F**. The annual growth rate was applied to the COVID-19-adjusted 2021 Existing (No Build) traffic counts for each subsequent year, to estimate the 2027 Opening Year (Full Build-out Year) and the 2032 Future (5 Years After Opening Year) traffic volumes for each analysis scenario, prior to adding the trips expected to be generated by the proposed VA HCC starting with the 2027 Opening Year (Full Build-out Year).

# 3.2 Trip Generation

Trip generation calculations were performed for the proposed 500,000 Sq. Ft. VA HCC using the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) *Trip Generation Manual*, 10th edition. ITE Land Use Code 610 – *Hospital* was used. Trips were calculated versus the proposed gross floor area (GFA) for the AM Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic, for the PM Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic, and for a Weekday.

Trip generation calculations were also performed for the existing WBAMC for comparison of generated trips between the existing WBAMC and the proposed VA HCC. The calculations show that the existing WBAMC generates approximately 2 trips for every 1 trip that the proposed VA HCC will generate. Thus, most of the traffic increase in the study area is associated with the WBAMC rather than the VA HCC.

Following ITE's Recommended Procedure for Selecting Between Trip Generation Average Rates and Equation flowchart, the Fitted Curve Equations were used to calculate the AM Peak Hour, PM Peak Hour, and Weekday trip generation. **Table 3-3** shows the AM Peak Hour Trip Generation, **Table 3-4** shows the PM Peak Hour Trip Generation, and **Table 3-5** shows the Weekday Trip Generation.

Table 3-3. AM Peak Hour Trip Generation

Facility	ITE Code	Land Use	Gross Floor Area, GFA (Sq. Ft)	Percent Entering	Entering Volume	Percent Exiting	Exiting Volume	Total Volume
VA HCC	610	Hospital	500,000	68%	337	32%	159	496
WBAMC	610	Hospital	1,132,000	68%	656	32%	308	964
Total	-	-	1,632,000	-	993	-	467	1,460

# **Table 3-4. PM Peak Hour Trip Generation**

Facility	ITE Code	Land Use	Gross Floor Area, GFA (Sq. Ft)	Percent Entering	Entering Volume	Percent Exiting	Exiting Volume	Total Volume
VA HCC	610	Hospital	500,000	32%	167	68%	354	521
WBAMC	610	Hospital	1,132,000	32%	336	68%	715	1,051
Total	-	-	1,632,000	-	503	-	1,069	1,572

# **Table 3-5. Weekday Trip Generation**

Facility	ITE Code	Land Use	Gross Floor Area, GFA (Sq. Ft)	Percent Entering	Entering Volume	Percent Exiting	Exiting Volume	Total Volume
VA HCC	610	Hospital	500,000	50%	2,832	50%	2,832	5,664
WBAMC	610	Hospital	1,132,000	50%	4,690	50%	4,690	9,380
Total	-	-	1,632,000	-	7,522	-	7,522	15,044

# 3.3 Trip Distribution

A combination of surrounding land use types, roadway network hierarchy, existing traffic data, and engineering judgment were used to estimate the Trip Distribution percentages to/from the proposed VA HCC site. **Figure 3-2** shows the trip distribution percentages to/from the proposed VA HCC site that were used for analysis using PTV Vistro software.



Figure 3-2. Trip Distribution

# 3.4 Trip Assignment

Trip Assignment was performed for the following eight (8) intersections within the study area:

- (1) Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) Eastbound Frontage Road and Constitution Avenue
- (2) Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) Westbound Frontage Road and Constitution Avenue
- (3) Constitution Avenue and Iron Dustoff Drive
- (4) Iron Dustoff Drive and Iron Medics Drive
- (5) Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) Southbound Frontage Road and Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway)
- (6) Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) Northbound Frontage Road and Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway)
- (7) Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) access road (North) and Iron Medics Drive
- (8) Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) access road (South) and Iron Medics Drive

**Figure 3-3** shows the Trip Assignment locations that were analyzed for the proposed VA HCC (the numbered intersections labeled in **Figure 3-3** correspond to the numbering shown in the list above):

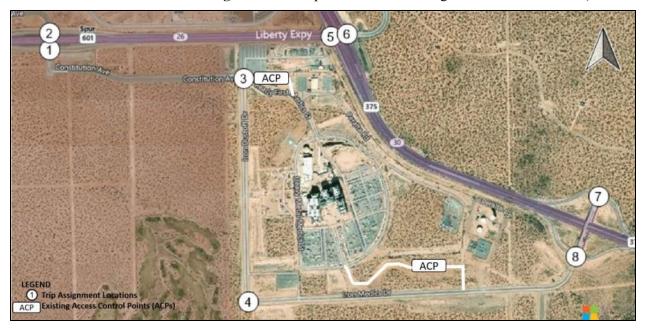


Figure 3-3. Trip Assignment

Site traffic is proposed to be served from the two (2) existing ACPs, one located east of the intersection of Constitution Avenue and Iron Dustoff Drive, and the other located immediately south of the proposed site along Iron Medics Drive. Both existing ACPs currently have full-access operation (all turning movements possible) and no changes in operation are proposed. The northern ACP (located east of node 3) is projected to carry approximately 40% of the VA HCC's generated trips, and the south ACP (located between nodes 4 and 8) is projected to carry approximately 60% of the VA HCC's generated trips. The northern ACP is the commercial vehicle access point, and only the south ACP has a visitor control center, therefore the percentages are weighed more heavily toward the south ACP. Because the site does not have direct access (driveways) along any roadways other than Iron Dustoff Drive and Iron Medics Drive, this TIA was drafted under the assumption that there will be no additional access points in the future. Therefore, all entering and exiting trips are projected to be focused at the two existing ACPs. If additional access points are provided in the future, there would likely be a decrease in the trips at the two proposed ACPs.

Trip Assignment exhibits created using PTV Vistro software for all intersections within the study area can be found in **Appendix G**.

# 4.0 Analysis for Existing and Future Conditions

Existing and future conditions were evaluated using Synchro software to determine the impact of the proposed VA HCC on the signalized and unsignalized intersections within the study area. The opening year (and full build-out year) for the VA HCC is anticipated to be 2027, for purposes of this TIA. The Synchro analysis scenarios selected for this TIA are shown in **Table 4-1**.

Table 4-1. Fort Bliss VA HCC TIA Synchro Analysis Scenarios

Synchro Analysis Scenarios
2021 Existing
2027 Opening Year (No Build)
2027 Opening Year (Full Build-out)
2032 Future (5 Years After Opening Year)

Intersection delay (seconds/vehicle) and level of service (LOS) were used to evaluate the operation of signalized and unsignalized intersections within the study area. The *Highway Capacity Manual* (HCM) defines the LOS criteria for signalized and unsignalized intersections, on a scale from A to F, based on delay (seconds/vehicle). LOS A represents the best traffic flow conditions, and LOS F represents the worst traffic flow conditions. Typically, LOS D (or better) conditions are considered acceptable by local and state agencies prior to mitigation measures being considered. The HCM's LOS criteria is summarized in **Table 4-2**.

Table 4-2. Level of Service (LOS) Criteria

LOS	Signalized Intersection Delay (seconds/vehicle)	Unsignalized Intersection Delay (seconds/vehicle)	General Description
A	≤10	0 - 10	Free Flow
В	>10 - 20	>10 – 15	Stable Flow (slight delays)
С	>20 – 35	>15 – 25	Stable flow (acceptable delays)
D	>35 – 55	>25 – 35	Approaching unstable flow (tolerable delay)
Е	>55 – 80	>35 - 50	Unstable flow (intolerable delay)
F	>80	>50	Forced flow (congested and queues fail to clear)

An analysis of intersection delay (seconds/vehicle) and LOS was performed for all signalized and unsignalized intersections within the study area for each of the four (4) analysis scenarios shown in **Table 4.1** using Synchro software. The intersection delay (seconds/vehicle) and LOS analysis results are summarized in table format for each analysis scenario, and the full Synchro summary reports are included in **Appendix H**.

# 4.1 2021 Existing Conditions

The 2021 Existing conditions utilize the TMCs collected in April 2021 (included in **Appendix E**), with an applied COVID-19 adjustment factor (1.04) to obtain peak hour volumes that are more comparable to prepandemic levels. The 2021 Existing volumes for the AM and PM Peak Hours at each study intersection are shown below in **Table 4.3**.

Table 4-3. 2021 Existing AM and PM Peak Hour Volumes

Location	AM Peak Hour Volume	PM Peak Hour Volume
Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) Eastbound Frontage Road and Constitution Avenue	506	392
Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) Westbound Frontage Road and Constitution Avenue	636	543
Constitution Avenue and Iron Dustoff Drive	267	156
Iron Dustoff Drive and Iron Medics Drive	0	0
Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) Southbound Frontage Road and Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway)	2,915	3,084
Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) Northbound Frontage Road and Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway)	2,182	1,195
Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) access road (North) and Iron Medics Drive	6	12
Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) access road (South) and Iron Medics Drive	5	55

The 2021 Existing peak hour volumes were entered into Synchro software, along with the existing lane configurations, traffic control type, and other variables, and the intersections were analyzed to obtain baseline approach delay and LOS results.

The 2021 Existing AM and PM peak hour approach delay and approach LOS for each intersection movement and the overall intersection LOS are shown in **Table 4-4**.

Table 4-4. 2021 Existing AM and PM Peak Hour Delay and LOS

	N	orthbou			s/vehicl uthbou	e) and l					estbour	nd.	tion
Scenario						Eastbound						sec	
	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right	Ţeft	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right	Intersection
Spur	601 (Li	iberty I	Express	way) Ea	stboun	d Front	age Roa	ad (EBF	FR) & C	onstitu	tion Av	enue*	
AM Existing	-	39.9	0.2	4.2	1.1	-	31.6	31.6	1.8	-	-	-	12.4
AW LAISTING	-	D	A	A	A	-	C	С	A	-	-	-	В
PM Existing	-	39.9	1.0	6.4	0.3	-	31.6	31.6	0.2	-	-	-	11.1
I W Existing	-	D	A	A	A	-	С	С	A	-	-	-	В
Spur (	601 (Lil		xpressv	vay) We			age Roa	ad (WB	FR) & 0		ition Av	enue*	
AM Existing	42.3	2.5	-	-	39.4	12.8	-	-	-	9.8	9.8	0.2	15.4
	D	A	-	-	D	В	-	-	-	Α	Α	A	В
PM Existing	32.2	0.8	-	-	40.1	11.1	-	-	-	9.4	9.4	0	23.6
	C	A	-	-	D	В	-	-	-	Α	A	A	С
			Co	onstitut	ion Ave	nue & 1	ron Du	stoff Di	rive				
AM Existing	8.4	7.8	-	7.8	7.3	-	8.2	7.7	-	7.9	6.9	-	7.8
ANT EXISTING	Α	A	-	A	A	-	A	A	-	A	A	-	A
PM Existing	8.4	7.4	-	7.4	6.9	-	8.3	6.9	-	7.6	7.1	-	7.8
I W Existing	Α	A	-	A	A	-	A	A	-	A	A	-	A
			I	ron Dus	stoff Dr	ive & Iı	on Med	dics Dri	ve				
AM Existing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ANY EXISTING	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PM Existing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loop 375 (Pu	rple He	eart Bo	ulevard	) South	bound l	Frontag	e Road	(SBFR)	) & Spu	r 601 (I	Liberty	Expres	sway)*
AM Existing	-	-	-	20.0	20.0	3.6	-	61.5	16.2	-	512.7	-	371.9
TWI EXISTING	-	-	-	В	В	A	-	Е	В	-	F	-	F
PM Existing	-	-	-	-	0.3	-	-	44.4	496.2	-	124.0	-	335.6
I W Existing	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	D	F	-	F	-	F
Loop 375 (Pu	rple He	art Bou	ulevard	) North	bound I	rontag	e Road	(NBFR	) & Spu	ı <mark>r 601 (</mark> 1	Liberty	Expres	sway)*
AM Existing	659.0	-	0.0	-	-	-	-	9.7	-	-	38.5	2.3	562.1
ANT EXISTING	F	-	A	-	-	-	-	A	-		D	A	F
PM Existing	113.0	-	0.0	-	-	-	-	7.7	-	-	48.1	10.0	73.0
I IVI Existing	F	-	Α	-	-	-	-	Α	-	-	D	В	Е
	Loop	375 (P	urple H	eart Bo	ulevaro	l) access	road (	North)	& Iron	Medics	Drive		
AM Existing	-	8.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.9
ANT EXISTING	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A
PM Existing	-	8.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.6
III Dansing	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Α
	Loop	375 (P	urple H	eart Bo	ulevaro	l) acces	s road (	South)	& Iron	Medics	Drive		
AM Existing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.5	-	-	-	-	5.1
TWI DAISHING	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	A
PM Existing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.8	-	-	-	-	8.2
PM Existing		_	-	_	-	_	-	Α	_	1	_	-	Α

 $<sup>*</sup>Signalized\ intersection$ 

# 4.2 2027 Opening Year (No Build) Conditions

The 2027 Opening Year (No Build) conditions utilize the COVID-19-adjusted TMCs collected in April 2021 (included in **Appendix E**), with an applied average annual growth rate (2%), as discussed previously in this report, to project future peak-hour volumes for the year that the proposed VA HCC is anticipated to open (this scenario evaluates the projected opening year to determine what the future conditions would be even without the VA HCC). The 2027 Opening Year (No Build) volumes for the AM and PM Peak Hours at each study intersection are shown below in **Table 4.5**.

Table 4-5. 2027 Opening Year (No Build) AM and PM Peak Hour Volumes

Location	AM Peak Hour Volume	PM Peak Hour Volume
Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) Eastbound Frontage Road and Constitution Avenue	579	445
Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) Westbound Frontage Road and Constitution Avenue	724	617
Constitution Avenue and Iron Dustoff Drive	306	174
Iron Dustoff Drive and Iron Medics Drive	0	0
Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) Southbound Frontage Road and Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway)	3,345	3,539
Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) Northbound Frontage Road and Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway)	2,502	1,370
Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) access road (North) and Iron Medics Drive	6	15
Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) access road (South) and Iron Medics Drive	5	63

The 2027 Opening Year (No Build) peak hour volumes were entered into Synchro software, along with the existing lane configurations, traffic control type, and other variables, and the intersections were analyzed to obtain baseline approach delay and LOS results.

The 2027 Opening Year (No Build) AM and PM peak hour approach delay and approach LOS for each intersection movement and the overall intersection LOS are shown in **Table 4-6**.

Table 4-6. 2027 Opening Year (No Build) AM and PM Peak Hour Delay and LOS

			Delay	(second	s/vehicl	e) and l	Level of	Service	e by Mo				ion
Saanaria	N	Northbound		Southbound			Eastbound			Westbound			ecti
Scenario	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right	Intersection
Spur	601 (L	iberty I		way) Ea	stboun		age Roa	ad (EBF		onstitu	tion Av		
AM Existing	-	41.3	.2	4.3	1.1	-	33.1	33.2	3.1	-	-	-	13.2
AWI Existing	-	D	A	A	A	-	С	С	A	-	-	-	В
PM Existing	-	42.5	2.1	7.6	.2	-	33.1	32.9	.5	-	-	-	13.1
	-	D	A	Α	Α	-	С	С	A	-	-	-	В
Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) Westbound Frontage Road (WBFR) & Constitution Avenue*													
AM Existing	41.0	1.6	-	-	41.4	12.8	-	-	-	9.8	9.9	-	15.6
<u> </u>	D	A	-	-	D	В	-	-	-	A	A	-	В
PM Existing	30.3	.4	-	-	41.3	10.7	-	-	-	10.6	10.6	-	23.9
	С	A	- ~	-	D	В	-		-	В	В	-	С
	107	0.1						stoff Di	1	7.0	7.6		0.2
AM Existing	8.7	8.1	-	8.1	7.6	-	8.3	8.4	-	7.8	7.6	-	8.3
	A	A	-	A 7.0	A	-	A	A	-	A	A 7.0	-	A 0.1
PM Existing	8.9	7.7 A	-	7.8 A	7.3 A	-	8.5	7.4 A	-	8 A	7.8		8.1
	A	Α				ivo & I	A On Ma	dics Dri	- VA	А	A	-	A
		_	-		-	-	-			_	_	_	_
AM Existing	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	<del>                                     </del>
	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	
PM Existing	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Loop 375 (Pu	ırple H	eart Bo	ulevard	) South	bound l	Frontag	e Road	(SBFR)	& Spu	r 601 (I	Liberty	Expres	sway)*
AM Existing	Ī -	-	-	20.0	20.0	3.5	-	62.0	16.8	-	626.6	-	453.5
AM Existing	-	-	-	В	В	A	-	Е	В	-	F	-	F
PM Existing	-	-	-	-	37.4	7.3	-	22.6	580.2	-	349.5	-	418.3
I WI Existing	-	-	-	-	D	A	-	С	F	-	F	-	F
Loop 375 (Pu	rple He	eart Bou	ulevard	) North	bound l	Frontag	e Road	(NBFR	) & Spu	r 601 (	Liberty	Expres	sway)*
AM Existing	793.2	-	0.0	-	-	-	-	10.5	-	-	38.9	3.3	676.2
Z HVI EXISTING	F	-	Α	-	-	-	-	В	-	-	D	A	F
PM Existing	313.7	37.6	6.2	-	-	-	-	3.8	-	-	109.8	9.6	178.9
	F	D	A	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	F	A	F
		375 (P	urple H	eart Bo	ulevaro	l) acces	s road (	North)	& Iron	Medics	Drive	1	1
AM Existing	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.3
	В	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A
PM Existing	10.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.5
	В		-	-	-	-	-	- (I)	-	-		-	A
	Loop	375 (P	urple H		ulevaro	1) acces	s road (	South)	& Iron	Medics	Drive	<u> </u>	1.6
AM Existing	-	-	-	7.5	-	-	-	9.4	-	-	-	-	1.6
	-	-	-	A 7.0	-	-	-	A 9.4	-	-	-	-	1.8
PM Existing	-	-	-	7.9	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	
	-	-		Α	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	A

<sup>\*</sup>Signalized intersection

# 4.3 2027 Opening Year (Full Build-out) Conditions

The 2027 Opening Year (Full Build-out) conditions utilize the 2027 Opening Year (No Build) volumes, plus the trips projected to be generated by the proposed VA HCC, to project future peak hour volumes for the year that the proposed VA HCC is anticipated to open. The 2027 Opening Year (Full Build-out) volumes for the AM and PM Peak Hours at each study intersection are shown below in **Table 4.7**.

Table 4-7. 2027 Opening Year (Full Build-out) AM and PM Peak Hour Volumes

Location	AM Peak Hour Volume	PM Peak Hour Volume
Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) Eastbound Frontage Road and Constitution Avenue	636	502
Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) Westbound Frontage Road and Constitution Avenue	740	633
Constitution Avenue and Iron Dustoff Drive	363	231
Iron Dustoff Drive and Iron Medics Drive	223	94
Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) Southbound Frontage Road and Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway)	3,428	3,622
Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) Northbound Frontage Road and Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway)	2,584	1,452
Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) access road (North) and Iron Medics Drive	255	264
Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) access road (South) and Iron Medics Drive	438	496

The 2027 Opening Year (Full Build-out) peak hour volumes were entered into Synchro software, along with the existing lane configurations, traffic control type, and other variables, and the intersections were analyzed to obtain baseline approach delay and LOS results.

The 2027 Opening Year (Full Build-out) AM and PM peak hour approach delay and approach LOS for each intersection movement and the overall intersection LOS are shown in **Table 4-8**.

Table 4-8. 2027 Opening Year (Full Build-out) AM and PM Peak Hour Delay and LOS

Delay (seconds/vehicle) and Level of Service by Movement											ű		
	Northbound		ì	uthbou		Eastbound			Westbound			ctic	
Scenario											1		rse
	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right	Intersection
Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) Eastbound Frontage Road (EBFR) & Constitution Avenue*													
AM Existing	-	41.8	.6	4.6	1.2	-	33.0	33.1	6.4	-	-	-	13.5
AW Existing	-	D	A	A	A	-	С	С	A	-	-	-	В
PM Existing	-	42.5	2.1	7.6	.2	-	33.1	32.9	.5	1	-	1	13.1
	-	D	Α	A	A	-	C	C	A	-	-	-	В
Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) Westbound Frontage Road (WBFR) & Constitution Avenue*													
AM Existing	38.6	1.7	-	-	41.3	12.7	-	-	-	10.3	10.3	.3	15.9
	D	A	-	-	D	В	-	-	-	В	В	A	В
PM Existing	30.3	.4	-	-	41.3	10.7	-	-	-	10.6	10.6	-	23.9
	С	A	-	-	D	В	-	-	-	В	В	-	С
		0.4	1			1		stoff Di		<b>-</b> 0	I = -	1	
AM Existing	8.7	8.1	-	8.1	7.6	-	8.3	8.4	-	7.8	7.6	-	8.3
	A	A	-	A 7.0	A	-	A	A	-	A	A 7.0	-	A
PM Existing	8.9	7.7	-	7.8	7.3	-	8.5	7.4	-	8	7.8	-	8.1
	Α	A	-	A	A CC D	- : 0 T-	A	A Lina Dai	-	A	A	-	A
			1		1	1	l	dics Dri	ve -		1	6.1	6.9
AM Existing	-	-	-	6.9 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	6.8 A
	-		_	6.6	_	_	_	_	_		_	5.9	6.1
PM Existing	<u> </u>		_	A	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	_	_		<u> </u>	A	A
Loop 375 (Pu	rnle H	eart Roi	ulevard		hound l	Frontsø	e Road	(SRFR)	& Snu	r 601 (1	iherty		
		-	-	20.5	21.0	3.4	-	62.7	17.0	-	661.0	-	473.2
AM Existing	_	_	_	C	C	A	_	E	В	_	F	_	F
D) ( F	-	_	_	_	37.4	7.3	_	22.6	580.2	_	349.5	_	453.7
PM Existing	_	-	-	-	D	A	-	C	F	-	F	-	F
Loop 375 (Pu	rple He	eart Bou	ulevard	) North	bound I	rontag	e Road	(NBFR	) & Spu	r 601 (	Liberty	Expres	sway)*
` `	817.5	20.6	5.3	-	-	-	-	12.3	-	-	39.8	3.3	673.9
AM Existing	F	С	A	-	-	-	-	В	-	-	D	A	F
PM Existing	313.7	37.6	6.2	-	-	-	-	3.8	-	-	109.8	9.6	178.9
I WI EXISTING	F	D	A	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	F	A	A
	Loop	375 (P	urple H	eart Bo	ulevard	l) acces	s road (	North)	& Iron	Medics	Drive		
AM Existing	12	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ı	-	1	1.3
	В	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A
PM Existing	10.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.5
- III Danbung	В	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A
	Loop	375 (P	urple H		ulevaro	l) acces	s road (		& Iron	Medics	Drive		1
AM Existing		-	-	7.5	-	-	-	9.4	-	-	-	-	1.6
	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	A
PM Existing	-	-	-	7.9	-	-	-	9.4	-	-	-	-	1.8
I W Existing	-	-		Α	-	-	-	Α	-	-	-	-	A

<sup>\*</sup>Signalized intersection

## 4.4 2032 Future (5 Years After Opening Year) Conditions

The 2032 Future (5 Years After Opening Year) conditions utilize the 2027 Opening Year (Full Build-out Year) volumes, with an applied average annual growth rate (2%), as discussed previously in this report, plus the trips projected to be generated by the proposed VA HCC, to project future peak hour volumes for 2032. The 2032 Future (5 Years After Opening Year) volumes for the AM and PM Peak Hours at each study intersection are shown below in **Table 4.9**.

Table 4-9. 2032 Future (5 Years After Opening) AM and PM Peak Hour Volumes

Location	AM Peak Hour Volume	PM Peak Hour Volume
Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) Eastbound Frontage Road and Constitution Avenue	772	624
Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) Westbound Frontage Road and Constitution Avenue	848	728
Constitution Avenue and Iron Dustoff Drive	466	317
Iron Dustoff Drive and Iron Medics Drive	260	113
Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) Southbound Frontage Road and Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway)	3,942	4,163
Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) Northbound Frontage Road and Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway)	2,990	1,711
Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) access road (North) and Iron Medics Drive	531	540
Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) access road (South) and Iron Medics Drive	927	993

The 2032 Future (5 Years After Opening Year) peak hour volumes were entered into Synchro software, along with the existing lane configurations, traffic control type, and other variables, and the intersections were analyzed to obtain baseline approach delay and LOS results.

The 2032 Future (5 Years After Opening Year) AM and PM peak hour approach delay and approach LOS for each intersection movement and the overall intersection LOS are shown in **Table 4-10**.

Table 4-10. 2032 Future (5 Years After Opening) AM and PM Peak Hour Delay and LOS

				(second	s/vehicl	e) and l	Level of	Service	e by Mo				ion
Scenario	N	orthbou		So	uthbou		E	astbour		W	estbour		ect
Scenario	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right	Intersection
Spur	601 (L	iberty I	Express	way) Ea	stboun	d Front	age Roa	ad (EBF	(R) & C	onstitu	tion Av	enue*	
AM Existing	-	43.4	.7	4.6	1.1	-	32.7	32.7	7.6	-	-	-	13.9
AW Existing	-	D	A	A	A	-	С	С	A	-	-	-	В
PM Existing	-	43.2	2.6	9.0	.2	-	32.1	32.2	1.2	-	-	-	13.8
- LAISTING	-	D	A	Α	A	-	C	С	A	-	-	-	В
Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) Westbound Frontage Road (WBF													
AM Existing	34.0	.9	-	-	40.6	11.9	-	-	-	11.5	11.5	.8	15.7
	С	A	-	-	D	В	-	-	-	В	В	A	В
PM Existing	26.9	.4	-	-	40.3	9.9	-	-	-	12.4	12.4	.1	23.0
	С	A	-	-	D	A	-	-	-	В	В	A	С
	T		Co			nue & I		stoff Di	ive		T		
AM Existing	9.1	8.4	-	8.3	8	-	8.6	9.1	-	8.0	7.9	-	8.8
	A	A	-	A	A	-	A	A	-	A	A	-	A
PM Existing	9.3	7.9	-	8	7.6	-	8.8	7.8	-	8.3	8	-	8.4
	A	A	-	A	A	-	A	A	-	A	A	-	A
					1	l	ron Med	dics Dri	ve		1	<i>C</i> 4	10.0
AM Existing	-	-	-	10.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.4	10.2
_	-	-	-	В	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	В
PM Existing	-	-	-	8.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.9	6.4
I 275 (D.	- TT	- 4 D -	-	A	-	-	- D I	(CDED)	- 0 0	- (01 (1	-	A	A
Loop 375 (Pu	irpie H			25.4		rontag .1		63.3	175.1		665.8	Expres	509.1
AM Existing	-	-	-	23.4 C	28.2 C	.1 A	-	63.3 E	1/3.1 F	-	603.8 F	-	509.1 F
	-	-	-	37.0	38.9	- A	-	22.8	791.7	-	475.1	-	637.0
PM Existing	<del>-</del>	_	-	D	D	-	_	C C	791.7 F	_	F	-	F
Loop 375 (Pu	rnle He	ort Roi					o Road			r 601 (		Evnros	_
	1120.2	24.6	5.1	-	-	- I Unitag	- Roau	44.2	- Spu	-	35.7	3.4	899.2
AM Existing	F	C C	A	_	-	-	-	D	-	-	D	A	F
	401.2	37.9	9.5	_	-	-	-	4.3	-	-	119.5	9.3	215.3
PM Existing	F	D	A	_	-	-	-	A	-	-	F	A	F
	l .			eart Bo	ulevard	l) acces	road (	North)	& Iron	Medics	Drive	1	1
AMERIC	22.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	2.7
AM Existing	C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A
DM E	18.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.9
PM Existing	С	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A
	Loop	375 (P	urple H	eart Bo	ulevaro	l) acces	s road (	South)	& Iron	Medics	Drive		•
AM Existing	-	-	-	7.9	-	-	-	11.2	-	-	-	-	1.9
AIVI LAISHIIG	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	В	-	-	-	-	A
PM Existing	-	-	ı	8.3	-	-	-	11.4	-	-	_	-	2.2
1 141 DVISHIIR	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	В	-	-	-	-	Α

<sup>\*</sup>Signalized intersection

### 4.5 Potential Mitigation Measures for Intersections

The following off-site traffic mitigation measures could potentially be considered to minimize the impacts of the proposed VA HCC traffic on each of the following study intersections:

Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) Eastbound Frontage Road and Constitution Avenue:

- Modifying the existing traffic signal timing (optimization)
- Converting the southbound inside thru lane to an additional left turn lane (dual lefts), or to a shared thru/left turn lane. Note: eastbound receiving lanes would need to be adjusted (re-striped).

Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) Westbound Frontage Road and Constitution Avenue:

- Modifying the existing traffic signal timing (optimization)
- Converting the northbound inside thru lane to an additional left turn lane (dual lefts), or to a shared thru/left turn lane. Note: westbound receiving lanes would need to be adjusted (re-striped).

### Constitution Avenue and Iron Dustoff Drive:

- Changing the existing intersection control type from multi-way stop control to two-way stop control (for the eastbound and the westbound approaches) to allow the heavier northbound left turn movements to flow freely without stopping.
- Adding a channelized right turn lane with a raised concrete island on the eastbound approach to allow the eastbound right turn movements to flow freely without stopping (this can be done either in conjunction with the previous measure, or as a stand-alone measure).

### Iron Dustoff Drive and Iron Medics Drive:

- Modifying the existing intersection control type from multi-way stop control to uncontrolled, since there are currently no vehicular conflicts (westbound traffic may turn northbound without conflicts, and southbound traffic may turn eastbound without conflicts). U-turns will have to be prohibited to prevent vehicular conflicts if the multi-way stop control is removed. Intersection control would have to be re-instated when the existing stub-out to the south connects to a roadway.
- Adding a channelized right turn lane with a raised concrete island on the westbound approach to allow the westbound right turn movements to flow freely without stopping (this should not be done in conjunction with the previous measure, but rather as a stand-alone measure, after the existing stub-out to the south connects to a roadway).

Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) Southbound Frontage Road and Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway):

- Modifying the existing traffic signal timing (optimization)
- Extending the storage length for the right turn lanes on the eastbound approach
- Adding a third thru lane on the westbound approach of the DDI

Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) Northbound Frontage Road and Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway):

- Modifying the existing traffic signal timing (optimization)
- Adding a third left turn lane on the northbound approach of the DDI

### Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) access road (North) and Iron Medics Drive:

• No mitigation measures are necessary resulting from the VA HCC traffic (a roundabout could be considered for this intersection if the traffic volumes and delays ever become excessive).

### Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) access road (South) and Iron Medics Drive:

 No mitigation measures are necessary resulting from the VA HCC traffic (this intersection could be considered for a traffic signal warrant study if the traffic volumes and delays ever become excessive).

### Other intersections:

Constitution Avenue and Constitution Avenue:

Modifying the existing intersection control type from multi-way stop control to uncontrolled, since there are no vehicular conflicts at this intersection (westbound traffic may turn northbound without conflicts, and southbound traffic may turn eastbound without conflicts). U-turns will have to be prohibited to prevent vehicular conflicts if the multi-way stop control is removed. Intersection control would have to be re-instated when the existing stub-out to the south connects to a roadway.

### 4.6 Access Management

Access management analysis is a common component of most TIAs. Since the proposed VA HCC site will ultimately be served by the surrounding TxDOT roadways, TxDOT's *Access Management Manual* (July 2011) was referenced in the evaluation of the proposed VA HCC for compliance with recommended access management criteria.

Access management analysis for the proposed VA HCC site was not performed as extensively as desirable, because there was no detailed site plan available at the time that this TIA was being completed. As a result, items that are typically included in an access management analysis (such as access point spacing, and the need for auxiliary lanes and channelization measures) could not be evaluated.

The proposed VA HCC is anticipated to be served by the two existing access control points (ACPs). Both ACPs are located on roadways internal to Fort Bliss (not a part of the TxDOT system), therefore there are no existing or proposed facilities that fall within applicability for compliance with TxDOT *Access Management Manual* access management criteria.

## 4.7 Vehicular Queuing Analysis for ACPs

Vehicular queuing (the formation of a line while waiting) occurs when demand exceeds capacity for a period at a specific location. Queuing can be experienced at intersections, toll plazas, parking facilities, freeway bottlenecks, incident sites, and merge areas.

A vehicular queuing analysis was included in this TIA because the proposed VA HCC site will be served primarily by the two existing ACPs. Fort Bliss staff stationed at the ACPs will carry out occupant identification and vehicle inspection procedures to determine whether access will be granted to each arriving vehicle. The north ACP is located east of the intersection of Constitution Avenue and Iron Dustoff Drive and currently has two lanes. The north ACP also serves as the commercial vehicle access point. The south ACP is located on the north side of Iron Medics Drive directly south of the proposed VA HCC site and currently has three lanes. The south ACP also has a visitor control center and is not expected to provide access to commercial vehicles.

According to information from the Corps of Engineers, each lane at a typical ACP has the capacity to process 350 vehicles per hour. Projected peak hour volumes for the 2027 Opening Year (Full Build-out) scenario were used to analyze the ability of the existing lanes at each ACP to handle traffic loads, and to determine how many additional lanes would be required, if any, at each ACP, based on traffic projections. From the ITE trip generation data calculated for the existing WBAMC and for the proposed VA HCC, only the "entering" trips were used for the worst-case peak hour scenario, the AM peak hour used for analysis (6:45-7:45 AM). Trip distribution used was 40% to the north ACP, and 60% to the south ACP.

The results of the queuing analysis show that the exiting number of lanes can handle the projected traffic for the WBAMC and the VA HCC, as long as both lanes are operating at the north ACP, and at least two lanes are operating at the south ACP during the AM peak. **Table 4.11** shows the results of the queuing analysis for the south ACP and **Table 4.12** shows the results of the queuing analysis for the north ACP.

Table 4-11. Vehicular Queuing Analysis for the South ACP

Time (AM)	Arrival Volume	Arrival %	Arrival Rate (vehicles/ minute)	Service Rate (vehicles/ minute)	Queue Buildup (vehicles/ minute)	Queue Buildup During the Period (vehicles/ 5 minutes)	Cumulative Queue (vehicles)
6:45–6:50	54	9.1%	11	17.50	-6.7	-33.4	-33.4
6:50–6:55	38	6.4%	8	17.50	-9.9	-49.6	-83.1
6:55-7:00	44	7.4%	9	17.50	-8.7	-43.3	-126.4
7:00-7:05	54	9.1%	11	17.50	-6.7	-33.4	-159.8
7:05–7:10	55	9.2%	11	17.50	-6.5	-32.5	-192.3
7:10–7:15	59	10.0%	12	17.50	-5.6	-28.0	-220.3
7:15–7:20	59	10.0%	12	17.50	-5.6	-28.0	-248.3
7:20–7:25	41	7.0%	8	17.50	-9.2	-46.0	-294.4
7:25–7:30	38	6.4%	8	17.50	-9.9	-49.6	-344.0
7:30–7:35	53	8.9%	11	17.50	-6.9	-34.3	-378.3
7:30–7:40	49	8.2%	10	17.50	-7.8	-38.8	-417.2
7:40–7:45	50	8.5%	10	17.50	-7.4	-37.0	-454.2

Table 4-12. Vehicular Queuing Analysis for the North ACP

Time (AM)	Arrival Volume	Arrival %	Arrival Rate (vehicles/ minute)	Service Rate (vehicles/ minute)	Queue Buildup (vehicles/ minute)	Queue Buildup During the Period (vehicles/ 5 minutes)	Cumulative Queue (vehicles)
6:45–6:50	36	9.1%	7	11.67	-4.5	-22.3	-22.3
6:50–6:55	25	6.4%	5	11.67	-6.6	-33.1	-55.4
6:55-7:00	29	7.4%	6	11.67	-5.8	-28.9	-84.3
7:00–7:05	36	9.1%	7	11.67	-4.5	-22.3	-106.5
7:05–7:10	37	9.2%	7	11.67	-4.3	-21.7	-128.2
7:10–7:15	40	10.0%	8	11.67	-3.7	-18.7	-146.9
7:15–7:20	40	10.0%	8	11.67	-3.7	-18.7	-165.6
7:20–7:25	28	7.0%	6	11.67	-6.1	-30.7	-196.3
7:25–7:30	25	6.4%	5	11.67	-6.6	-33.1	-229.4
7:30–7:35	35	8.9%	7	11.67	-4.6	-22.9	-252.2
7:30–7:40	32	8.2%	6	11.67	-5.2	-25.9	-278.1
7:40–7:45	34	8.5%	7	11.67	-4.9	-24.7	-302.8

### 4.8 Parking Analysis and Internal Site Circulation

Because a detailed site plan was not available at the time that this TIA report was completed, the parking analysis for the proposed Fort Bliss VA HCC was based on the anticipated 500,000 Sq. Ft. of building area.

### 4.8.1 Parking Analysis

Parking generation calculations were performed for the proposed 500,000 Sq. Ft. VA HCC using the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) *Parking Generation Manual*, 5th edition. ITE Land Use Code 610 – *Hospital* was used. Trips were calculated versus the proposed gross floor area (GFA) for a Weekday (Monday – Friday) using the fitted curve equation. **Table 4-13** shows the Weekday (Monday – Friday) Parking Generation. The calculated parking demand for the proposed 500,000 Sq. Ft VA HCC is approximately 1,114 spaces.

ITE Code	Land Use	Gross Floor Area, GFA (Sq. Ft)	Time Period	Peak Period of Parking Demand	Average Rate (per 1,000 Sq. Ft. GFA)	Fitted Curve Equation	Calculated Parking Demand
610	Hospital	500,000 $(X = 500)$	Weekday (Monday – Friday)	9:00 AM – 4:00 PM	2.22	P = 2.15(X) + 38.98	1,114

Table 4-13. Weekday (Monday – Friday) Parking Generation

The ITE *Parking Generation Manual*, 5th ed. provides a table with time-of-day distribution of parking demand on a weekday based on 29 study sites from all over the United States. The line chart, shown in **Figure 4-1**, was created using the table data to graphically present the time-of-day distribution for parking demand on a weekday to give an idea of what may be expected for the proposed VA HCC.

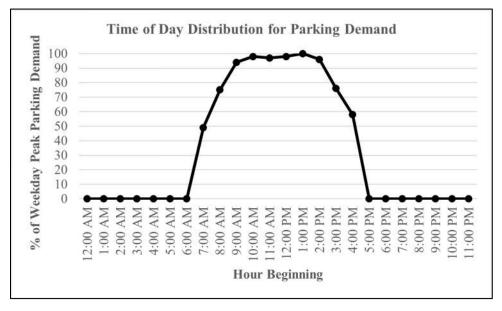


Figure 4-1. Time of Day Distribution for Parking Demand

For comparative purposes, the City of El Paso parking requirements were calculated for Land Use 6.05 - Hospital, for the proposed 500,000 Sq. Ft. VA HCC. **Table 4-14** shows the minimum and maximum number of parking spaces based of GFA.

Land Use Code	Land Use	Gross Floor Area, GFA (Sq. Ft)	Minimum Parking Ratio	Maximum Parking Ratio	Minimum Parking (spaces)	Maximum Parking (spaces)
6.05	Hospital	500,000	1/576 Sq. Ft. GFA	1/400 Sq. Ft. GFA	869	1,250

**Table 4-14. City of El Paso Parking Requirements** 

As can be seen, the calculated parking demand of 1,114 spaces (from the ITE *Parking Generation Manual*) falls nearly halfway between the 869 minimum and 1,250 maximum parking spaces (from the City of El Paso's parking requirements). The proposed VA HCC is anticipated to have approximately 1,500 surface parking spaces. The proposed 1,500 parking spaces should be sufficient since the proposed number of parking spaces is well above the calculated parking requirements shown in **Table 4-13** and **Table 4-14**.

Lastly, based on the City of El Paso's parking requirements, approximately 18 accessible parking stalls would be required based on the minimum number of parking spaces (869) shown in **Table 4-14**. Of those 18 accessible parking stalls, at least 3 would be required to be van-accessible parking stalls. Similarly, approximately 23 accessible parking stalls would be required based on the maximum number of parking spaces (1,250) shown in **Table 4-14**. Of those 23 accessible parking stalls, at least 4 would be required to be van-accessible parking stalls. Based on the proposed VA HCC land use, the VA may choose to provide more accessible (and van-accessible) parking stalls than the City of El Paso's minimum requirements.

### 4.8.2 Internal Site Circulation

Typically, the internal site circulation of a proposed development is analyzed for safety and efficiency as part of a TIA. Because a detailed site plan was not available at the time that this TIA report was completed, the internal site circulation can only be analyzed for the existing roadways within the study area that will serve the proposed VA HCC.

The proposed VA HCC site is located immediately east of the existing WBAMC. The WBAMC has an existing internal roadway network that ultimately connects to the existing ACPs along Iron Medics Drive (to the south) and along Iron Dustoff Drive (to the northwest). Without a detailed site plan, it can only be projected that traffic for the VA HCC will use the existing perimeter road that surrounds all the existing parking lots for the WBAMC.

When designing new access connections to an existing roadway, it is always desirable to align the new access connections to existing roadways or aisles, or to off-set the access connections, to minimize the number of vehicular conflict points. The existing WBAMC parking lot has multiple internal roadways that could potentially be used to aid in the placement selection of proposed aisles and internal roadways during the design of a detailed site plan for the VA HCC.

### 5.0 Conclusions and Recommendations

Cobb, Fendley & Associates, Inc. was asked to perform a traffic impact analysis (TIA) for the proposed Fort Bliss Veterans Affairs Health Care Center (VA HCC), located in El Paso, Texas. The proposed facility would consist of an approximately 500,000-square-foot (Sq. Ft.) VA health care center located on an approximately 30-acre site, plus minor real estate to support utilities, support services, and parking on the Fort Bliss Garrison adjacent to and southeast of the new William Beaumont Army Medical Center (WBAMC) on Fort Bliss.

The development's opening year (full build-out year) is anticipated to be 2027 for the purpose of this analysis. This traffic impact analysis examined the AM and PM Peak Hours for the following scenarios:

- 2021 Existing
- 2027 Opening Year (No Build)
- 2027 Opening Year (Full Build-out)
- 2032 (5 Years After Opening Year)

Intersection delay and level of service (LOS) for existing and future conditions were evaluated using Synchro software to determine the impact of the proposed VA HCC on the intersections within the study area. The following off-site traffic mitigation measures could potentially be considered to minimize the impacts of the proposed VA HCC traffic on each of the following study intersections:

Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) Eastbound Frontage Road and Constitution Avenue:

- Modifying the existing traffic signal timing (optimization)
- Converting the southbound inside thru lane to an additional left turn lane (dual lefts), or to a shared thru/left turn lane. Note: eastbound receiving lanes would need to be adjusted (re-striped).

Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) Westbound Frontage Road and Constitution Avenue:

- Modifying the existing traffic signal timing (optimization)
- Converting the northbound inside thru lane to an additional left turn lane (dual lefts), or to a shared thru/left turn lane. Note: westbound receiving lanes would need to be adjusted (re-striped).

### Constitution Avenue and Iron Dustoff Drive:

- Changing the existing intersection control type from multi-way stop control to two-way stop control (for the eastbound and the westbound approaches) to allow the heavier northbound left turn movements to flow freely without stopping.
- Adding a channelized right turn lane with a raised concrete island on the eastbound approach to allow the eastbound right turn movements to flow freely without stopping (this can be done either in conjunction with the previous measure, or as a stand-alone measure).

### Iron Dustoff Drive and Iron Medics Drive:

- Modifying the existing intersection control type from multi-way stop control to uncontrolled, since there are currently no vehicular conflicts (westbound traffic may turn northbound without conflicts, and southbound traffic may turn eastbound without conflicts). U-turns will have to be prohibited to prevent vehicular conflicts if the multi-way stop control is removed. Intersection control would have to be re-instated when the existing stub-out to the south connects to a roadway.
- Adding a channelized right turn lane with a raised concrete island on the westbound approach to allow the westbound right turn movements to flow freely without stopping (this should not be done in conjunction with the previous measure, but rather as a stand-alone measure, after the existing stub-out to the south connects to a roadway).

Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) Southbound Frontage Road and Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway):

• Modifying the existing traffic signal timing (optimization)

- Extending the storage length for the right turn lanes on the eastbound approach
- Adding a third thru lane on the westbound approach of the DDI

Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) Northbound Frontage Road and Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway):

- Modifying the existing traffic signal timing (optimization)
- Adding a third left turn lane on the northbound approach of the DDI

Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) access road (North) and Iron Medics Drive:

• No mitigation measures are necessary resulting from the VA HCC traffic (a roundabout could be considered for this intersection if the traffic volumes and delays ever become excessive).

Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) access road (South) and Iron Medics Drive:

• No mitigation measures are necessary resulting from the VA HCC traffic (this intersection could be considered for a traffic signal warrant study if the traffic volumes and delays ever become excessive).

### Other intersections:

Constitution Avenue and Constitution Avenue:

Modifying the existing intersection control type from multi-way stop control to uncontrolled, since there are no vehicular conflicts at this intersection (westbound traffic may turn northbound without conflicts, and southbound traffic may turn eastbound without conflicts). U-turns will have to be prohibited to prevent vehicular conflicts if the multi-way stop control is removed. Intersection control would have to be re-instated when the existing stub-out to the south connects to a roadway.

Because there was no detailed site plan available at the time that this TIA was being completed, items that are typically included in an access management analysis (such as access point spacing, and the need for auxiliary lanes and channelization measures) could not be evaluated. The proposed VA HCC is anticipated to be served by the two existing access control points (ACPs). Both ACPs are located on roadways internal to Fort Bliss (not a part of the TxDOT system), therefore there are no existing or proposed facilities that fall within applicability for compliance with TxDOT *Access Management Manual* access management criteria.

A vehicular queuing analysis was completed for the two existing ACPs. The north ACP is located east of the intersection of Constitution Avenue and Iron Dustoff Drive and currently has two lanes. The south ACP is located on the north side of Iron Medics Drive directly south of the proposed VA HCC site and currently has three lanes. The north ACP is projected to carry approximately 40% of the VA HCC's generated trips, and the south ACP is projected to carry approximately 60% of the VA HCC's generated trips. This uneven trip distribution was selected because the north ACP serves as the commercial vehicle access point, and the south ACP has a visitor control center. Projected peak hour volumes for the 2027 Opening Year (Full Build-out) scenario were used to analyze the ability of the existing lanes at each ACP to handle traffic loads, and to determine how many additional lanes would be required, if any, at each ACP, based on traffic projections. The results of the queuing analysis show that the exiting number of lanes can handle the projected traffic for the WBAMC and the VA HCC, if both lanes are operating at the north ACP, and at least two lanes (out of three) are operating at the south ACP during the AM peak. To minimize delays, it is recommended that all lanes at each ACP remain in operation during the AM peak.

Parking generation calculations were performed using two methods: the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) *Parking Generation Manual*, 5th edition, and the City of El Paso's parking requirements. The calculated parking demand of 1,114 spaces (from the ITE *Parking Generation Manual*) falls between the 869 minimum and 1,250 maximum parking spaces (from the City of El Paso's parking requirements). The proposed VA HCC is anticipated to have approximately 1,500 surface parking spaces. The proposed 1,500 parking spaces should be sufficient since the proposed number of parking spaces is well above the

calculated parking requirements. Based on the City of El Paso's parking requirements, approximately 18 accessible parking stalls would be required based on the minimum number of parking spaces (869). Of those 18 accessible parking stalls, at least 3 would be required to be van-accessible parking stalls. Similarly, approximately 23 accessible parking stalls would be required based on the maximum number of parking spaces (1,250). Of those 23 accessible parking stalls, at least 4 would be required to be van-accessible parking stalls. Based on the proposed VA HCC land use, it is recommended that more accessible (and van-accessible) parking stalls be provided rather than simply aiming to comply with the City of El Paso's minimum requirements.

Typically, the internal site circulation of a proposed development is analyzed for safety and efficiency as part of a TIA. Because a detailed site plan was not available at the time that this TIA report was completed, the internal site circulation was only analyzed for the existing roadways within the study area that will serve the proposed VA HCC. The proposed VA HCC site is located immediately east of the existing WBAMC. The WBAMC has an existing internal roadway network that ultimately connects to the existing ACPs along Iron Medics Drive (to the south) and along Iron Dustoff Drive (to the northwest). Without a detailed site plan, it can only be projected that traffic for the VA HCC will use the existing perimeter road that surrounds all the existing parking lots for the WBAMC. When designing new access connections to an existing roadway, it is recommended to align the new access connections to existing roadways or aisles, or to off-set the access connections, to minimize the number of vehicular conflict points. The existing WBAMC parking lot has multiple internal roadways that could potentially be used to aid in the placement selection of proposed aisles and internal roadways during the design of a detailed site plan for the VA HCC.

# A City of El Paso Code of Ordinances

El Paso, TX Code of Ordinances

Chapter 19.18 - TRAFFIC IMPACT ANALYSIS

Sections:

19.18.010 - Purpose and applicability.

#### A. Purposes and findings.

- 1. New development must be served and supported by an adequate network of streets and thoroughfares.
- 2. Streets and thoroughfares are an essential component of the city's street network and are necessary to accommodate the continuing growth and development of the city.
- 3. It is necessary and desirable to obtain rights-of-way for off-site, abutting and internal thoroughfares to support new development at the time of platting, rezoning or development of the land.
- 4. The purpose of the provisions within this chapter are to ensure that both development impacts on off-site and on-site thoroughfare rights-of-way are mitigated through contributions and/or improvements of thoroughfare rights-of-way and that new development does not contribute more than their proportionate share of costs or construction of thoroughfare rights-of-way and only contribute that which is necessary and attributable to their development.
- It is the city's intent to assure that dedication of thoroughfare and street rights-of-way and their construction requirements are proportional to the traffic demands created by a new development.
- 6. It is the intent of the city that a road adequacy determination be made concurrent with consideration and approval of rezoning applications and development applications.

### B. Applicability.

- 1. A traffic impact analysis (TIA), in adherence to standards contained within this title and City of El Paso approved guidelines, shall be required under the following criteria:
  - For all proposed developments within the city limits and within the city's extraterritorial jurisdiction
    where the development is expected to generate traffic in excess of one thousand average daily
    trips.
  - b. If a development project will generate more than one hundred peak hour trips.
- The number of trips generated by the proposed development shall be based on land uses and intensities
  according to the latest edition of the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation Manual
  or locally approved trip generation rates. The daily trip generation rate shall be computed based upon
  the maximum land use intensity allowed under the proposed new zoning.
- 3. Exceptions. An applicant may request that the city manager or designee waive the requirement for a TIA.

  The requirement for a TIA may be waived under the following criteria:
  - a. The city manager or designee determine that a TIA is not needed due to traffic analysis or traffic studies already completed; or
  - b. Improvements are already, constructed that will serve and support the new development; or
- 4. An applicant may request to the city manager or designee that the submittal of the traffic impact analysis be deferred to the subdivision stage of the development; the request shall be approved provided that the following requirements are met:
  - a. The property proposed for rezoning has not yet been platted; and
  - b. The proposed development generates less than five hundred peak hour trips.

El Paso, TX Code of Ordinances

- 5. Alternative method of calculating traffic impact.
  - a. In lieu of a traffic impact analysis, the developer or applicant may request that the city accept an
    alternative method of calculating the impact that the new development will have on traffic and
    thoroughfare rights-of-way.
  - b. Factors to consider in determining whether to accept an alternate method of calculating the traffic impact are:
    - (1) The proposed development generates less than five hundred peak hour trips; and
    - (2) The existing roadway segments within ½-mile radius level of service is an A, B, C, or D, based on the latest version of the Highway Capacity Manual; and
    - (3) Existing intersections within ½-mile radius level of service is an A, B, C, or D based on the latest version of the Highway Capacity Manual; and
    - (4) There are no existing safety problems (sight distance, high crash incidence rate, etc.)
    - (5) Whether the data used in the calculation is no older than one year.
  - c. Upon review and analysis of the data and information provided by the applicant or developer, the city manager or designee may accept the calculation and base any mitigation required or proportionate share or contribution on the calculations submitted by the developer.

(Ord. 16882 § 2 (part), 2008)

(Ord. No. 17236, § 27, 11-10-2009; Ord. No. 17251, § 10, 12-15-2009; Ord. No. 17739, § 1, 3-6-2012; Ord. No. <u>18649</u>, §§ 1, 2, 3-21-2017)

19.18.020 - Standards for and timing of traffic impact analysis.

- A. TIA and update required. A TIA shall be submitted with a zoning application, a preliminary plat or with the land study. If previously submitted, an updated TIA shall also be submitted with the final plat if substantial changes have been made from the preliminary plat, and shall be generally consistent with the TIA submitted with the preliminary plat. The initial TIA may also be updated whenever the plan for the proposed development is modified to authorize more intensive development.
- B. Contents.
  - The TIA on a land study (or preliminary plat or zoning application if no land study is provided) shall identify or determine the following:
    - a. Trips to be generated by the proposed development trip generation shall be calculated using the latest edition of ITE's Trip Generation Manual or trip generation rates approved by the City of El Paso;
    - b. Distribution and assignment of such trips to the road network analyzed;
    - c. The capacity of affected thoroughfares before and after the proposed development. Capacity shall be quantified by level-of-service based on the latest version of the Highway Capacity Manual. The volume to capacity ratio (v/c) shall be included in the level-of-service tables. The capacity analysis shall include the AM and PM peak hours, twenty-four-hour, and special times or days of the week dependant of the land use's peak traffic generating time periods as determined from the latest version of ITE's Trip Generation Manual. Additional factors such as pedestrian trips, bicycles, and mass transit as possibly mitigating vehicle trip counts shall be considered where warranted;
    - d. Deficient thoroughfares or roadways shall be determined based upon the minimum acceptable

El Paso, TX Code of Ordinances

level-of-service as put forth in the following table:

### Table 19.18-1. Required Minimum Acceptable Level-of-Service (Roadways)

		Level-of-Servic	e Without Prop	osed Developm	ent		
Proposed		А	В	С	D	Е	F
Developed Projected	А	А	-	-	-	-	-
Level-of- Service	В	В	В	-	-	-	-
	С	В	С	С	-	-	-
	D	В	С	С	<sup>A</sup> D	-	-
	Е	В	С	С	<sup>A</sup> D	AB E	-
	F	В	С	С	^D	<sup>AB</sup> E	AB F

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> The city may choose to participate in roadway improvements to restore a minimum level-of-service C.

- e. The development project's proportionate share of the costs of such thoroughfares and modifications including rights-of-way.
- 2. The TIA on a preliminary plat and a zoning application (or building permit if not submitted previously, or final plat if no preliminary is provided) shall identify or determine the following:
  - a. Turning movements at intersections, access points and median breaks;
  - Analysis of median breaks, ingress and egress and all intersections, including a queue analysis, for both AM and PM peak hours and special times or days of the week dependant of the land use's peak traffic generating time periods as determined from the latest version of ITE's Trip Generation Manual;
  - The capacity of affected intersections before and after the proposed development shall be
    reported, based on the latest version of the Highway Capacity Manual, adjusted to reflect existing
    signal timing plans. The volume to capacity ratio (v/c) shall be included in the intersection level-ofservice tables;
  - d. Deficient intersections and capacity. Deficient intersections shall be determined based upon the minimum acceptable level-of-service as put forth in the following table:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> In cases where the level-of-service of the roadway network without development is below a level-of-service D the proposed development shall not increase roadway intersection delay. The city manager or designee may deem that the proposed development cannot be supported by the existing roadway network.

#### El Paso, TX Code of Ordinances

### Table 19.18-2. Required Minimum Acceptable Level-of-Service (Intersections)

		Level-of-Servic	e Without Prop	osed Developm	ent		
Proposed		А	В	С	D	Е	F
Developed Projected	А	А	-	-	-	-	-
Level-of- Service	В	В	В	-	-	-	-
	С	В	С	С	-	-	-
	D	В	С	С	<sup>A</sup> D	-	-
	E	В	С	С	<sup>A</sup> D	<sup>AB</sup> E	-
	F	В	С	С	<sup>A</sup> D	AB E	AB F

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> The city may choose to participate in roadway improvements to restore a minimum level-of-service C.

- e. Specific recommendations for thoroughfare, intersection, and roadway improvements and traffic
  control modifications and other traffic improvements to mitigate the traffic from the proposed
  development (any proposed signal timing must include the entire coordinated system not just
  intersections within the TIA study area);
- f. The development project's proportionate share of the costs of such improvements and modifications including rights-of-way; and
- g. Specific recommendations including but not limited to bus turnouts, auxiliary lanes, traffic calming, location of access points, location of median cuts, parking lot layout and site distance.
- 3. The method of preparing the TIA shall be as approved by the city traffic engineer.
- C. Capital improvements plan for roads. The capacity of a thoroughfare may be considered adequate for purposes of a TIA if a needed improvement is included, funded, and approved in the city's, county's or state's two-year capital improvements plan for roads, or, if the improvement is included, funded, and approved in the city's, county's or state's three- to five-year capital improvements plan for roads, provided that the applicant agrees to phase development to conform to such scheduled improvement. This chapter shall not be construed to prevent the city from requiring dedication of rights-of-way for such roads, or from assigning trips to such roads in a TIA in order to determine a development project's proportionate costs of improvements.
- D. Use intensity table. Where a proposed plat application does not designate the land use or intensity of use

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> In cases where the level-of-service of the roadway network without development is below a level-of-service D the proposed development shall not increase roadway intersection delay. The city manager or designee may deem that the proposed development cannot be supported by the existing roadway network.

#### El Paso, TX Code of Ordinances

proposed for the development, for purposes of ascertaining the applicability of this chapter and the trips to be generated, the city may utilize typical uses and intensities of use. For land to be developed for nonresidential or multiple-family use in the city's extraterritorial jurisdiction, the city may utilize uses and intensities of use that are typical in the most intensive zoning district that authorizes the type of use proposed in the development.

(Ord. 16882 § 2 (part), 2008)

(Ord. No. 17739, § 2, 3-6-2012)

19.18.030 - Criteria for determining traffic impact analysis requirements.

Scope. The scope of a traffic impact analysis is an analysis of the area surrounding the development that will be impacted by the development to determine the range of area that must be included in the TIA. The scope of the traffic impact analysis shall be based on the peak hour trips projected to be generated by the proposed development, as set forth in the following table. Additionally, a scoping meeting shall be coordinated with the city manager or designee in order to determine the study intersections within the scope of the TIA.

Table 19.18-3: Criteria for Determining Traffic Impact Analysis

Peak Hour Trips	TIA Analysis Period	TIA Scope
99 or less	1. n/a	Not Required
100—500	1. Existing	The frontage of the property, all
	2. Opening year	access points (including common access), and all intersections
	3. Full build-out year	within a ½ mile radius of the proposed development.
501—1000	1. Existing	The frontage of the property, all
	2. Opening year	access points (including common access), and all intersections
	3. Full build-out year	within a 1 mile radius of the proposed development.
	4. 5 years after opening year	
1,000 or more	1. Existing	The frontage of the property, all
	2. Opening year	access points (including common access), and all intersections
	3. Full build-out year	within a 1 1/2 mile radius of the proposed development.
	4. 5 years after opening year	



(Ord. 16882 § 2 (part), 2008)

(Ord. No. 17739, § 1, 3-6-2012)

19.18.040 - City evaluation and action.

#### A. Criteria.

- 1. The city manager or designee shall evaluate the adequacy of the TIA prepared by the applicant. Based upon such evaluation, the city manager, or designee shall make recommendations concerning:
  - a. Whether the application may be approved in the absence of dedication of rights-of-way or construction of improvements to each affected thoroughfare; and
  - b. The extent of the applicant's obligations to make such dedications or improvements.
- The city manager, or designee may recommend, and the decision-maker on the application may attach, conditions to the approval of the development application, based on one or more of the following performances by the applicant:
  - a. Delay or phasing of development until thoroughfares with adequate capacity or intersection improvements are constructed;
  - A reduction in the density or intensity of the proposed development sufficient to assure that the road network has adequate capacity to accommodate the additional traffic to be generated by the development;
  - c. The dedication or construction of thoroughfares or traffic control improvements needed to mitigate the traffic impacts generated by the proposed development; or
  - d. Any combination of techniques that assures that the traffic impacts of the development will be mitigated.
- B. Deferral of obligation. Upon request of the applicant or property owner, the obligation to dedicate or improve thoroughfare rights-of-way or to make intersection improvements imposed on a development application may be deferred until the city's action on a subordinate (i.e., subsequent) development application. As a condition of deferring the obligation to dedicate rights-of-way for or to improve thoroughfares, the deferral shall be at the sole discretion of the city. The city shall require the developer to execute a subdivision improvement agreement (see Section 19.08.020) acceptable to the city attorney specifying the amount and timing of the rights-of-way dedication or improvements to thoroughfares.

(Ord. 16882 § 2 (part), 2008)

(Ord. No. 17739, § 1, 3-6-2012)

# **B** Site Visit Photos



Photo 1: Northbound approach at the intersection of Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) and Constitution Avenue



Photo 2: Southbound approach at the intersection Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) and Constitution Avenue



Photo 3: Eastbound approach at the intersection Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) and Constitution Avenue



Photo 4: Westbound approach at the intersection Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) and Constitution Avenue



Photo 5: Eastbound approach at the intersection of Iron Dustoff Drive and Constitution Avenue



Photo 6: Southbound approach at the intersection of Iron Dustoff Drive and Constitution Avenue



Photo 7: Southbound approach at the intersection of Iron Dustoff Drive and Iron Medics Drive



Photo 8: Westbound approach at the intersection of Iron Dustoff Drive and Iron Medics Drive



Photo 9: Northbound approach at the intersection of Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) and Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard)



Photo 10: Southbound approach at the intersection of Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) and Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard)



Photo 11: Eastbound approach at the intersection of Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) and Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard)



Photo 12: Westbound approach at the intersection of Spur 601 (Liberty Expressway) and Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard)



Photo 13: Northwest-bound approach at the intersection of Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) access road (North) and Iron Medics Drive



Photo 14: Northeast-bound approach at the intersection of Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) access road (North) and Iron Medics Drive



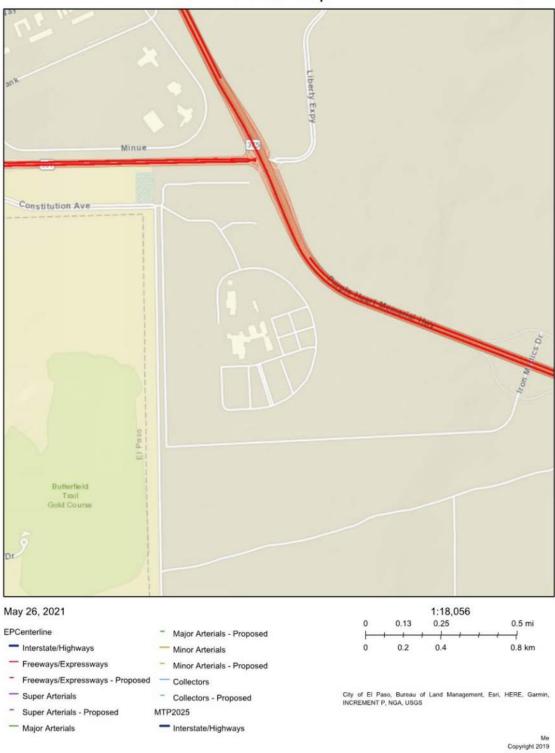
Photo 15: Eastbound approach at the intersection of Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) access road (South) and Iron Medics Drive



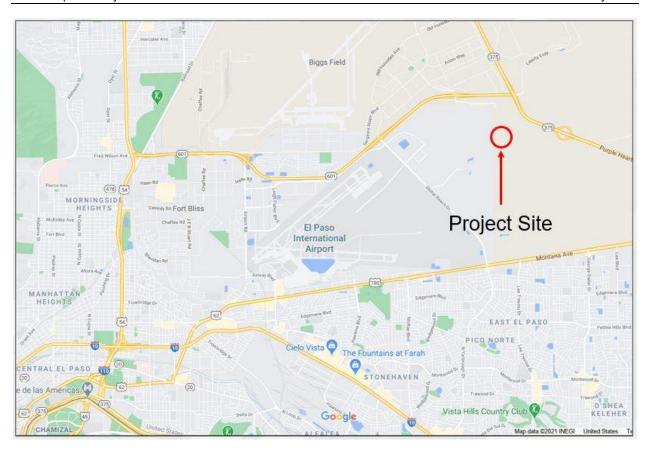
Photo 16: Southbound approach at the intersection of Loop 375 (Purple Heart Boulevard) access road (South) and Iron Medics Drive

# C City of El Paso Major Thoroughfare Plan (MTP)

## Viewer Map



# D Site Location Maps





# E Turning Movement Counts (TMCs)

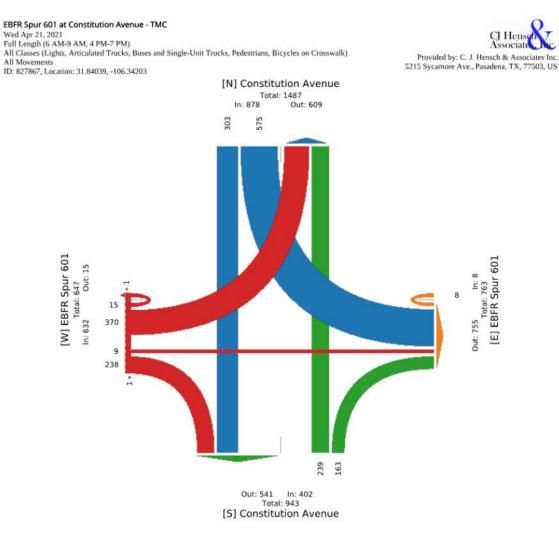
EBFR Spur 601 at Constitution Avenue - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
Full Length (6 AM-9 AM, 4 PM-7 PM)
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827867, Location: 31.84039, -106.34203



Provided by: C. J. Hensch & Associates Inc. 5215 Sycamore Ave., Pasadena, TX, 77503, US

Leg	Con						Constitution Avenue EB				EBFR Spur 601 EBFR Spur 601													
Direction	Non	thbound				Southbou	ınd					Eastboun	ıd					Westbound						
Time	L	T	R	U	App Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	Int
2021-04-21 6:00AN	0 1	3	0	0	<b>3</b> 0	1	8	0	0	9	0	27	0	6	3	36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	41
6:15AM	0 1	8	2	0	<b>10</b> 0	9	18	0	0	27	0	35	0	12	2	49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	86
6:30AM	0 1	14	3	0	<b>17</b> 0	19	27	0	0	46	0	61	0	21	0	82	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	143
6:45AM	0 1	11	1	0	<b>12</b> 0	27	39	0	0	66	0	49	0	25	0	74	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	153
Hourly Tota	0	36	6	0	<b>42</b> 0	56	92	0	0	148	0	172	0	64	5	241	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	43
7:00AM	0 1	9	2	0	<b>11</b> 0	27	20	0	0	47	0	29	1	15	0	45	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	10-
7:15AM	0 1	9	3	0	<b>12</b> 0	30	30	0	0	60	0	25	0	27	2	54	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	120
7:30AM	0	7	5	0	<b>12</b> 0	28	24	0	0	52	0	17	0	24	0	41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
7:45AM	0 1	8	0	0	8 0	11	18	0	0	29	0	7	0	24	0	31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	61
Hourly Tota	0	33	10	0	<b>43</b> 0	96	92	0	0	188	0	78	1	90	2	171	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	403
8:00AM	0	12	7	0	<b>19</b> 0	4	23	0	0	27	0	6	0	12	0	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
8:15AM	0 1	11	11	0	<b>22</b> 0	6	10	0	0	16	0	6	1	9	1	17	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	57
8:30AM	0 1	10	4	0	<b>14</b> 0	5	7	0	0	12	0	9	0	8	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
8:45AN	0 1	12	6	0	<b>18</b> 0	4	11	0	0	15	0	12	0	14	0	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	55
Hourly Tota	0	45	28	0	<b>73</b> 0	19	51	0	0	70	0	33	1	43	1	78	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	22
4:00PN	-	23	34	0	<b>57</b> 0	26	3	0	0	29	0	3	0	3	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	93
4:15PN	_		11	0	<b>22</b> 0	_	2	0	0	40	0	_	2	5	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7.
4:30PN	-	9	12	0	<b>21</b> 0	_	10	0	0	93	0	5	2	6	0	13	0	0	0	0	- 1	1	0	-
4:45PN	1 0		7		<b>23</b> 0	29	15	0	0	44	0	3	0	5	1	9	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	71
Hourly Tota	_	59	64	0	<b>123</b> 0	176	30	0	0	206	0	13	4	19	2	38	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	370
5:00PN	-	10	19		<b>29</b> 0	35	7	0	0	42	0	7	0	2	0	9	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
5:15PN	_	14	12		<b>26</b> 0	37	7	0	0	44	0	12	2	6	1	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
5:30PN	_		7		17 0	_	6	0	0	35	0	_	1	2	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
5:45PN	_		2	_	7 0	24	6	0	0	30	0	_	0	2	3	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
Hourly Tota	_	39	40		<b>79</b> 0	125	26	0	0	151	0	_	3	12	4	55	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
6:00PN	_		8	_	22 0	43	4	0	0	47	0	4	0	5	1	10	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	8
6:15PN	-	6	3		9 0	27	3	0	0	30	0	6	0	3	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
6:30PN	_	5	1		6 0	22	1	0	0	23	0	_	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
6:45PN	-				5 0	11	4	0	0	15	0	_	0	2	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_
Hourly Tota	_		15		<b>42</b> 0	_	12	0	0	115	0	_	0	10	1	49	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	_
Tota	-		163		<b>402</b> 0		303	0		878	0		9	238	15	632	2	0	0	0	8	8	0	
% Approach	_		40.5%		402 0	65.5%		0%		8/8	0	58.5%	1.4%	37.7%	2.4%	632		_	0%		100%	- 8	0	1920
% Approact			8.5%		20.9% -	29.9%				45,7%	_	19.3%	0.5%	12,4%		32.9%	-	_	0%		0.4%	0.4%	_	$\vdash$
Light	_		161	0 76	392 -	567	299	0 70	0 70	866	_	360	9	235	15	619	-	0%	0 76	0 70	0.476	7	_	188-
Lights % Lights	_				97.5% -	98.6%			_	98.6%	_	97.3%	100%	98.7%		97.9%	-	_		_	87.5%	87.5%	_	98.19
% Light	-	96.7%	98.8%		97.5% -	30.076	98.7%	0%	0%	98.6%	_	97.3%	100%	98.7%	100%	97.9%	-	0%	0%	0%	07.376	87.5%	_	98.17
% Articulated Trucks	_	0%	0%		0% -	0.2%			0%	0.1%	_	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	ı.	0%	_	12.5%	12.5%	_	0.19
						0.2%	0% 4	0%	0%		_	_	0%	3	0%	13	-	0%	0%	0%	12.5%	12.5%	_	0.19
Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	-		1.20/		10 -	1,2%	1.3%		_	11	_	10		1.3%	0%	2.1%	-	<u> </u>	0%	_	0%	0%	_	1.89
% Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	_	3.3%	1.2%		2.5% -	_	1.5%	U%		1.3%	-	2.7%	0%			2.1%	-	0%			0%	0%	-	1.89
Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	- 0	<u> </u>	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	1005	H.	-	_	_	-	0	$\vdash$
% Pedestrians	-	-	-	-		<u> </u>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100%	i i	-	-	-	-	-	<del>                                     </del>
Bicycles on Crosswall	-		-	-	- 0	<u> </u>	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	i .	-	-	-	-	0	<del></del>
% Bicycles on Crosswall	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	

<sup>\*</sup>Pedestrians and Bicycles on Crosswalk. L: Left, R: Right, T: Thru, U: U-Turn



### EBFR Spur 601 at Constitution Avenue - TMC

Wed Apr 21, 2021

AM Peak (6:30 AM - 7:30 AM) - Overall Peak Hour

All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)

All Movements

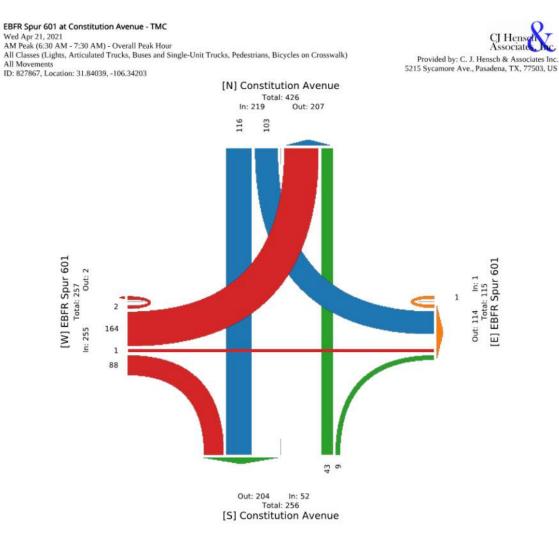
ID: 827867, Location: 31.84039, -106.34203



Provided by: C. J. Hensch & Associates Inc. 5215 Sycamore Ave., Pasadena, TX, 77503, US

Leg Direction		titution /	Avenue				Constitut		nue				EBFR Sp Eastboun						EBFI West		ur 601 nd	l		$\neg$	
Time	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	Т	R	U	Арр	Ped*	L	Т	R	U	Арр	Ped*	L	Т	R	U	App	Ped*	Int
2021-04-21 6:30AM	0	14	3	0	17	0	19	27	0	0	46	0	61	0	21	0	82	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	145
6:45AM	0	11	1	0	12	0	27	39	0	0	66	0	49	0	25	0	74	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	152
7:00AM	0	9	2	0	11	0	27	20	0	0	47	0	29	1	15	0	45	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	104
7:15AM	0	9	3	0	12	0	30	30	0	0	60	0	25	0	27	2	54	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	126
Total	0	43	9	0	52	0	103	116	0	0	219	0	164	- 1	88	2	255	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	527
% Approach	0%	82.7%	17.3%	0%	-	-	47.0%	53.0%	0%	0%	-	-	64.3%	0.4%	34.5%	0.8%	-	-	0%	0%	0%	100%	-	-	-
% Total	0%	8.2%	1.7%	0%	9.9%	-	19.5%	22.0%	0%	0%	41.6%	-	31.1%	0.2%	16.7%	0.4%	48.4%	-	0%	0%	0%	0.2%	0.2%	-	-
PHF	-	0.768	0.750	-	0.765	-	0.858	0.744	-	-	0.830	-	0.672	0.250	0.815	0.250	0.777	-	-	-	-	0.250	0.250	-	0.867
Lights	0	42	8	0	50	-	102	116	0	0	218	-	161	1	86	2	250	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	518
% Lights	0%	97.7%	88.9%	0%	96.2%	-	99.0%	100%	0%	0%	99.5%	-	98.2%	100%	97.7%	100%	98.0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	98.3%
Articulated Trucks	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	1	1	-	1
% Articulated Trucks	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	100%	100%	-	0.2%
Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0	1	1	0	2	-	1	0	0	0	1	-	3	0	2	0	5	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	8
% Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0%	2.3%	11.1%	0%	3.8%	-	1.0%	0%	0%	0%	0.5%	-	1.8%	0%	2.3%	0%	2.0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	1.5%
Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	
% Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	
% Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>\*</sup>Pedestrians and Bicycles on Crosswalk. L: Left, R: Right, T: Thru, U: U-Turn

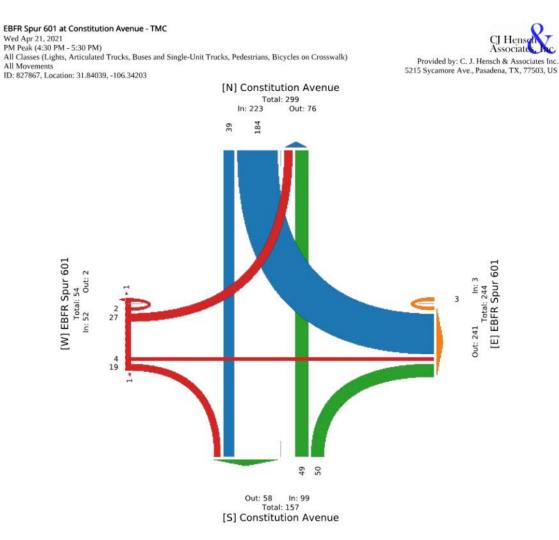


EBFR Spur 601 at Constitution Avenue - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
PM Peak (4:30 PM - 5:30 PM)
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827867, Location: 31.84039, -106.34203



Leg	Cons	titution A	Avenue				Constitut	tion Ave	nue				EBFR Sp	ur 601					EBF	R Sp	ur 601	1		$\neg$	
Direction	North	hbound					Southbou	und					Eastboun	d					West	bour	nd				
Time	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	Т	R	U	App	Ped*	Int
2021-04-21 4:30PM	0	9	12	0	21	0	83	10	0	0	93	0	5	2	6	0	13	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	128
4:45PM	0	16	7	0	23	0	29	15	0	0	44	0	3	0	5	1	9	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	78
5:00PM	0	10	19	0	29	0	35	7	0	0	42	0	7	0	2	0	9	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	80
5:15PM	0	14	12	0	26	0	37	7	0	0	44	0	12	2	6	1	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	91
Total	0	49	50	0	99	0	184	39	0	0	223	0	27	4	19	2	52	2	0	0	0	3	3	0	377
% Approach	0%	49.5%	50.5%	0%	-	-	82.5%	17.5%	0%	0%	-	-	51.9%	7.7%	36.5%	3.8%	-	-	0%	0%	0%	100%	-	-	-
% Total	0%	13.0%	13.3%	0%	26.3%	-	48.8%	10.3%	0%	0%	59.2%	-	7.2%	1.1%	5.0%	0.5%	13.8%	-	0%	0%	0%	0.8%	0.8%	-	-
PHF	-	0.766	0.658	-	0.853	-	0.554	0.650	-	-	0.599	-	0.563	0.500	0.792	0.500	0.619	-	-	-	-	0.375	0.375	-1	0.736
Lights	0	48	50	0	98	-	183	38	0	0	221	-	25	4	19	2	50	-	0	0	0	3	3	-	372
% Lights	0%	98.0%	100%	0%	99.0%	-	99.5%	97.4%	0%	0%	99.1%	-	92.6%	100%	100%	100%	96.2%	-	0%	0%	0%	100%	100%		98.7%
Articulated Trucks	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0
% Articulated Trucks	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%
Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0	1	0	0	1	-	1	1	0	0	2	-	2	0	0	0	2	-	0	0	0	0	0	-1	5
% Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0%	2.0%	0%	0%	1.0%	-	0.5%	2.6%	0%	0%	0.9%	-	7.4%	0%	0%	0%	3.8%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	1.3%
Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	0	
% Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	
% Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>\*</sup>Pedestrians and Bicycles on Crosswalk. L: Left, R: Right, T: Thru, U: U-Turn

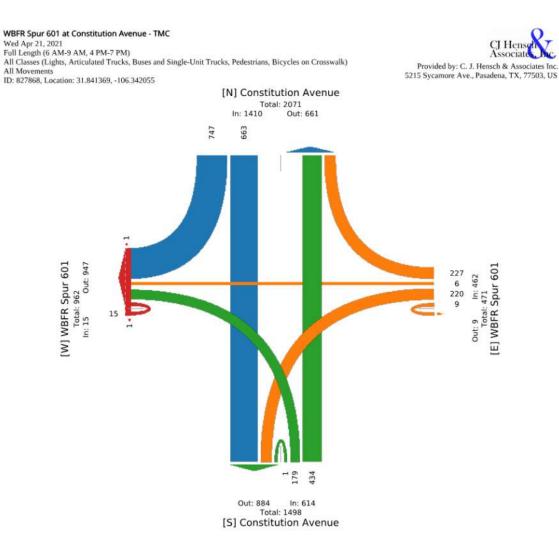


WBFR Spur 601 at Constitution Avenue - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
Full Length (6 AM-9 AM, 4 PM-7 PM)
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827868, Location: 31.841369, -106.342055



Leg Co Direction No Time 2021-04-21 6:00 AM 6:15 AM 6:30 AM 6:45 AM Hourly Total 7:30 AM 7:15 AM 7:30 AM Hourly Total 8:00 AM	L 2 3 10 5 20 6 7 2 7	T 28 43 68 56 195 27	R 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	U 0 0 0	App Ped* 30 0 46 0 78 0	L 0	bound T 2 10	R 22	U 0	App	Ped*	Eastb L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	Westbou L	nd T	R	U		Ped*	
2021-04-21 6:00AM 6:15AM 6:30AM 6:45AM Hourly Total 7:00AM 7:15AM 7:30AM 7:45AM Hourly Total 8:00AM	2 3 10 5 20 6 7	28 43 68 56 195 27 27	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	30 0 46 0 78 0	0	2		_		Ped*	-	_	R	U	Арр	Ped*	L	T	R	U		Ped*	
6:15AM 6:30AM 6:45AM Hourly Total 7:00AM 7:15AM 7:30AM 7:45AM Hourly Total 8:00AM	3 10 5 20 6 7	43 68 56 195 27 27	0 0 0	0	<b>46</b> 0 <b>78</b> 0	0		22	0		_													
6:30AM 6:45AM Hourly Total 7:00AM 7:15AM 7:30AM 7:45AM Hourly Total 8:00AM	10 5 20 6 7 2	68 56 195 27 27	0	0	<b>78</b> 0	-	10			24	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	10	0	31	0	41	0	9
6:45AM Hourly Total 7:00AM 7:15AM 7:30AM 7:45AM Hourly Total 8:00AM	5 20 6 7 2	56 195 27 27	0	0		-		12	0	22	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	15	2	24	0	41	0	111
Hourly Total 7:00AM 7:15AM 7:30AM 7:45AM 4:45AM Hourly Total 8:00AM	20 6 7 2	195 27 27	0			0	24	31	0	55	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	32	0	28	0	60	0	193
Hourly Total 7:00AM 7:15AM 7:30AM 7:45AM 4:45AM Hourly Total 8:00AM	20 6 7 2	195 27 27	0		<b>61</b> 0	0	30	21	0	51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	0	31	0	59	0	17
7:00AM 7:15AM 7:30AM 7:45AM Hourly Total 8:00AM	6 7 2	27 27			215 0	0	66	86	0	152	0	0	0	0	5	5	0	_	2	114	0	201	0	573
7:15AM 7:30AM 7:45AM Hourly Total 8:00AM	7	27	-	0	<b>33</b> 0	0	35	44	0	79	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	23	1	44	0	150
7:30AM 7:45AM Hourly Total 8:00AM	2		0	0	<b>34</b> 0	0	35	53	0	88	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	_	0	10	0	29	0	_
7:45AM Hourly Total 8:00AM		20	0	1	<b>23</b> 0	0	33	46	0	79	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		1	11	- 1	30	0	_
Hourly Total 8:00AM		8	0	0	<b>15</b> 0	0	15	28	0	43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	4	0	19	0	_
8:00AM	22	82	0	1	<b>105</b> 0	0	118	171	0	289	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	_	1	48	2	122	0	-
	9	9	0	0	18 0	0	7	19	0	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	0	1	0	20	0	6
	7	12	0	0	19 0	0	7	16	0	23	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	_	0	4	2	14	0	5
8:30AM	5	12	0	0	17 0	0	7	10	0	17	0	ı.	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	5	0	10	0	_
8:45AM	11	16	0	0	27 0	0	6	13	0	19	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	8	0	19	0	6
Hourly Total	32	49	0	0	81 0	0	27	58	0	85	0	_	0	0	1	1	0	_	0	18	2	63	0	
4:00PM	22	4	0	0	<b>26</b> 0	0	28	19	0	47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	10	0	3	0	79
4:15PM	10	2	0	0	12 0	0	38	35	0	73	0	0	0	0	- 1	1	0	_	0	1	0	3	0	8
4:30PM	7	7	0	0	14 0	0	89	61	0	150	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	1	2	10	0	174
4:45PM	12	6	0	0	18 0	-	39	48	0	87	0	-	0	0	1	1	0	_	0	3	1	7	0	_
	51	19			<b>70</b> 0	0	194	163		357	0	ı.	0		2	2		_	1		3	23	0	_
Hourly Total 5:00PM	10	19	0	0		_	41	58	0	99	0	_	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	6	0	23	0	120
					19 0 25 0	0	41			78	0	0		0			- 4	1	1	1			0	113
5:15PM	12	13	0	0		0		36	0	_	0	ı.	0	0	1	1	0	_	_	8	0	11	0	10
5:30PM	10	10	0	0		0	33	40	0	73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	6	0	8	U	_
5:45PM	3	10	0	0	13 0	-	30	31	0	61	0	<u> </u>	0	0	3	3	0	_	0	4	0	7	0	_
Hourly Total	35	42	0	0	<b>77</b> 0	0	146	165	0	311	0	<u> </u>	0	0	4	4	- 2	8	1	19	0	28	0	
6:00PM	9	7		0	<b>16</b> 0	0	43	28	0	71	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	_	0	4	2	6	0	9
6:15PM	4	9	0	0	<b>13</b> 0	0	30	33	0	63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	5	0	5	0	8
6:30PM	5	15	0	0	<b>20</b> 0	0	23	19	0	42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	5	0	6
6:45PM	1	16	0	0	<b>17</b> 0	_	16	24	0	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	9	0	9	0	60
Hourly Total	19	47	0	0	<b>66</b> 0	0	112	104	0	216	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	22	2	25	0	30
Total	179	434	0	1	<b>614</b> 0	0	663	747	0	1410	0	0	0	0	15	15	- 2	220	6	227	9	462	0	250
% Approach 2:	29.2%	70.7%	0% 0	0.2%		0%	47.0%	53.0%	0%	-	-	0%	0%	0%	100%	-	-	47.6%	1.3%	49.1%	1.9%	-	-	
% Total	7.2%	17.4%	0%	0%	24.6% -	0%	26.5%	29.9%	0%	56.4%	-	0%	0%	0%	0.6%	0.6%	-	8.8%	0.2%	9.1%	0.4%	18.5%	-	
Lights	174	420	0	1	595 -	0	654	741	0	1395	-	0	0	0	15	15	-	217	6	221	8	452	-	245
% Lights 9	97.2%	96.8%	0% 1	00%	96.9% -	0%	98.6%	99.2%	0%	98.9%	-	0%	0%	0%	100%	100%	-	98.6%	100%	97.4%	88.9%	97.8%	-	98.29
Articulated Trucks	0	0	0	0	0 -	0	1	0	0	1	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	- 0	0	1	1	2	-	
% Articulated Trucks	0%	0%	0%	0%	0% -	0%	0.2%	0%	0%	0.1%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0.4%	11.1%	0.4%	-	0.19
Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	5	14	0	0	19 -	0	8	6	0	14	-	0	0	0	0	0		3	0	5	0	8	-	4
% Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	2.8%	3.2%	0%	0%	3.1% -	0%	1.2%	0.8%	0%	1.0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		1.4%	0%	2.2%	0%	1.7%	-	1.69
Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	- 0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	0	$\overline{}$
% Pedestrians	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	- 0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	$\overline{}$
% Bicycles on Crosswalk			-	_		-			_		_	Ī	_	_	_	_	0%	-	_	_	-	-		$\overline{}$

<sup>\*</sup>Pedestrians and Bicycles on Crosswalk. L: Left, R: Right, T: Thru, U: U-Turn

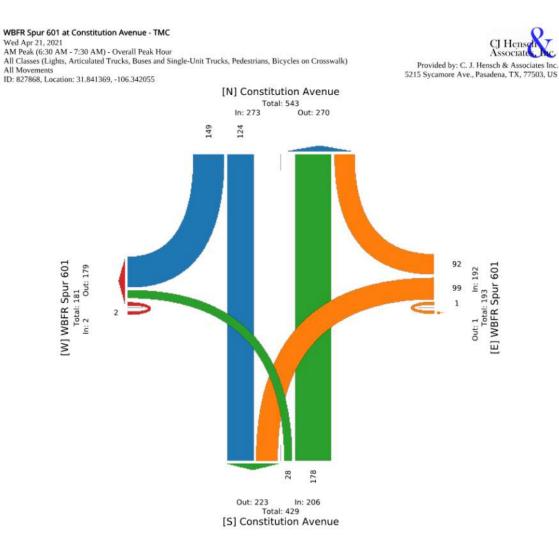


WBFR Spur 601 at Constitution Avenue - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
AM Peak (6:30 AM - 7:30 AM) - Overall Peak Hour
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827868, Location: 31.841369, -106.342055



Leg Direction	Constitut Northbou		nue					titution A	venue				WBF Eastb			1			WBFR S <sub>l</sub> Westbour		01			$\Box$	
Time	L		R	U	App	Ped*	T.	Т	R	U	App		L	T	R	U	App	_	L	Т	R	U	App	Pede	Int
2021-04-21 6:30AM	10	68	0	0	78	0	0	24	31	0	55	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	32	0	28	0	60	0	193
6:45AM	5	56	0	0	61	0	0	30	21	0	51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	0	31	0	59	0	171
7:00AM	- 6	27	_	0	33	0	0	35	44	0	79	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	23	1	44	0	156
7:15AM	7	27	0	0	34	0	0	35	53	0	88	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	19	0	10	0	29	0	153
Total	28	178	0	0	206	0	0	124	149	0	273	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	99	0	92	1	192	0	673
% Approach	_		_	_	200	-	0%	45,4%	54,6%	_	- 2/3	-	0%	_	_	100%		-	51.6%	_	47,9%	0.5%	132	-	0/3
% Total	4.2%	26.4%			30.6%	_	0%	18.4%		0%	40.6%		0%			0.3%	0.3%	_		0%	13.7%	0.1%	28.5%	$\rightarrow$	_
PHF	0.700	0.654	0.0		0,660	_	0.0	0.886	0.703	0.0	0.776	_	0.0	-		0.250		_	0,773	0.0	0.742	0.250	0.800	$\dashv$	0.872
Lights	27	175	0	0	202	_	0	123	148	0	271	_	0	0	0	0.230	0.230	_	98	0	91	0.230	189	-1	664
% Lights			_	_	98.1%	_	0%	99.2%		0%	99.3%	_	0%	_		100%	100%	_	99.0%		98.9%	0%	98.4%	-1	98.7%
Articulated Trucks	30.476	30.3%		0.76	0.176	_	0.76	33.276	99.376		0 0	_	0.76	0.00	0.76	100%	0	_	0 0 0 0		30.3%	070	30.476	-	30.776
% Articulated Trucks	_		0%	_	0%	_	0%	0%		_	0%	_	_	_	_	0%	0%	_	0%	_	0%	1000/	0.50/	-1	0.1%
	0%					_	_	0%	0%	0%		-	0%					-	0%		0%	100%	0.5%		0.1%
Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	1	3	_	0	4	-	0	1	1	0	2	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	1	0	1	0	2		8
% Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	3.6%	1.7%	0%	0%	1.9%	-	0%	0.8%	0.7%	0%	0.7%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	1.0%	0%	1.1%	0%	1.0%	-	1.2%
Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	
% Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	
% Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>\*</sup>Pedestrians and Bicycles on Crosswalk. L: Left, R: Right, T: Thru, U: U-Turn

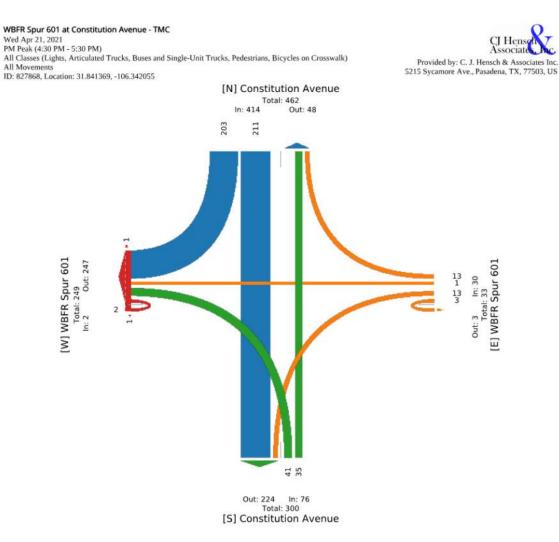


WBFR Spur 601 at Constitution Avenue - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
PM Peak (4:30 PM - 5:30 PM)
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827868, Location: 31.841369, -106.342055



Leg	Constitut	ion Ave	nue				Cons	stitution /	Avenue				WBI	FR Sp	ur 60	)1			WBFR S	pur 601					
Direction	Northbox	ınd					Sout	hbound						bound					Westbou						
Time	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	T	R	U	Арр	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	Int
2021-04-21 4:30PM	7	7	0	0	14	0	0	89	61	0	150	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	1	2	10	0	174
4:45PM	12	6	- 0	0	18	0	0	39	48	0	87	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	0	3	1	7	0	113
5:00PM	10	9	0	0	19	0	0	41	58	0	99	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	2	0	120
5:15PM	12	13	0	0	25	0	0	42	36	0	78	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	1	8	0	11	0	115
Total	41	35	0	0	76	0	0	211	203	0	414	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	13	1	13	3	30	0	522
% Approach	53.9%	46.1%	0%	0%	-	-	0%	51.0%	49.0%	0%	-	-	0%	0%	0%	100%	-	-	43.3%	3.3%	43.3%	10.0%	-	-	
% Total	7.9%	6.7%	0%	0%	14.6%	-	0%	40.4%	38.9%	0%	79.3%	-	0%	0%	0%	0.4%	0.4%	-	2.5%	0.2%	2.5%	0.6%	5.7%	-	-
PHF	0.854	0.673	-	-	0.760	-	-	0.593	0.832	-	0.690	-	-	-	-	0.500	0.500	-	0.464	0.250	0.406	0.375	0.682	-	0.750
Lights	41	32	0	0	73	-	0	210	201	0	411	-	0	0	0	2	2	-	13	1	13	3	30	-	516
% Lights	100%	91.4%	0%	0%	96.1%	-	0%	99.5%	99.0%	0%	99.3%	-	0%	0%	0%	100%	100%	-	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	-	98.9%
Articulated Trucks	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	
% Articulated Trucks	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%
Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0	3	0	0	3	-	0	1	2	0	3	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	6
% Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0%	8.6%	0%	0%	3.9%	-	0%	0.5%	1.0%	0%	0.7%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	1.1%
Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	0	
% Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	
% Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%	-	-	-	-	_	-	

<sup>\*</sup>Pedestrians and Bicycles on Crosswalk. L: Left, R: Right, T: Thru, U: U-Turn



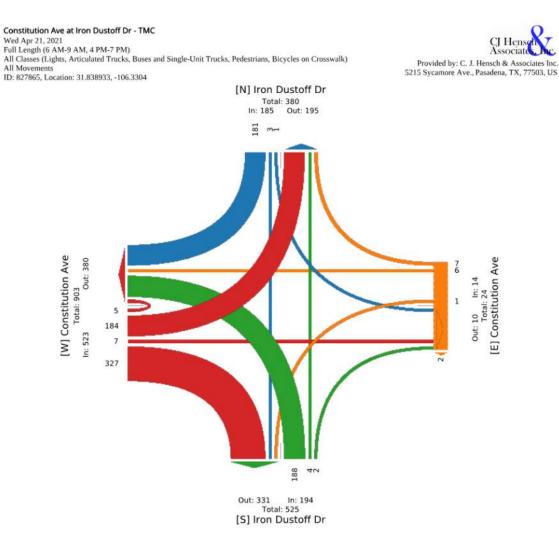
Constitution Ave at Iron Dustoff Dr - TMC

Wed Apr 21, 2021
Full Length (6 AM-9 AM, 4 PM-7 PM)
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827865, Location: 31.838933, -106.3304



Leg	Iron Du	stoff Dr					Iron Du	stoff D	г			Constit	ition Ave	6				Constitu	tion Ave	2				
Direction	Northbo	und					Southbo	ound				Eastbou	ınd					Westbo	and					
Time	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App Ped	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	Int
2021-04-21 6:00AM	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	2 0	9	0	2	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14
6:15AM	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	0	4 (	7	0	16	0	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	29
6:30AM	3	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	11	0	11 0	12	1	37	0	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	65
6:45AM	5	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	6	0	6 (	6	2	57	0	65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	76
Hourly Total	11	1	0	0	12	0	0	0	23	0	23 (	34	3	112	0	149	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	184
7:00AM	5	1	0	0	6	0	0	1	6	0	7 (	9	1	22	0	32	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	46
7:15AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	10 0	11	2	48	0	61	0	1	0	1	0	2	- 1	73
7:30AM	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	10	0	11 (	9	1	36	0	46	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	62
7:45AM	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	3 (	15	0	28	0	43	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	49
Hourly Total	10	1	0	0	11	0	0	2	29	0	31 (	44	4	134	0	182	0	1	1	4	0	6	1	230
8:00AM	3	0	1	0	4	0	0	0	18	0	18 0	13	0	16	0	29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	51
8:15AM	5	- 1	1	0	7	0	0	0	16	0	16 0	8	0	16	0	24	0	0	2	1	0	3	- 1	50
8:30AM	6	0	0	0	6	0	1	0	6	0	7 (	5	0	7	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	25
8:45AM	6	0	0	0	6	0	0	1	8	0	9 (	9	0	18	0	27	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	43
Hourly Total	20	- 1	2	0	23	0	1	1	48	0	50 0	35	0	57	0	92	0	0	3	1	0	4	1	169
4:00PM	53	0	0	0	53	0	0	0	8	0	8 0	6	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	68
4:15PM	11	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	6	0	6 0	) 2	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20
4:30PM	16	0	0	0	16	0	0	0	4	0	4 0	6	0	10	1	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	37
4:45PM	12	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	6	0	6 0	12	0	5	1	18	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	38
Hourly Total	92	0	0	0	92	0	0	0	24	0	24 0	26	0	16	2	44	0	0	1	2	0	3	0	163
5:00PM	14	1	0	0	15	0	0	0	15	0	15 (	7	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	39
5:15PM	13	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	10	0	10 0	12	0	1	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36
5:30PM	13	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	4	0	4 0	6	0	2	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	25
5:45PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	6 (	) 5	0	1	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12
Hourly Total	40	1	0	0	41	0	0	0	35	0	35 0	30	0	4	1	35	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	112
6:00PM	10	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10	0	10 0	) 4	0	3	2	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	29
6:15PM	4	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	5	0	5 (	) 5	0	1	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15
6:30PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3 (	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
6:45PM	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	0	4 (	6	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11
Hourly Total	15	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	22	0	22 0	15	0	4	2	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	58
Total	188	4	2	0	194	0	1	3	181	0	185 (	184	7	327	5	523	0	1	6	7	0	14	2	916
% Approach	_	2.1%	1.0% (		-		0.5%		97.8%			35.2%	1.3%		1.0%			7.1%		50.0%				
% Total	20.5%	0.4%	0.2% (		21.2%	-	0.1%	0.3%	19.8%		20.2%	20.1%		35.7%		57.1%	-	0.1%	0.7%	0.8%		1.5%	-	
Lights	184	4	1	0	189	_	1	3	179	0	183	181	7	322	5	515	_	1	4	7	0	12	-	899
% Lights	97.9%		50.0% (	_	97.4%	_	100%	_	98.9%	_		98.4%			_	98.5%	_	100%	66.7%	100%	_	85.7%	_	98.1%
Articulated Trucks	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0 -	- 0		0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0
% Articulated Trucks	0%	0%	0% (		0%	_	0%	0%	0%	_	0%	- 0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	_	0%	0%	0%		0%	-	0%
Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	4	0.0	1	0	5	-	0.0	0.0	2		2 .	- 3		5	0.0	8	-	0	2	0.0	0	2	_	17
% Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	2.1%		50.0% (	_	2.6%		0%	0%	1.1%	_	1.1%	1.6%	0%	1.5%	0%	1.5%	_	_	33.3%	_	_	14.3%		1.9%
Pedestrians			50.070	-	2.070	n			2.2.70	2.0	- (	2.070	0,0			1.570	0	-	55.570	0,0	-	- 1010	2	2.07
% Pedestrians				_		-	1			_					_		-	<u> </u>			_		100%	
Bicycles on Crosswalk	-			÷		0	-			÷	- (						0	-		_	÷		0	
% Bicycles on Crosswalk	1			÷		- 0	<u> </u>	_		-	- (			_	_		-	<u> </u>			÷		0%	
*D I I I I I I		11 .		_	n: 1.	-		_		_	-			_	_				_		_		0.70	

<sup>\*</sup>Pedestrians and Bicycles on Crosswalk. L: Left, R: Right, T: Thru, U: U-Turn



## Constitution Ave at Iron Dustoff Dr - TMC

Wed Apr 21, 2021

AM Peak (6:30 AM - 7:30 AM) - Overall Peak Hour

All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)

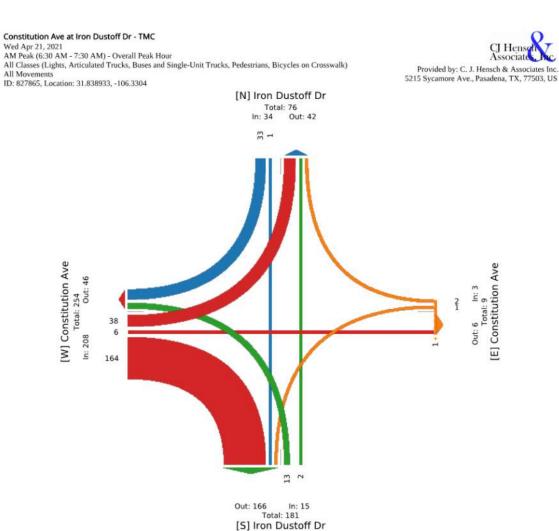
All Movements

ID: 827865, Location: 31.838933, -106.3304



Leg	Iron Dus	toff Dr					Iron	Dustoff	Dr				Constituti	on Ave					Constitut	tion A	ive			$\neg$	
Direction	Northbou	ınd					Sou	thbound					Eastboune	d					Westbou	nd					1
Time	L	Т	R	U	App	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	Т	R	U	Арр	Ped*	L	Т	R	U	App	Ped*	Int
2021-04-21 6:30AM	3	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	11	0	11	0	12	1	37	0	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	65
6:45AM	5	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	6	0	6	0	6	2	57	0	65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	76
7:00AM	5	1	0	0	6	0	0	1	6	0	7	0	9	1	22	0	32	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	46
7:15AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	10	0	11	2	48	0	61	0	1	0	1	0	2	1	73
Total	13	2	0	0	15	0	0	- 1	33	0	34	0	38	6	164	0	208	0	- 1	0	2	0	3	1	260
% Approach	86.7%	13.3%	0%	0%	-	-	0%	2.9%	97.1%	0%	-	-	18.3%	2.9%	78.8%	0%	-	-	33.3%	0%	66.7%	0%	-	-	
% Total	5.0%	0.8%	0%	0%	5.8%	-	0%	0.4%	12.7%	0%	13.1%	-	14.6%	2.3%	63.1%	0%	80.0%	-	0.4%	0%	0.8%	0%	1.2%	-	-
PHF	0.650	0.500	-	-	0.625	-	ı.	0.250	0.750	-	0.773	-	0.792	0.750	0.719	-	0.800	-	0.250	-	0.500	-	0.375	-	0.855
Lights	12	2	0	0	14	-	0	1	33	0	34	-	36	6	163	0	205	-	1	0	2	0	3	-	256
% Lights	92.3%	100%	0%	0%	93.3%	-	0%	100%	100%	0%	100%	-	94.7%	100%	99.4%	0%	98.6%	-	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	-	98.5%
Articulated Trucks	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0
% Articulated Trucks	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%
Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	1	0	0	0	1	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	2	0	1	0	3	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	- 4
% Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	7.7%	0%	0%	0%	6.7%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	5.3%	0%	0.6%	0%	1.4%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	1.5%
Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	
% Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100%	-
Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	0	Ŀ	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	
% Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%	-

<sup>\*</sup>Pedestrians and Bicycles on Crosswalk. L: Left, R: Right, T: Thru, U: U-Turn

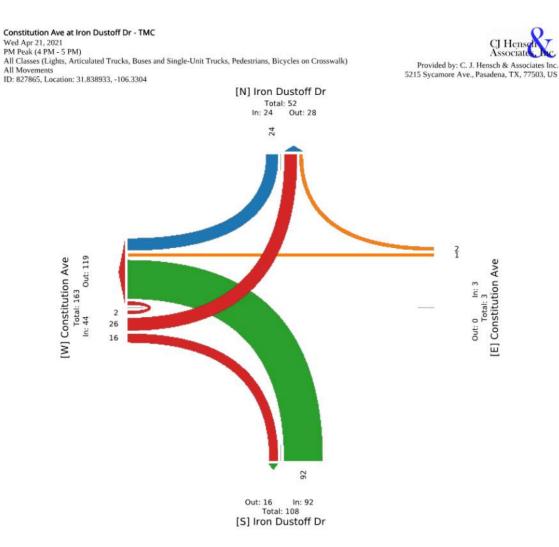


Constitution Ave at Iron Dustoff Dr - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
PM Peak (4 PM - 5 PM)
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827865, Location: 31.838933, -106.3304



Leg	Iron Dus	toff I	Dr				Iron	Dusto	off Dr				Constitut	ion A	ve				Const	titution A	ve			$\neg$	
Direction	Northboo	und					Sout	hbour	ıd				Eastboun	ıd					West	bound					1
Time	L	Т	R	U	App	Ped*	L	T	R	U	Арр	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	Int
2021-04-21 4:00PM	53	0	0	0	53	0	0	0	8	0	8	0	6	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	68
4:15PM	11	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	6	0	6	0	2	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20
4:30PM	16	0	0	0	16	0	0	0	4	0	4	0	6	0	10	1	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	37
4:45PM	12	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	6	0	6	0	12	0	5	1	18	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	38
Total	92	0	0	0	92	0	0	0	24	0	24	0	26	0	16	2	44	0	0	- 1	2	0	3	0	163
% Approach	100%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	0%	0%	100%	0%	-		59.1%	0%	36.4%	4.5%	-	-	0%	33.3%	66.7%	0%	-	_	-
% Total	56.4%	0%	0%	0%	56.4%	-	0%	0%	14.7%	0%	14.7%	-	16.0%	0%	9.8%	1.2%	27.0%	-	0%	0.6%	1.2%	0%	1.8%		-
PHF	0.434	-	-	-	0.434	-	-	-	0.750	-	0.750	-	0.542	-	0.400	0.500	0.611	-	-	0.250	0.500	-	0.375	-	0.599
Lights	92	0	0	0	92	-	0	0	23	0	23	-	25	0	16	2	43	-	0	1	2	0	3	-	161
% Lights	100%	0%	0%	0%	100%	-	0%	0%	95.8%	0%	95.8%	-	96.2%	0%	100%	100%	97.7%	-	0%	100%	100%	0%	100%	-	98.8%
Articulated Trucks	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0		- 0
% Articulated Trucks	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%
Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	1	0	1	-	1	0	0	0	1	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	2
% Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	4.2%	0%	4.2%		3.8%	0%	0%	0%	2.3%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		1.2%
Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	
% Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	
% Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-

<sup>\*</sup>Pedestrians and Bicycles on Crosswalk. L: Left, R: Right, T: Thru, U: U-Turn



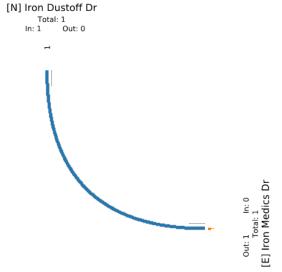
Wed Apr 21, 2021
Full Length (6 AM-9 AM, 4 PM-7 PM)
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827866, Location: 31.82751, -106.330107



Leg	Iron Dustoff Dr				Iron Medics	Dr			
Direction	Southbound				Westbound				
Time	L	U	App	Ped*	R	U	App	Ped*	Int
2021-04-21 6:00AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6:15AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6:30AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6:45AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hourly Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7:00AM		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7:15AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
7:30AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
7:45AM		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hourly Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8:00AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8:15AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8:30AM	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
8:45AM		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hourly Total	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
4:00PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4:15PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4:30PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4:45PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hourly Total 5:00PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5:00PM 5:15PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5:30PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5:30PM 5:45PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5.45PM Hourly Total		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6:00PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
6:15PM		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6:30PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6:45PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hourly Total		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
1 otal % Approach		0%	- 1	0	0%	0%		- 0	1
% Approach % Total		0%	100%		0%	0%	0%		-
% 10tal Lights	100%	0%	100%	-	0%	0%	0%		-
Lights	100%	0%	100%	-	0%	0%	- 0		100%
% Lights Articulated Trucks	100%	0%	100%	-	0%	0%	0		100%
% Articulated Trucks	0%	0%	0%		0%	0%	-		0%
Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0%	0%	0%		0%	0%	0		0%
% Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0%	0%	0%		0%	0%	-		0%
Pedestrians		076	- 076	0	- 076	076		- 0	
% Pedestrians	-			-				-	
Bicycles on Crosswalk	-			0	_			- 0	
% Bicycles on Crosswalk				-	-			-	_
Padastrians and Bigueles on Crasswalk L. Left D. Bight LL II Tum				-					

<sup>\*</sup>Pedestrians and Bicycles on Crosswalk. L: Left, R: Right, U: U-Turn

Wed Apr 21, 2021
Full Length (6 AM-9 AM, 4 PM-7 PM)
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827866, Location: 31.82751, -106.330107



Wed Apr 21, 2021
AM Peak (8:30 AM - 9:30 AM) - Overall Peak Hour
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827866, Location: 31.82751, -106.330107



	Iron Dustoff Dr Southbound				Iron Medics Westbound	Dr			
Time	L	U	App	Ped*	R	U	Арр	Ped*	Int
2021-04-21 8:30AM	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
8:45AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
% Approach	100%	0%	-	-	0%	0%	-	-	-
% Total	100%	0%	100%	-	0%	0%	0%	-	-
PHF	0.250	-	0.250	-	-	-	-	-	0.250
Lights	1	0	1	-	0	0	0	-	1
% Lights	100%	0%	100%	-	0%	0%	-	-	100%
Articulated Trucks	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-	0
% Articulated Trucks	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	-	-	0%
Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-	0
% Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	-	-	0%
Pedestrians	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	0	
% Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	0	
% Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>\*</sup>Pedestrians and Bicycles on Crosswalk. L: Left, R: Right, U: U-Turn

Wed Apr 21, 2021

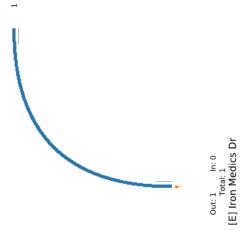
AM Peak (8:30 AM - 9:30 AM) - Overall Peak Hour

All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)

All Movements

ID: 827866, Location: 31.82751, -106.330107



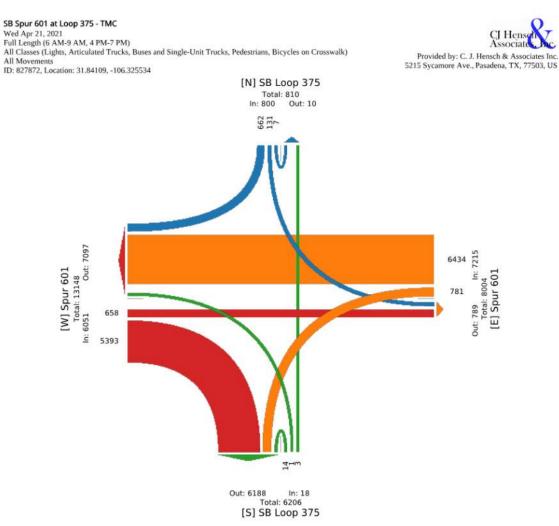


SB Spur 601 at Loop 375 - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
Full Length (6 AM-9 AM, 4 PM-7 PM)
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827872, Location: 31.84109, -106.325534



Leg	SB Loo	p 375					SB Loop	375					Spur	601					Spur 601						
Direction	Northbo	ound					Southbou	nd					Eastb	ound					Westboun	d					
Time	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	Int
2021-04-21 6:00AM	0	0	0	2	2	0	82	0	34	0	116	0	0	110	67	0	177	0	5	329	0	0	334	0	629
6:15AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	18	0	26	0	0	23	54	0	77	0	5	239	0	0	244	0	347
6:30AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	34	1	38	0	0	10	119	0	129	0	24	356	0	0	380	0	547
6:45AM	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	38	0	38	0	0	23	126	0	149	0	32	444	0	0	476	0	664
Hourly Total	0	0	0	3	3	0	93	0	124	1	218	0	0	166	366	0	532	0	66	1368	0	0	1434	0	2187
7:00AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	0	25	0	0	15	131	0	146	0	8	419	0	0	427	0	598
7:15AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	32	0	32	0	0	18	152	0	170	0	27	476	0	0	503	0	705
7:30AM	0	0	0	2	2	0	2	0	33	0	35	0	0	35	169	0	204	0	57	538	0	0	595	0	836
7:45AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	0	24	0	0	18	168	0	186	0	51	434	0	0	485	0	695
Hourly Total	0	0	0	2	2	0	2	0	114	0	116	0	0	86	620	0	706	0	143	1867	0	0	2010	0	2834
8:00AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	19	0	26	0	0	13	107	0	120	0	76	396	0	0	472	0	618
8:15AM	0	1	0	0	1	0	4	0	15	0	19	0	0	22	107	0	129	0	41	333	0	0	374	0	523
8:30AM	0	2	0	0	2	0	12	0	16	0	28	0	0	49	86	0	135	0	6	373	0	0	379	0	544
8:45AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	19	1	33	0	0	48	104	0	152	0	6	317	0	0	323	0	508
Hourly Total	0	3	0	0	3	0	36	0	69	1	106	0	0	132	404	0	536	0	129	1419	0	0	1548	0	2193
4:00PM	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	39	1	40	0	0	21	378	0	399	0	26	149	0	0	175	0	616
4:15PM	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	30	0	30	0	0	28	425	0	453	0	38	162	0	0	200	0	684
4:30PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	39	0	39	0	0	19	500	0	519	0	51	177	0	0	228	0	786
4:45PM	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	21	0	21	0	0	17	440	0	457	0	46	171	0	0	217	0	696
Hourly Total	1	0	0	3	4	0	0	0	129	1	130	0	0	85	1743	0	1828	0	161	659	0	0	820	0	2782
5:00PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	1	28	0	0	26	401	0	427	0	83	161	0	0	244	0	699
5:15PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	0	36	0	0	34	405	0	439	0	82	227	0	0	309	0	784
5:30PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	34	1	35	0	0	21	362	0	383	0	69	157	0	0	226	0	644
5:45PM	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	26	1	27	0	0	22	254	0	276	0	37	142	0	0	179	0	483
Hourly Total	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	123	3	126	0	0	103	1422	0	1525	0	271	687	0	0	958	0	2610
6:00PM	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	26	0	26	0	0	25	261	0	286	0	11	112	0	0	123	0	437
6:15PM	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	23	0	23	0	0	26	229	0	255	0	0	145	0	0	145	0	424
6:30PM	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	29	0	29	0	0	19	191	0	210	0	0	91	0	0	91	0	331
6:45PM	0	0	0	- 1	1	0	0	0	25	1	26	0	0	16	157	0	173	0	0	86	0	0	86	0	286
Hourly Total	0	0	0	5	5	0	0	0	103	1	104	0	0	86	838	0	924	0	11	434	0	0	445	0	1478
Tota	1	3	0	14	18	0	131	0	662	7	800	0	0	658	5393	0	6051	0	781	6434	0	0	7215	0	14084
% Approach	_	16.7%	_	77.8%		_	-		82.8%	0.9%			0%	10.9%	89.1%			_	10.8%	89.2%			-		-
% Total	0%	0%		0.1%	0.1%	-		0%	4,7%	0%	5,7%	-	0%	4,7%			43.0%	-	5,5%				51.2%	-	_
Lights	1	3		14	18	_	131	0	653	7	791	_	0	648	5189	0	5837	_	781	6243	0	0	7024	_	13670
% Lights	100%	100%		100%	100%	_	_		98.6%	_	98.9%	_	0%	98.5%			96.5%		_		0% (		97.4%	_	97.1%
Articulated Trucks	0	0		0	0		0	0	4	0	4		0.0	4	137	0	141		0	120	0	0	120	_	265
% Articulated Trucks	0%	0%		0%	0%	_	0%		0.6%	0%	0.5%	_	0%	0.6%	2.5%		2.3%	_	0%	1.9%			1.7%		1.9%
Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	-	0.0	0	5	0	5	_	0	6	67	0	73	_	0.0	71	0	0	71	-	149
% Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0%	0%		0%	0%	_	0%	_	0.8%	0%	0.6%	-	0%	0.9%	1.2%	_	1.2%	_	0%	1.1%			1.0%	-	1.1%
Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-		-	2.070	0	-			-		0	-		-	-		n	
% Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bicycles on Crosswalk	-		-			0	-	-		_		0	-			-		n	-		-	-		n	
% Bicycles on Crosswalk	1		_					_					1			_			1		_	_		-	-
*Podestrians and Bicycles on C						_							_			_			_						

<sup>\*</sup>Pedestrians and Bicycles on Crosswalk. L: Left, R: Right, T: Thru, U: U-Turn

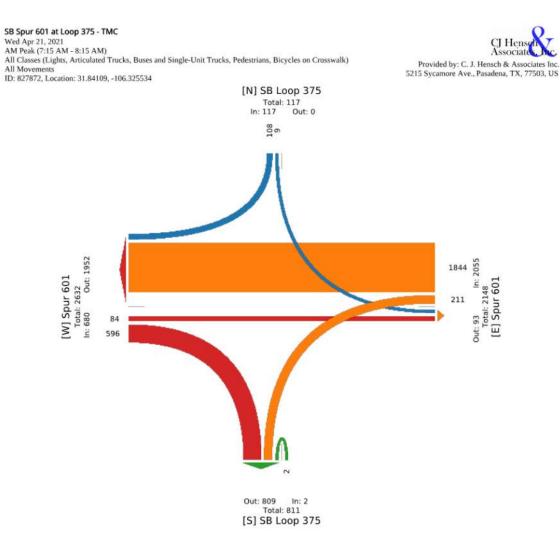


SB Spur 601 at Loop 375 - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
AM Peak (7:15 AM - 8:15 AM)
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827872, Location: 31.84109, -106.325534



Leg	SBL	оор 3	375				SB Loop	375					Spur	601					Spur 601					$\neg$	
Direction	North	hbour	nd				Southboo	und					Eastl	ound					Westboun	d					1 1
Time	L	Т	R	U	App	Ped*	L	Т	R	U	Арр	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	Int
2021-04-21 7:15AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	32	0	32	0	0	18	152	0	170	0	27	476	0	0	503	0	705
7:30AM	0	0	0	2	2	0	2	0	33	0	35	0	0	35	169	0	204	0	57	538	0	0	595	0	836
7:45AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	0	24	0	0	18	168	0	186	0	51	434	0	0	485	0	695
8:00AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	19	0	26	0	0	13	107	0	120	0	76	396	0	0	472	0	618
Total	0	0	0	2	2	0	9	0	108	0	117	0	0	84	596	0	680	0	211	1844	0	0	2055	0	2854
% Approach	0%	0%	0%	100%	-	-	7.7%	0%	92.3%	0%	-	-	0%	12.4%	87.6%	0%	-	-	10.3%	89.7%	0%	0%	-	-	-
% Total	0%	0%	0%	0.1%	0.1%	-	0.3%	0%	3.8%	0%	4.1%	-	0%	2.9%	20.9%	0%	23.8%	-	7.4%	64.6%	0%	0%	72.0%		-
PHF	-	-	-	0.250	0.250	-	0.321	-	0.818	-	0.836	-	-	0.600	0.882	-	0.833	-	0.694	0.857	-	-	0.863	-	0.853
Lights	0	0	0	2	2	-	9	0	104	0	113	-	0	82	573	0	655	-	211	1808	0	0	2019	-	2789
% Lights	0%	0%	0%	100%	100%	-	100%	0%	96.3%	0%	96.6%	-	0%	97.6%	96.1%	0%	96.3%	-	100%	98.0%	0%	0%	98.2%	-	97.7%
Articulated Trucks	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	1	0	1	-	0	2	12	0	14	-	0	27	0	0	27	-	42
% Articulated Trucks	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0.9%	0%	0.9%	-	0%	2.4%	2.0%	0%	2.1%	-	0%	1.5%	0%	0%	1.3%	-	1.5%
Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	3	0	3	-	0	0	11	0	11	-	0	9	0	0	9	-	23
% Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	2.8%	0%	2.6%	-	0%	0%	1.8%	0%	1.6%	-	0%	0.5%	0%	0%	0.4%	-	0.8%
Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	
% Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	
% Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>\*</sup>Pedestrians and Bicycles on Crosswalk. L: Left, R: Right, T: Thru, U: U-Turn

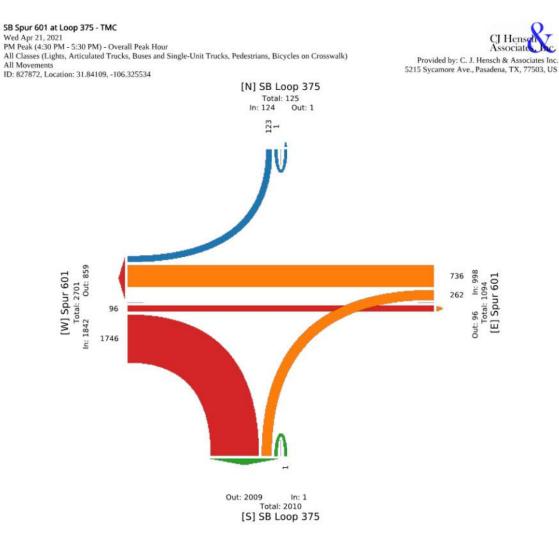


SB Spur 601 at Loop 375 - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
PM Peak (4:30 PM - 5:30 PM) - Overall Peak Hour
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827872, Location: 31.84109, -106.325534



	cn r	_					cn r	-	7.5				c .	co.1					Spur 601						
Leg	SB L						SB L						Spur												
Direction	North	ıboun	d				South	boun	d				Eastb	ound					Westbour	nd					
Time	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	Int
2021-04-21 4:30PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	39	0	39	0	0	19	500	0	519	0	51	177	0	0	228	0	786
4:45PM	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	21	0	21	0	0	17	440	0	457	0	46	171	0	0	217	0	696
5:00PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	1	28	0	0	26	401	0	427	0	83	161	0	0	244	0	699
5:15PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	0	36	0	0	34	405	0	439	0	82	227	0	0	309	0	784
Total	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	123	1	124	0	0	96	1746	0	1842	0	262	736	0	0	998	0	2965
% Approach	0%	0%	0%	100%	-	-	0%	0%	99.2%	0.8%	-	-	0%	5.2%	94.8%	0%	-	-	26.3%	73.7%	0%	0%	-	-	-
% Total	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	4.1%	0%	4.2%	-	0%	3.2%	58.9%	0%	62.1%	-	8.8%	24.8%	0%	0%	33.7%	-	-
PHF	-	-	-	0.250	0.250	-	-	-	0.788	0.250	0.795	-	-	0.706	0.873	-	0.887	-	0.789	0.811	-	-	0.807	-	0.943
Lights	0	0	0	1	1	-	0	0	121	1	122	-	0	96	1692	0	1788	-	262	700	0	0	962	-	2873
% Lights	0%	0%	0%	100%	100%	-	0%	0%	98.4%	100%	98.4%	-	0%	100%	96.9%	0%	97.1%	-	100%	95.1%	0%	0%	96.4%	-	96.9%
Articulated Trucks	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	2	0	2	-	0	0	41	0	41	-	0	23	0	0	23	-	66
% Articulated Trucks	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	1.6%	0%	1.6%	-	0%	0%	2.3%	0%	2.2%	-	0%	3.1%	0%	0%	2.3%	-	2.2%
Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	13	0	13	-	0	13	0	0	13	-	26
% Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0.7%	0%	0.7%	-	0%	1.8%	0%	0%	1.3%	-	0.9%
Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	
% Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	
% Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>\*</sup>Pedestrians and Bicycles on Crosswalk. L: Left, R: Right, T: Thru, U: U-Turn

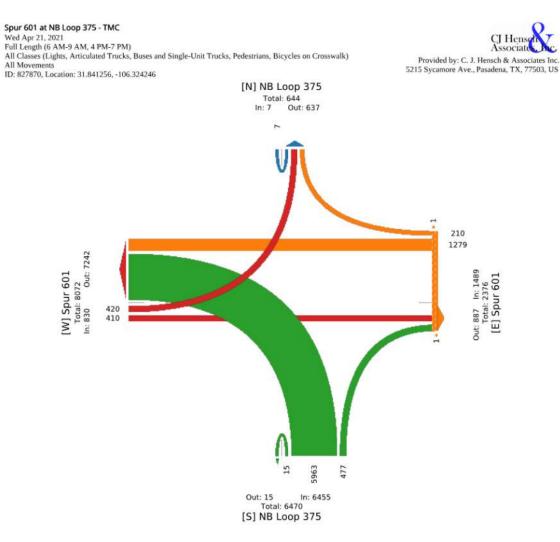


Spur 601 at NB Loop 375 - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
Full Length (6 AM-9 AM, 4 PM-7 PM)
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827870, Location: 31.841256, -106.324246



Leg	NB Loop	375				NI	3 Lo	op 37	5				Spur 601						Spur	601				$\neg$	
Direction	Northbou	nd				So	uthb	ound					Eastbound	1					West	bound					
Time	L	T	R	U	App Pec	•	L	T	R	U A	pp P	ed*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	Int
2021-04-21 6:00AM	351	0	206	2	559	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	217	0	0	222	0	0	9	0	0	9	0	790
6:15AM	215	0	28	0	243	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	33	0	0	42	0	0	10	2	0	12	0	297
6:30AM	339	0	8	0	347	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	4	6	0	0	10	0	0	49	10	0	59	0	417
6:45AM	387	0	8	1	396	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	22	4	0	0	26	0	0	46	4	0	50	0	472
Hourly Total	1292	0	250	3	1545	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	40	260	0	0	300	0	0	114	16	0	130	0	1976
7:00AM	448	0	4	0	452	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	4	0	0	15	0	0	17	1	0	18	0	485
7:15AM	454	0	9	0	463	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	1	0	0	16	0	0	35	3	0	38	0	517
7:30AM	487	0	8	2	497	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	9	0	0	37	0	0	79	11	0	90	0	624
7:45AM	473	0	14	0	487	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	3	0	0	17	0	0	80	8	0	88	0	592
Hourly Total	1862	0	35	2	1899	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	68	17	0	0	85	0	0	211	23	0	234	0	2218
8:00AM	324	0	17	0	341	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	12	0	0	21	0	0	133	56	0	189	0	551
8:15AM	302	0	18	0	320	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	14	0	0	23	0	0	62	6	0	68	0	411
8:30AM	385	0	67	0		-			0	0	0	0	14	44	0	0	58	0	0	10	2	0	12	0	_
8:45AM	297	0	85	0	382	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	10	56	0	0	66	0	0	9	1	0	10	0	459
Hourly Total	1308	0	187	0	1495	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	42	126	0	0	168	0	0	214	65	0	279	0	1943
4:00PM	143	0	0	1	144	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	24	1	0	0	25	0	0	48	6	0	54	0	224
4:15PM	129	0	1	2	132	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	0	0	0	28	0	0	61	8	0	69	0	229
4:30PM	133	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	18	0	0	91	14	0	105	0	_
4:45PM	148	0	1	1		-			0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	18	0	0	81	18	0	99	0	_
Hourly Total	553	0	2	4	559	-			0	1	1	0	88	1	0	0	89	0	0	281	46	0	327	0	_
5:00PM	105	0	0	0	105	-	_	_	0	1	1	0	25	0	0	0	25	0	0	135	13	0	148	0	279
5:15PM	153	0	0	0	153	_			0	0	0	0	36	1	0	0	37	0	0	138	19	0	157	- 1	347
5:30PM	125	0	2	0	127	0			0	1	1	0	19	0	0	0	19	0	0	102	14	0	116	0	263
5:45PM	125	0	0	1		-			0	1	1	0	22	0	0	0	22	0	0	64	10	0	74	1	223
Hourly Total	508	0	2	1		_			0	3	3	0	102	1	0	0	103	0	0	439	56	0	495	2	1112
6:00PM	107	0	1	2	110	-	_	_	0	0	0	0	20	2	0	0	22	0	0	19	2	0	21	0	
6:15PM	136	0	0	1	137	-			0	0	0	0	28	3	0	0	31	0	0	1	2	0	3	0	171
6:30PM	97	0	0	1	98	_			0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	117
6:45PM	100	0	0	1	101	-	_	_	0	1	1	0	13	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Hourly Total	_	0	1	5		0	_		0	1	1	0	80	5	0	0	85	0	0	20	4	0	24	0	_
Total	_	0	477	15	6455	0	0	0	0	7	7	0	420	410	0	0	830	0	0	1279	210	0	1489	2	8781
% Approach		0%	7.4%	0.2%	-	-		% 0'			÷	_	50.6%		0%				0%	85.9%		0%	1405	_	0.01
% Total	67.9%		5,4%	0.2%	73.5%	- 0		% 0'		1% 0,1		_	4,8%			0%	9.5%		0%	14.6%		0%	17.0%	_	
Lights	_	0	477	15	6263	_			0	7	7		414	409	0	0	823	-	0	1279	210	0	1489	_	8582
% Lights	_	_	100%	100%	97.0%	- 0	_	% 0'				_			_	_	99.2%		0%	100%	100%	_	100%	_	97.7%
Articulated Trucks	116	0.0	0	0	116	+			0	0	0	-1	4	0	0.0	0.0	4		0.0	0	0	0.0	0	_	120
% Articulated Trucks	_	0%	0%	0%	1.8%	- 0		% 0	_		1%		1.0%	0%		0%	0.5%		0%	0%	0%		0%	_	1.4%
Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	76	0.0	0.0	0.0	76	-	_	_	0	0	0	_	2	1	0.0	0.0	3		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0,0	_	79
% Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	1.3%	_	0%	0%	1.2%	-	_	% 0'	_		1%	-	0.5%	0.2%	_	0%	0.4%	-	0%	0%	0%	_	0%	_	0.9%
Pedestrians		-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	- 0.570		-	-		0	-	-	-	-	-	2	3.570
% Pedestrians	-	-	_	-		1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_		-	_	100%	
Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	÷				0	÷	÷	-	<del>.</del>	<u> </u>	0	-		÷	÷		0	H.			÷		100%	
% Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	_				-	_	_	-	_	_	_			_	÷		-				÷		0%	<u> </u>
*n l				n n:		_					_	-			_	_		_	_			_		370	

<sup>\*</sup>Pedestrians and Bicycles on Crosswalk. L: Left, R: Right, T: Thru, U: U-Turn



Spur 601 at NB Loop 375 - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
AM Peak (7:15 AM - 8:15 AM) - Overall Peak Hour
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827870, Location: 31.841256, -106.324246



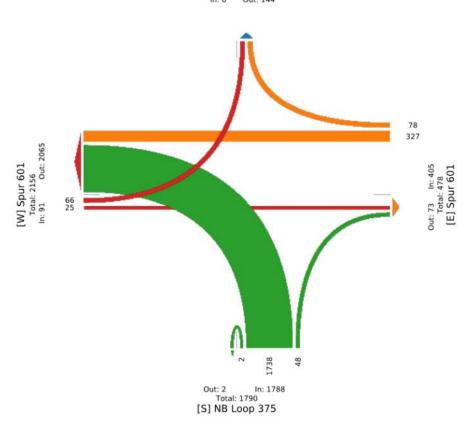
Leg	NB Loop	375					NB I	лоор.	375				$\neg$	Spur 601						Spur	501				$\neg$	
Direction	Northbou	und					South	hbou	ınd					Eastbound	ł.					West	oound				- 1	
Time	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	Т	R	U	Ap	op i	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	Int
2021-04-21 7:15AM	454	0	9	0	463	0	0	0	0	- 0		0	0	15	1	0	0	16	0	0	35	3	0	38	0	517
7:30AM	487	0	8	2	497	0	0	0	0	- 0		0	0	28	9	0	0	37	0	0	79	11	0	90	0	624
7:45AM	473	0	14	0	487	0	0	0	0	- 0		0	0	14	3	0	0	17	0	0	80	8	0	88	0	592
8:00AM	324	0	17	0	341	0	0	0	0	- 0		0	0	9	12	0	0	21	0	0	133	56	0	189	0	551
Total	1738	0	48	2	1788	0	0	0	0	- 0		0	0	66	25	0	0	91	0	0	327	78	0	405	0	2284
% Approach	97.2%	0%	2.7%	0.1%	-	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	,	-	-	72.5%	27.5%	0%	0%	-	-	0%	80.7%	19.3%	0%	-	-	-
% Total	76.1%	0%	2.1%	0.1%	78.3%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0	%	-	2.9%	1.1%	0%	0%	4.0%	-	0%	14.3%	3.4%	0%	17.7%	-	-
PHF	0.892	-	0.706	0.250	0.899	-	-	-			_	-	-	0.589	0.521	-	-	0.615	-	-	0.615	0.348	-	0.536	-	0.915
Lights	1702	0	48	2	1752	-	0	0	0	- 0		0	-	64	25	0	0	89	-	0	327	78	0	405	-	2246
% Lights	97.9%	0%	100%	100%	98.0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	,	-	-	97.0%	100%	0%	0%	97.8%	-	0%	100%	100%	0%	100%	-	98.3%
Articulated Trucks	26	0	0	0	26	-	0	0	0	- 0		0	-	2	0	0	0	2	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	28
% Articulated Trucks	1.5%	0%	0%	0%	1.5%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	,	-	-	3.0%	0%	0%	0%	2.2%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	1.2%
Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	10	0	0	0	10	-	0	0	0	- 0		0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	10
% Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0.6%	0%	0%	0%	0.6%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	,	-	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0.4%
Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-			-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	
% Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-				-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	
% Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>\*</sup>Pedestrians and Bicycles on Crosswalk. L: Left, R: Right, T: Thru, U: U-Turn

Spur 601 at NB Loop 375 - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
AM Peak (7:15 AM - 8:15 AM) - Overall Peak Hour
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827870, Location: 31.841256, -106.324246

Provided by: C. J. Hensch & Associates Inc. 5215 Sycamore Ave., Pasadena, TX, 77503, US

[N] NB Loop 375 Total: 144 In: 0 Out: 144

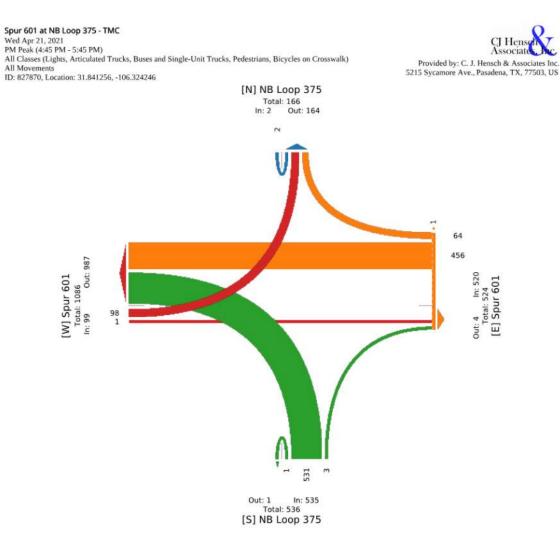


Spur 601 at NB Loop 375 - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
PM Peak (4:45 PM - 5:45 PM)
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827870, Location: 31.841256, -106.324246



Leg	NB Loop	p 375					NB I	Loop	375				Spur 601						Spur	601				$\neg$	
Direction	Northbo	und					Sout	hbou	nd				Eastboune	d					West	bound					
Time	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	T	R	U	Арр	Ped*	L	T	R	U	Арр	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	Int
2021-04-21 4:45PM	148	0	1	1	150	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	18	0	0	81	18	0	99	0	267
5:00PM	105	0	0	0	105	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	25	0	0	0	25	0	0	135	13	0	148	0	279
5:15PM	153	0	0	0	153	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	1	0	0	37	0	0	138	19	0	157	- 1	347
5:30PM	125	0	2	0	127	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	19	0	0	0	19	0	0	102	14	0	116	0	263
Total	531	0	3	- 1	535	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	98	- 1	0	0	99	0	0	456	64	0	520	- 1	1156
% Approach	99.3%	0%	0.6%	0.2%	-	-	0%	0%	0%	100%	-	-	99.0%	1.0%	0%	0%	-	-	0%	87.7%	12.3%	0%	-	-	-
% Total	45.9%	0%	0.3%	0.1%	46.3%	-	0%	0%	0%	0.2%	0.2%	-	8.5%	0.1%	0%	0%	8.6%	-	0%	39.4%	5.5%	0%	45.0%	-	-
PHF	0.868	-	0.375	0.250	0.874	-	-	-	-	0.500	0.500	-	0.681	0.250	-	-	0.669	-	-	0.826	0.842	-	0.828	-	0.833
Lights	504	0	3	1	508	-	0	0	0	2	2	-	98	1	0	0	99	-	0	456	64	0	520	-	1129
% Lights	94.9%	0%	100%	100%	95.0%	-	0%	0%	0%	100%	100%	-	100%	100%	0%	0%	100%	-	0%	100%	100%	0%	100%	-	97.7%
Articulated Trucks	16	0	0	0	16	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	16
% Articulated Trucks	3.0%	0%	0%	0%	3.0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	1.4%
Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	11	0	0	0	11	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	11
% Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	2.1%	0%	0%	0%	2.1%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	1.0%
Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	1	
% Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100%	-
Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	
% Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%	-

<sup>\*</sup>Pedestrians and Bicycles on Crosswalk. L: Left, R: Right, T: Thru, U: U-Turn



Loop 375 NB Access Rd at Iron Medics Dr - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
Full Length (6 AM-9 AM, 4 PM-7 PM)
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827863, Location: 31.833017, -106.308966



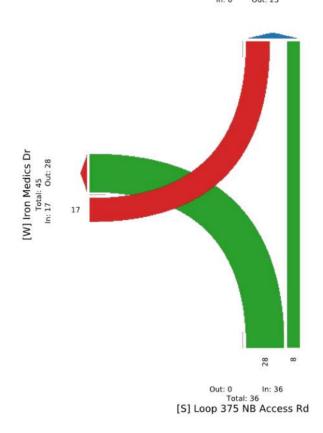
Leg		Loop 375 NB	Access Rd				Loop 375		cess Rd			Iron Medics E	Dr				
Direction		Northbound					Southbou				_	Eastbound					
Time		L	T	U	App	Ped*	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	R	U	App	Ped*	
	2021-04-21 6:00AM	1	1	0	2	0	_	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	3
	6:15AM	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	6:30AM	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	6:45AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Hourly Total	2	2	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	5
	7:00AM	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	7:15AM	0	1	0	1	0	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	7:30AM	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	4
	7:45AM	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
	Hourly Total	5	2	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	9
	8:00AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	2
	8:15AM	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	3
	8:30AM	3	0	0	3	0	_	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	4
	8:45AM	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	4
	Hourly Total	8	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	5	0	13
	4:00PM	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
	4:15PM	2	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	4
	4:30PM	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
	4:45PM	3	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	7
	Hourly Total	7	4	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	4	0	15
	5:00PM	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
	5:15PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1
	5:30PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1
	5:45PM	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
	Hourly Total	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	6
	6:00PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	6:15PM	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
	6:30PM	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
	6:45PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1
	Hourly Total	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	5
	Total	28	8	0	36	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	17	0	53
	% Approach	77.8%	22.2%	0%			0%	0%	0%			100%	0%	0%		-	
	% Total	52.8%	15.1%	0%	67.9%		0%	0%	0%	0%	_	32.1%	0%	0%	32.1%	-	
	Lights	27	7	0.0	34		0	0.0	0.0	0	_	16	0.0	0	16	- 1	50
	% Lights	96.4%	87.5%	0%	94.4%		0%	0%	0%	_ <u>-</u>		94.1%	0%	0%	94.1%		94.3%
	Articulated Trucks	1	07.570	0	1	_	0	0.0	0	0		0	0.0	0	0		1
	% Articulated Trucks	3,6%	0%	0%	2.8%	_	0%	0%	0%	-	_	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	1.9%
T	Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0	1	0.0	1		0,0	0.0	0.0	0		1	0.0	0.0	1	-	1.57
	Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0%	12.5%	0%	2.8%		0%	0%	0%	-		5.9%	0%	0%	5,9%		3,8%
70 D	Pedestrians		12.370	070	2.076	0	076	070	070		0	5,576	0.00	070	3.576	0	3.070
	% Pedestrians	-				- 0	-				-		_	_		Ů	
	Bicycles on Crosswalk	-				0	-				0					0	
	% Bicycles on Crosswalk			_		- 0	<u> </u>	_	_		- 4		_	_		- 4	
	% Bicycles on Crosswalk		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	

<sup>\*</sup>Pedestrians and Bicycles on Crosswalk. L: Left, R: Right, T: Thru, U: U-Turn

Loop 375 NB Access Rd at Iron Medics Dr - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
Full Length (6 AM-9 AM, 4 PM-7 PM)
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827863, Location: 31.833017, -106.308966

Provided by: C. J. Hensch & Associates Inc. 5215 Sycamore Ave., Pasadena, TX, 77503, US

[N] Loop 375 NB Access Rd Total: 25 In: 0 Out: 25



Loop 375 NB Access Rd at Iron Medics Dr - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
AM Peak (8 AM - 9 AM)
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827863, Location: 31.833017, -106.308966



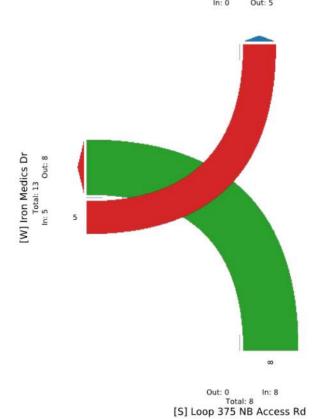
			- 1					- 1								
Leg	Loop 375 NB	Access	Rd			Loop 375		cess Rd			Iron Medics D	T				
Direction	Northbound					Southbour	nd .				Eastbound					
Time	L	T	U	App	Ped*	T	R	U	Арр	Ped*	L	R	U	Арр	Ped*	Int
2021-04-21 8:00AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	2
8:15AM	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	3
8:30AM	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	4
8:45AM	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	4
Total	8	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	5	0	13
% Approach	100%	0%	0%	-	-	0%	0%	0%	-	-	100%	0%	0%	-	-	-
% Total	61.5%	0%	0%	61.5%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	38.5%	0%	0%	38.5%	-	-
PHF	0.667	-	-	0.667	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.625	-	-	0.625	-	0.813
Lights	7	0	0	7	-	0	0	0	0	-	4	0	0	4	-	11
% Lights	87.5%	0%	0%	87.5%	-	0%	0%	0%	-	-	80.0%	0%	0%	80.0%	-	84.6%
Articulated Trucks	1	0	0	1	-	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	-	1
% Articulated Trucks	12.5%	0%	0%	12.5%	-	0%	0%	0%	-	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	7.7%
Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	-	1	0	0	1	-	1
% Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	-	-	20.0%	0%	0%	20.0%	-	7.7%
Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	0	
% Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	0	
% Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>\*</sup>Pedestrians and Bicycles on Crosswalk. L: Left, R: Right, T: Thru, U: U-Turn

Loop 375 NB Access Rd at Iron Medics Dr - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
AM Peak (8 AM - 9 AM)
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827863, Location: 31.833017, -106.308966

[N] Loop 375 NB Access Rd Total: 5 In: 0 Out: 5





Loop 375 NB Access Rd at Iron Medics Dr - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
PM Peak (4 PM - 5 PM) - Overall Peak Hour
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827863, Location: 31.833017, -106.308966



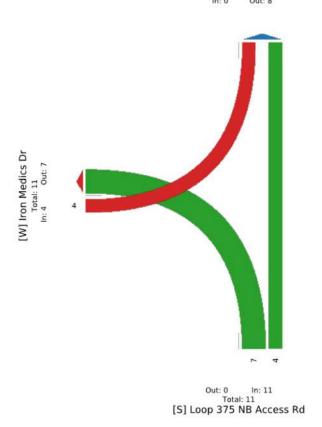
Leg	Loop 375 NB	A conce Del				Loop 375	NID A	ones Dal			Iron Medics D	`-				
		riccess Ru						cess Ru				,				
Direction	Northbound					Southbou					Eastbound					
Time	L	T	U	App	Ped*	T	R	U	Арр	Ped*	L	R	U	App	Ped*	Int
2021-04-21 4:00PM	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
4:15PM	2	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	4
4:30PM	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
4:45PM	3	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	7
Total	7	4	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	4	0	15
% Approach	63.6%	36.4%	0%	-	-	0%	0%	0%	-	-	100%	0%	0%	-	-	-
% Total	46.7%	26.7%	0%	73.3%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	26.7%	0%	0%	26.7%	-	-
PHF	0.583	0.500	-	0.688	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.333	-	-	0.333	-	0.536
Lights	7	4	0	11	-	0	0	0	0	-	4	0	0	4	-	15
% Lights	100%	100%	0%	100%	-	0%	0%	0%	-	-	100%	0%	0%	100%	-	100%
Articulated Trucks	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	-	0
% Articulated Trucks	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	-	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%
Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	-	0
% Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	-	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%
Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	0	
% Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	0	
% Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>\*</sup>Pedestrians and Bicycles on Crosswalk. L: Left, R: Right, T: Thru, U: U-Turn

Loop 375 NB Access Rd at Iron Medics Dr - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
PM Peak (4 PM - 5 PM) - Overall Peak Hour
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827863, Location: 31.833017, -106.308966

[N] Loop 375 NB Access Rd Total: 8 In: 0 Out: 8





Loop 375 SB access Rd at Iron Medics Dr - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
Full Length (6 AM-9 AM, 4 PM-7 PM)
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827864, Location: 31.829888, -106.310329



Provided by: C. J. Hensch & Associates Inc. 5215 Sycamore Ave., Pasadena, TX, 77503, US

Leg	Loop 375 SB access Rd					Loop 375 SB access Rd						Iron Medics Dr						Iron Medics Dr							
Direction	Nort	hbound	d				Southboun	d					Eastb	ound					Westbound						
Time	L	Т	R	U	App	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	L	T	R	U	Арр	Ped*	L	Т	R	U	App	Ped*	Int
2021-04-21 6:00AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2
6:15AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
6:30AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6:45AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hourly Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	3
7:00AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7:15AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7:30AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	5
7:45AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	2
Hourly Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	4	0	7
8:00AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	3
8:15AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	4
8:30AM	0		0	0	0	0	1	0	0		- 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	4	0	5
8:45AM	0		1	0	1	0	0	0	0		0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	
Hourly Total	0	_	1	0	1	0	4	2	0	_	6	0	_	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	9	0	16
4:00PM	0		0	0	0	0	0	1	0		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	3
4:15PM	0		0	0	0	0	0	2	0		2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	4
4:30PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	- 1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
4:45PM	0		0	0	0	0	3	12	0		15	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	18
Hourly Total	0		0	0	0	0	4	16	0		20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	7	0	-
5:00PM	0	_	0	0	0	0	1	5	0		6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
5:15PM	0		0	0	0	0	1	25	0		26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	27
5:30PM	0		0	0	0	0	1	12	0		13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13
5:45PM	0	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	2
Hourly Total	0	_	0	0	0	0	3	42	0		45	0	ı.	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	48
6:00PM	0		0	0	0	0	0	1	0		1	0	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
6:15PM	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
6:30PM	0		0	0	0	0	1	0	0		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	3
6:45PM	0	_	0	0	0	0	1	1	0		2	0	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
Hourly Total	_	_	0	0	0	0	_	2	0	_	4	0	÷	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	
Total			1	0	1	0		63	0		79	0		0	0	0	0	0	28	0	0	0	28	0	
% Approach	_	0%	100%	0%	-	- 0	20.3%	79.7%	0%		/9	- 0	0%			0%	-	- 0	-	0%		0%	20	- 0	100
% Approact		0%	0.9%	0%	0.9%	_	14.8%		0%		73.1%	_	0%			0%	0%	_		0%			25.9%	-	_
Lights	0%		0.5%	076	0.5%	_	14.0%	63	0%		73.176	_	0%	0 70	0 76	0 76	0%	_	25.5%	0 76	076	0 76	25.5%	-	106
% Lights	_	0%	100%	0%	100%	_	93.8%		0%		98.7%	_	0%			0%	-	_		0%		0%	96.4%	-	98.1%
Articulated Trucks	0.76		100%	076	0	_	93.0%	100%	0.20		90.7%	_	0.76	0 76	0.76	0.76	0	_	30,470	0 76	0 70	0 76	30.476	_	30.176
% Articulated Trucks	0%		0%		0%	_	0%	0%			0%	_	0%			0%	-	_	_	0%		0%	3.6%	-	0.9%
Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0%		0%	0%	0%	_	1	0%	0%		1	_	0%	0%	0%	0%	0	_	3.070	0%	0%	0%	3.6%	_	0.5%
% Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	-	0%	0%		0%	_	6,3%	0%			1.3%	_	0%			0%	-	_		0%		0%	0%	-	0.9%
Pedestrians	076		076		076	- 0	0.376	076	076		1.376	-	076	076	076	076	<del>-</del>	- 0	076	076	076	076	U76	0	0.9%
Pedestrians % Pedestrians	-			-	_	U	-		-				H	_	<u> </u>	-		U	_	_	_	-	_	U	$\vdash$
Bicycles on Crosswalk	-		-	-	_	0	-	-	-		-	0	H-	_	-	_	-	0	<u> </u>	_	-	-		- 0	-
	-				_	U	<u> </u>					0	Η.	_		_	_	U	<u> </u>	-	-	-	_	U	$\vdash$
% Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-		_		-	-		_	-	-	-	-	_		_	-	-	-	-	-	-

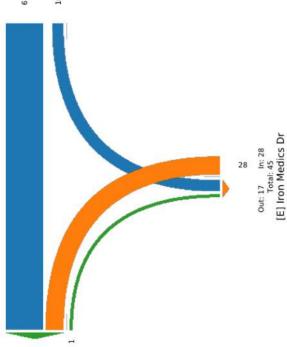
<sup>\*</sup>Pedestrians and Bicycles on Crosswalk. L: Left, R: Right, T: Thru, U: U-Turn

Loop 375 SB access Rd at Iron Medics Dr - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
Full Length (6 AM-9 AM, 4 PM-7 PM)
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827864, Location: 31.829888, -106.310329

Provided by: C. J. Hensch & Associates Inc. 5215 Sycamore Ave., Pasadena, TX, 77503, US







Out: 91 In: 1 Total: 92 [S] Loop 375 SB access Rd

2 of 6

Loop 375 SB access Rd at Iron Medics Dr - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
AM Peak (8 AM - 9 AM)
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827864, Location: 31.829888, -106.310329



Provided by: C. J. Hensch & Associates Inc. 5215 Sycamore Ave., Pasadena, TX, 77503, US

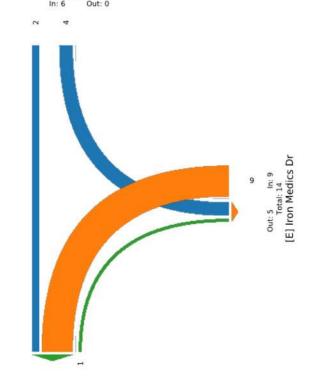
Leg	Loop 375 SB access Rd						Loop 375	Iron	Medic	s Dr				Iron Medi											
Direction	North	hboun	d				Southboun	ıd					East	bound					Westboun	d					1 1
Time	L	Т	R	U	App	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	I	Т	R	U	Арр	Ped*	L	T	R	U	App	Ped*	Int
2021-04-21 8:00AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	- 0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	3
8:15AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	4
8:30AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	- 0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	4	0	5
8:45AM	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	- 0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	4
Total	0	0	1	0	1	0	4	2	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	9	0	16
% Approach	0%	0%	100%	0%	-	-	66.7%	33.3%	0%	0%	-	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	100%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	-
% Total	0%	0%	6.3%	0%	6.3%	-	25.0%	12.5%	0%	0%	37.5%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	56.3%	0%	0%	0%	56.3%	-	-
PHF	-	-	0.250	-	0.250	-	0.500	0.250	-	-	0.500	-		-	-	-	-	-	0.563	-	-	-	0.563	-	0.800
Lights	0	0	1	0	1	-	3	2	0	0	5	-	0	- 0	0	0	0	-	8	0	0	0	8	-	14
% Lights	0%	0%	100%	0%	100%	-	75.0%	100%	0%	0%	83.3%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	88.9%	0%	0%	0%	88.9%	-	87.5%
Articulated Trucks	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	- 0	0	0	0	-	1	0	0	0	1	-	- 1
% Articulated Trucks	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	11.1%	0%	0%	0%	11.1%	-	6.3%
Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0	0	0	0	0	-	1	0	0	0	1	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	1
% Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	25.0%	0%	0%	0%	16.7%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	6.3%
Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0		-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	
% Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0		-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	
% Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>\*</sup>Pedestrians and Bicycles on Crosswalk. L: Left, R: Right, T: Thru, U: U-Turn

Loop 375 SB access Rd at Iron Medics Dr - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
AM Peak (8 AM - 9 AM)
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827864, Location: 31.829888, -106.310329

Provided by: C. J. Hensch & Associates Inc. 5215 Sycamore Ave., Pasadena, TX, 77503, US

[N] Loop 375 SB access Rd Total: 6 In: 6 Out: 0



Out: 11 In: 1 Total: 12 [S] Loop 375 SB access Rd

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Loop 375 SB access Rd at Iron Medics Dr - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
PM Peak (4:45 PM - 5:45 PM) - Overall Peak Hour
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827864, Location: 31.829888, -106.310329



Provided by: C. J. Hensch & Associates Inc. 5215 Sycamore Ave., Pasadena, TX, 77503, US

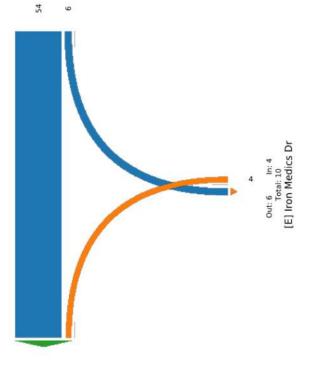
Leg Direction						Loop 375 S Southboun			Iron Medics Dr Eastbound						Iron Medics Dr Westbound										
Time	L		R	**	App	n.Je	L	T T	R	U	A	Ped*	EdSID	T	R	U	Δ	Ped*	westboui	T	R	U	Δ	Ped*	T
	_			U	Арр	Lea-	_			- 0	App	reu-	L	_	К	U	App	Lea.	ь	_	K		App	reu-	-
2021-04-21 4:45PM	0	- 0	0	0	0	0	3	12	0	0	15	0	- 0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	- 0	18
5:00PM	0	- 0	0	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
5:15PM	0	- 0	0	0	0	0	1	25	0	0	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	27
5:30PM	0	- 0	0	0	0	0	1	12	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13
Total	0	- 0	0	0	0	0	6	54	0	0	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	4	0	64
% Approach	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	10.0%	90.0%	0%	0%	-	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	100%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	-
% Total	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	9.4%	84.4%	0%	0%	93.8%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	6.3%	0%	0%	0%	6.3%		-
PHF	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.500	0.540	-	-	0.577	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.333	-	-	-	0.333		0.593
Lights	0	- 0	0	0	0	-	6	54	0	0	60	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	4	0	0	0	4	-	64
% Lights	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	100%	100%	0%	0%	100%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	100%	0%	0%	0%	100%	-	100%
Articulated Trucks	0	- 0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0
% Articulated Trucks	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%
Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0	- 0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0
% Buses and Single-Unit Trucks	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	0%
Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	
% Pedestrians	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	
% Bicycles on Crosswalk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>\*</sup>Pedestrians and Bicycles on Crosswalk. L: Left, R: Right, T: Thru, U: U-Turn

Loop 375 SB access Rd at Iron Medics Dr - TMC
Wed Apr 21, 2021
PM Peak (4:45 PM - 5:45 PM) - Overall Peak Hour
All Classes (Lights, Articulated Trucks, Buses and Single-Unit Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Crosswalk)
All Movements
ID: 827864, Location: 31.829888, -106.310329

Provided by: C. J. Hensch & Associates Inc. 5215 Sycamore Ave., Pasadena, TX, 77503, US





Out: 58 In: 0 Total: 58 [S] Loop 375 SB access Rd

6 of 6

## F Average Annual Growth Rate & COVID-19 Adjustment Factor Calculations

Source: TxDOT Statewide Planning Map

SP 601 near LP 375 (in the vicinity of the site)

					Traffic Count Station: (1 o	(14) ▶ □
Year	AADT Vol.	Difference %	Difference.		Station Flag 72H28B	
2019	25,857	-71	-0.27%		AADT 2019 25,857	
2018	25,928	-752	-2.82%		AADT 2018 25,928	
2017	26,680	523	2.00%		AADT 2017 26,680	
2016	26,157	0	0.00%		AADT 2016 26,157	
2015	26,157	239	0.92%		AADT 2015 26,157	
2014	25,918	2,239	9.46%	الله (A/M/Ala) وين	AADT 2014 25,918	
2013	23,679	10,479	79.39%		AADT 2013 23,679	
2012	13,200	4,800	57.14%		AADT 2012 13,200	
2011	8,400	-1,000	-10.64%		AADT 2011 8,400	
2010	9,400				AADT 2010 9,400	
					AADT 2009 0	
2014-2019 Average Yearly Growth Ra	te:	363	2%		Zoom to	
(other years are outliers)		90				

Source: TxDOT Statewide Planning Map

FM 1942 (in the vicinity of the site)

 Year
 Est. 24 Hr Volume
 Vol. Difference
 % Difference.

 2021 (projected)
 12,482
 245
 2.00%

 2020 (projected)
 12,237
 240
 2.00%

2019 (TMCs requested from City of El Paso) 11,997

2014-2019 Average Yearly Growth Rate: 2%

Est. 24 Hr Volume Vol. Difference % Difference.

**2021 TMCs (actual)** 12,000 -482 -4.01%

Recommended COVID Ajustment Factor: 1.04

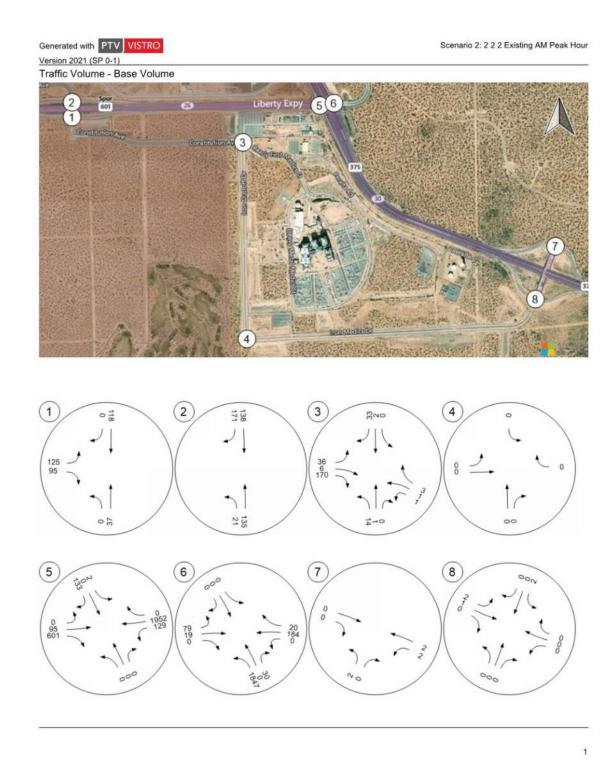
## G Trip Assignment (PTV Vistro Exhibits)

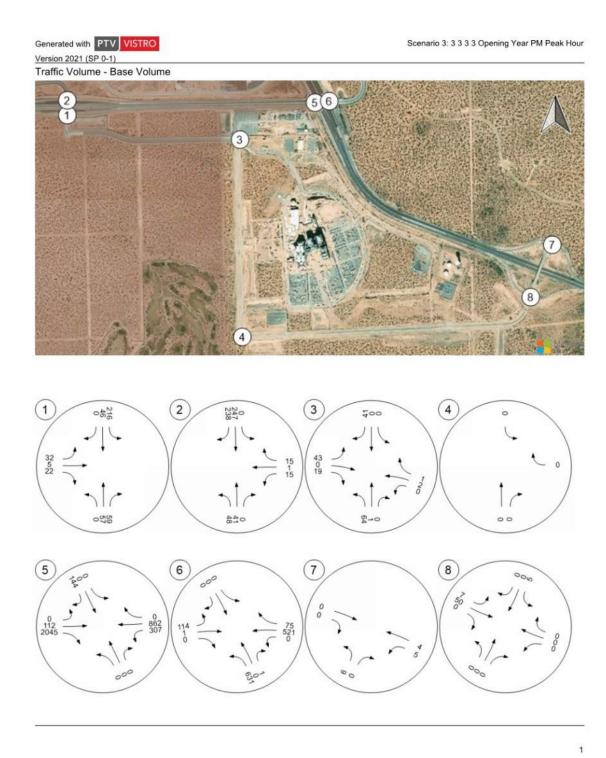
- Scenario 1: Existing PM Peak Hour
- Scenario 2: Existing AM Peak Hour
- Scenario 3: 2027 Opening Year (No Build) PM Peak Hour
- Scenario 4: 2027 Opening Year (No Build) AM Peak Hour
- Scenario 5: 2027 Opening Year (Build) PM Peak Hour
- Scenario 6: 2027 Opening Year (Build) AM Peak Hour
- Scenario 7: 2032 Future Year (5 Years After Opening) PM Peak Hour
- Scenario 8: 2032 Future Year (5 Years After Opening) AM Peak Hour

Generated with PTV VISTRO

Version 2021 (SP 0-1)

Traffic Volume - Base Volume Scenario 1: 1 1 Existing PM Peak Hour (2) (3) (4 6 (7 (8)





Generated with PTV VISTRO

Version 2021 (SP 0-1)

Traffic Volume - Future Background Volume Scenario 3: 3 3 3 Opening Year PM Peak Hour (2) (3 4 252 243 6 (7 (8)

Generated with PTV VISTRO

Version 2021 (SP 0-1)

Traffic Volume - Net New Site Trips Scenario 3: 3 3 3 Opening Year PM Peak Hour (2) (3) (4) 6 (7 (8)

Generated with PTV VISTRO

Version 2021 (SP 0-1)

Traffic Volume - Future Total Volume Scenario 3: 3 3 3 Opening Year PM Peak Hour (2) (3) (4) 252 220 6 (7 (8)

Generated with PTV VISTRO

Version 2021 (SP 0-1)

Traffic Volume - Base Volume Scenario 4: 4 4 Opening Year AM Peak Hour (2) (3) 4 022 156 6 (7 (8)

Generated with PTV VISTRO

Version 2021 (SP 0-1)

Traffic Volume - Future Background Volume Scenario 4: 4 4 Opening Year AM Peak Hour (2) (3) 4 033 196 6 (7 (8)

Generated with PTV VISTRO

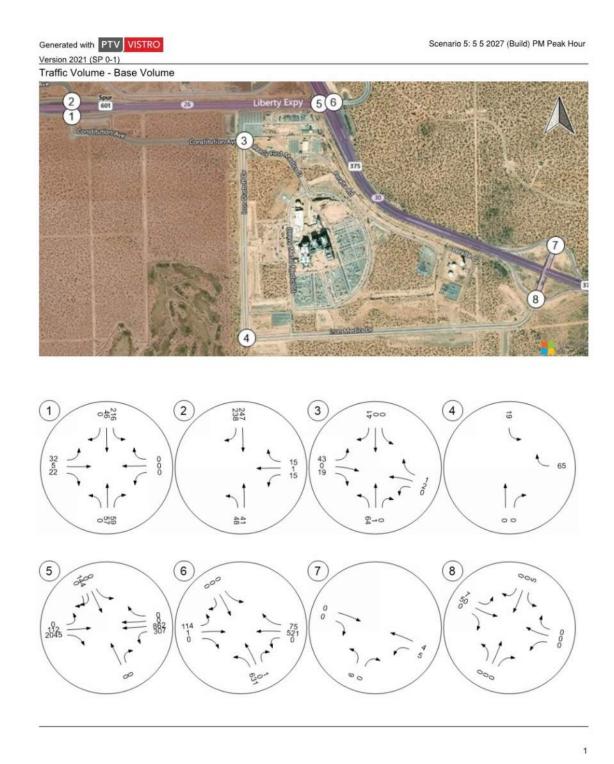
Version 2021 (SP 0-1)

Traffic Volume - Net New Site Trips Scenario 4: 4 4 Opening Year AM Peak Hour (2) (3) (4) 6 (7 (8)

Generated with PTV VISTRO

Version 2021 (SP 0-1)

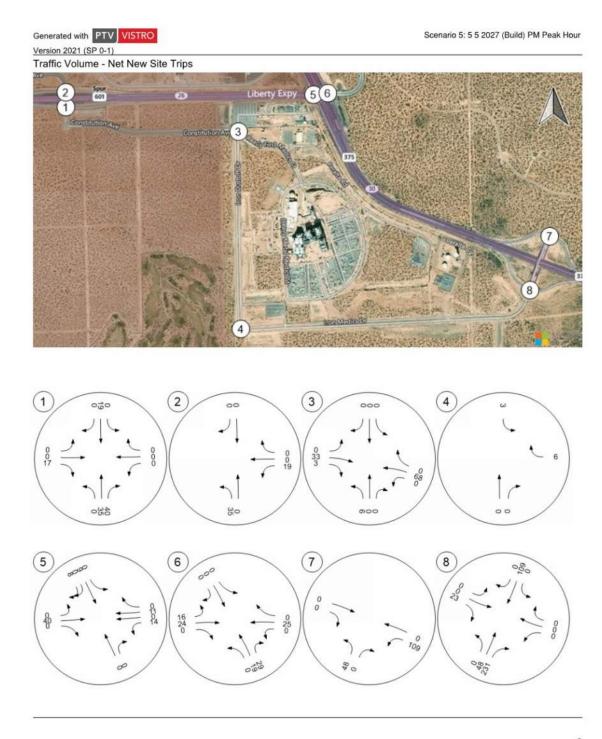
Traffic Volume - Future Total Volume Scenario 4: 4 4 Opening Year AM Peak Hour (2) (3) (4) 033 196 6 (7 (8) 5

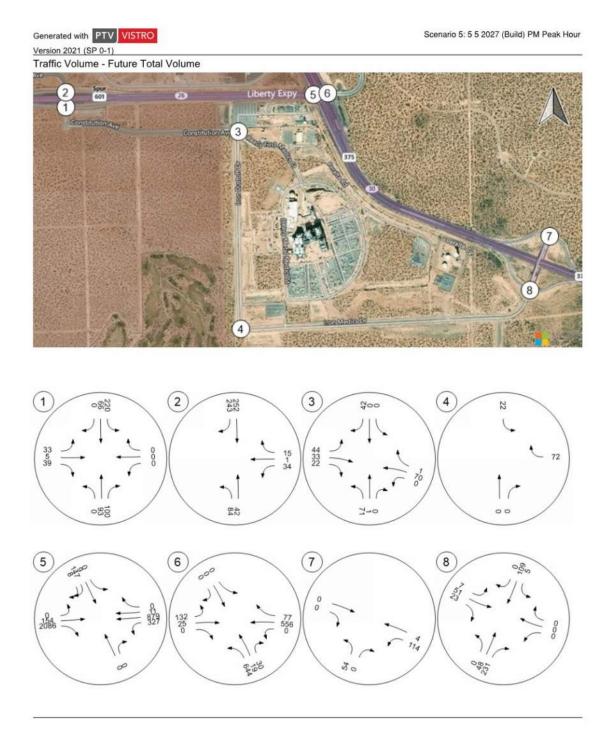


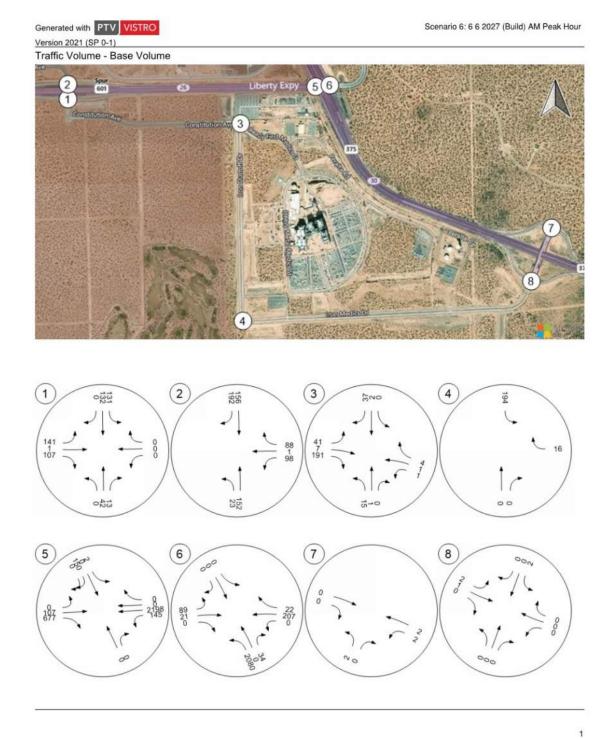
Generated with PTV VISTRO

Version 2021 (SP 0-1)

Traffic Volume - Future Background Volume Scenario 5: 5 5 2027 (Build) PM Peak Hour (3 4 252 6 (7 (8)



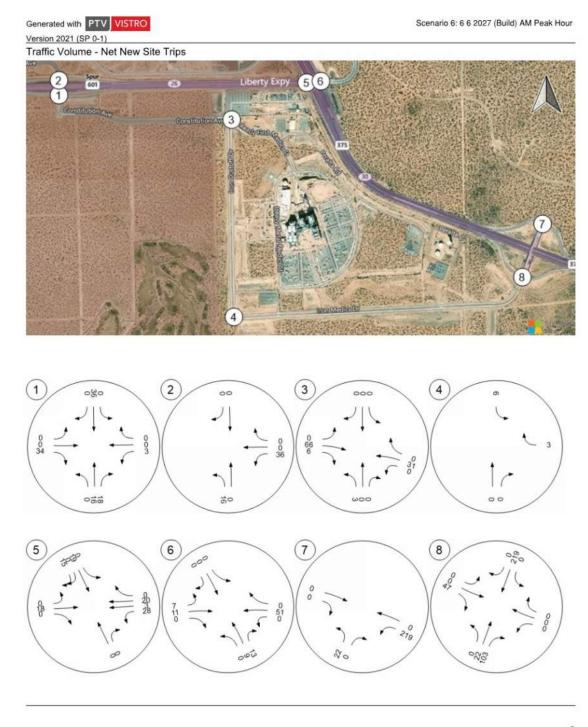


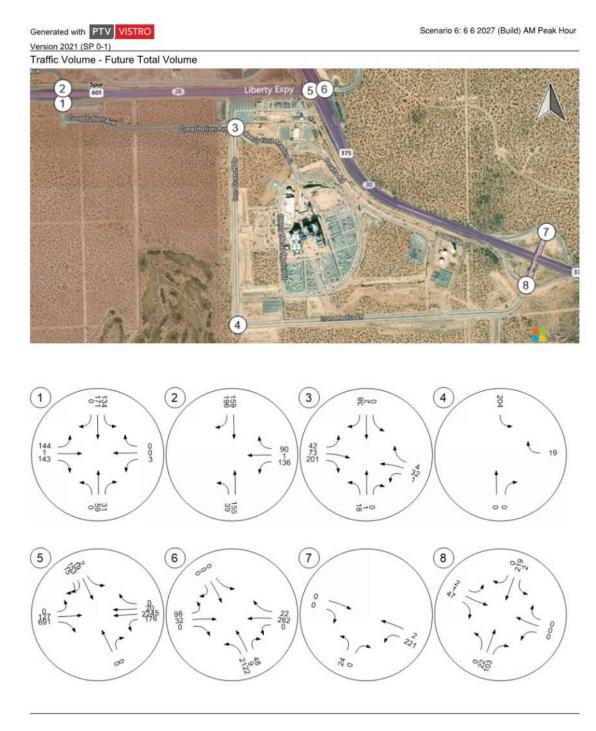


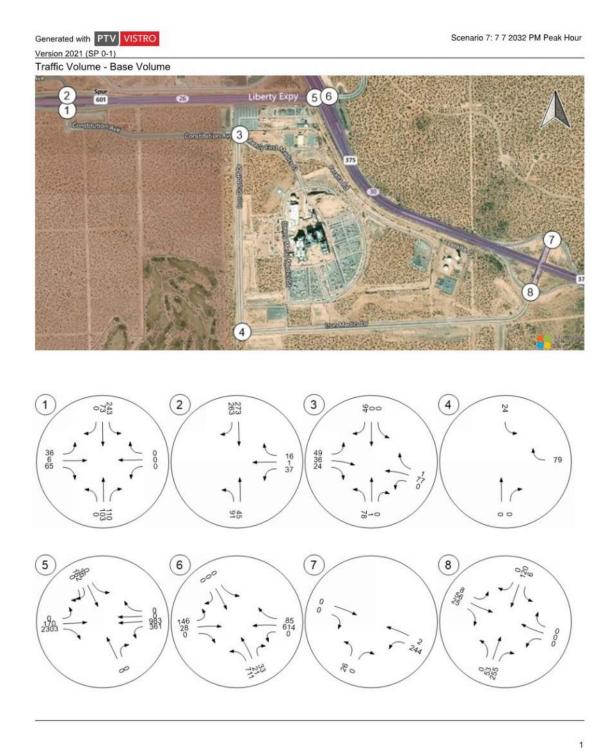
Generated with PTV VISTRO

Version 2021 (SP 0-1)

Traffic Volume - Future Background Volume Scenario 6: 6 6 2027 (Build) AM Peak Hour (3) 4 033 159 6 (7 (8)



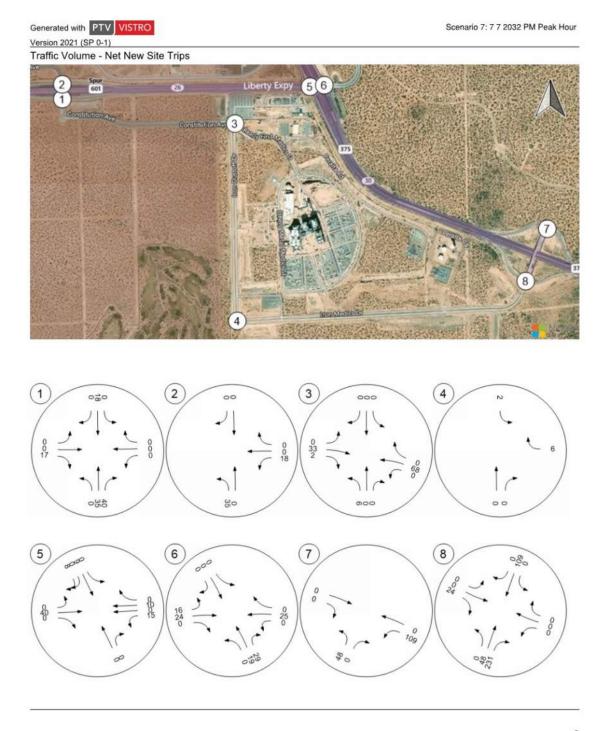


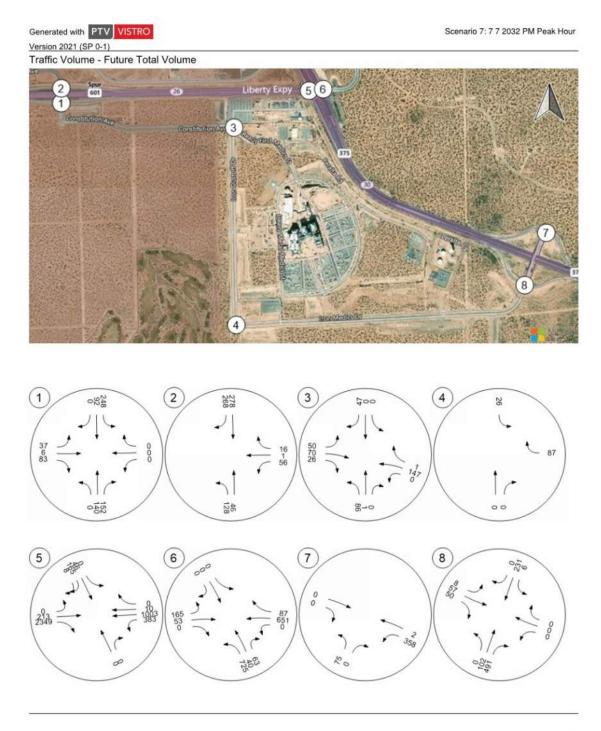


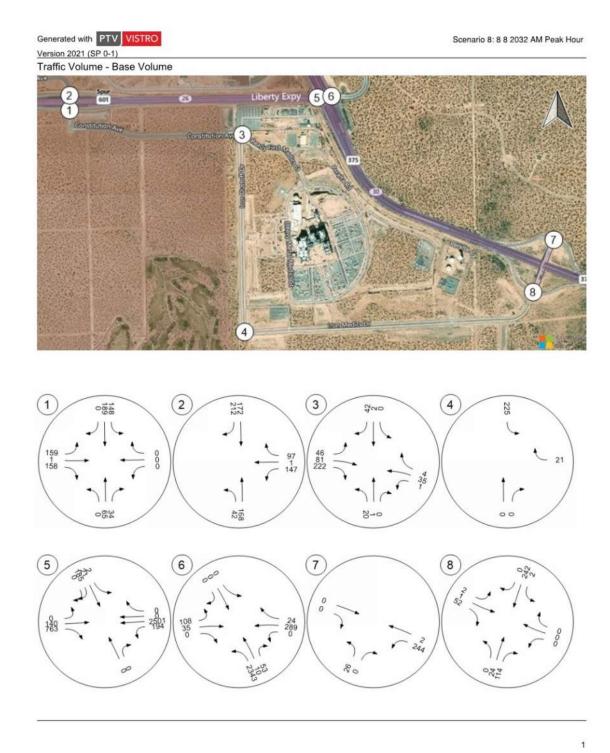
Generated with PTV VISTRO

Version 2021 (SP 0-1)

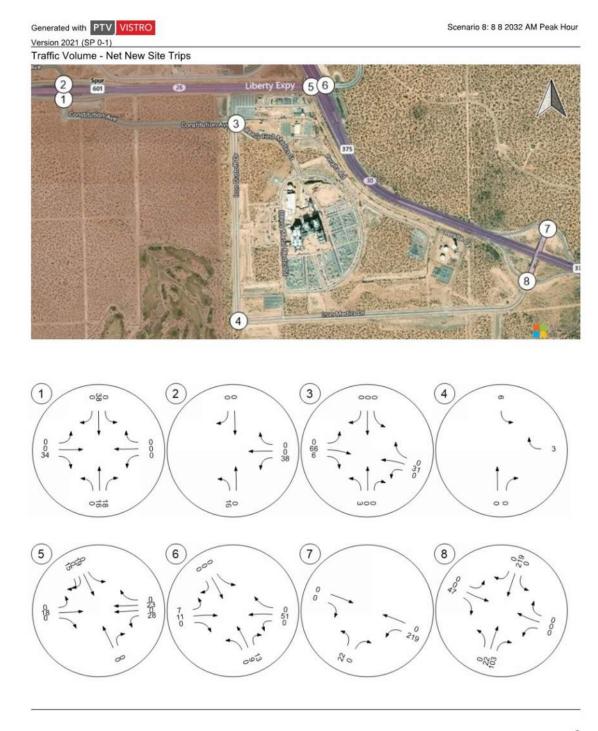
Traffic Volume - Future Background Volume Scenario 7: 7 7 2032 PM Peak Hour (2) (3 (4) 6 (7 (8)

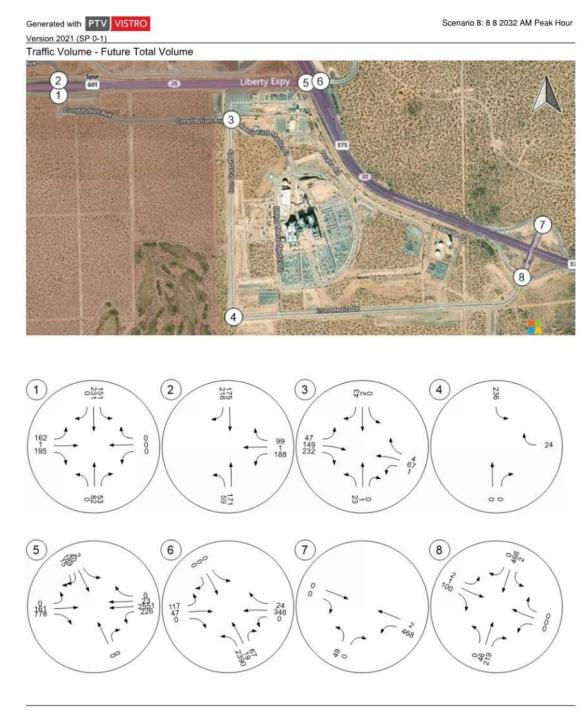






Generated with PTV VISTRO Scenario 8: 8 8 2032 AM Peak Hour Version 2021 (SP 0-1)
Traffic Volume - Future Background Volume (2) (3 4 0151 6 (7 (8)





## **H** Synchro Summary Reports

Lanes, Volumes, Timings AM Existing Peak Hour 05/28/2021 5: Constitution Ave & Spur 601 EBFR EBR Lane Group EBL **EBT** WBL WBT **NBT ^** Lane Configurations Traffic Volume (vph) 125 116 95 0 Future Volume (vph) 125 1 95 0 0 0 0 37 11 116 118 0 Ideal Flow (vphpl) 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 Lane Util. Factor 0.95 0.95 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 Frt 0.850 0.850 FIt Protected 0.950 0.953 0.950 Satd. Flow (prot) 3539 1681 1686 1583 0 0 1583 1770 3539 0 0 Flt Permitted 0.950 0.953 0.950 Satd. Flow (perm) 3539 3539 1681 1686 1583 1583 1770 Right Turn on Red Yes Yes Yes Yes Satd. Flow (RTOR) 253 178 Link Speed (mph) 30 35 35 30 Link Distance (ft) 148 245 425 300 Travel Time (s) 3.4 4.8 8.3 6.8 Peak Hour Factor 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 Adj. Flow (vph) 136 103 0 0 0 0 40 12 126 128 0 Shared Lane Traffic (%) 50% 69 103 0 0 40 Lane Group Flow (vph) 0 0 12 126 128 68 0 Turn Type Split NA NA Perm Prot NA Protected Phases 67 58 58 7 6 Permitted Phases 58 Total Split (s) 11.8 11.8 27.0 Total Lost Time (s) 5.8 6.0 Act Effct Green (s) 15.8 15.8 15.8 47.9 59.7 6.0 6.0 Actuated g/C Ratio 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.07 0.07 0.55 0.69 v/c Ratio 0.22 0.23 0.24 0.16 0.03 0.13 0.05 Control Delay 31.6 31.6 1.8 39.9 0.2 4.2 1.1 Queue Delay 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 **Total Delay** 31.6 31.6 1.8 39.9 0.2 4.2 1.1 LOS C C D Α A Α Α Approach Delay 30.7 2.6 18.8 Approach LOS В C Α Intersection Summary Area Type: Other Cycle Length: 87 Actuated Cycle Length: 87 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:WBTL and 6:, Start of Green Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.57 Intersection Signal Delay: 12.4 Intersection LOS: B Intersection Capacity Utilization 34.5% ICU Level of Service A Analysis Period (min) 15 Splits and Phases: 5: Constitution Ave & Spur 601 EBFR 104 7 Ø2 (R) **\$**08

Lanes, Volumes, Timings 5: Constitution Ave & Spur 601 EBFR AM Existing Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Lane Group	Ø1	Ø2	Ø3	Ø4	Ø5	Ø8
Lane Configurations	<i>.</i>	, DE	200	DT		,,,,,
Traffic Volume (vph)						
Future Volume (vph)						
Ideal Flow (vphpl)						
Lane Util. Factor						
Frt						
Flt Protected						
Satd. Flow (prot)						
Flt Permitted						
Satd. Flow (perm)						
Right Turn on Red						
Satd. Flow (RTOR)						
Link Speed (mph)						
Link Distance (ft)						
Travel Time (s)						
Peak Hour Factor						
Adj. Flow (vph)						
Shared Lane Traffic (%)						
Lane Group Flow (vph)						
Turn Type						
Protected Phases	1	2	3	4	5	8
Permitted Phases						
Total Split (s)	20.7	11.0	6.5	47.0	6.5	40.0
Total Lost Time (s)						
Act Effct Green (s)						
Actuated g/C Ratio						
v/c Ratio						
Control Delay						
Queue Delay						
Total Delay						
LOS						
Approach Delay						
Approach LOS						
Intersection Summary						

Lanes, Volumes, Ti 8: Spur 601 WBFR	& Cons	titutior	n Ave						3.33 T	xisting		28/2021
	١	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	1	1	~	-	ţ	4
Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBF
Lane Configurations				7	र्स	7	٦	<b>^</b>			<b>^</b>	7
Traffic Volume (vph)	0	0	0	87	1	78	21	135	0	0	138	171
Future Volume (vph)	0	0	0	87	1	78	21	135	0	0	138	171
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Lane Util. Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00
Frt						0.850						0.850
Flt Protected				0.950	0.953		0.950					
Satd. Flow (prot)	0	0	0	1681	1686	1583	1770	3539	0	0	3539	1583
Flt Permitted				0.950	0.953		0.950					
Satd. Flow (perm)	0	0	0	1681	1686	1583	1770	3539	0	0	3539	1583
Right Turn on Red			Yes			Yes			Yes			Yes
Satd. Flow (RTOR)						178						186
Link Speed (mph)		30			30			30			30	
Link Distance (ft)		139			242			300			606	
Travel Time (s)		3.2			5.5			6.8			13.8	
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Adj. Flow (vph)	0	0	0	95	1	85	23	147	0	0	150	186
Shared Lane Traffic (%)				49%								
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	0	0	48	48	85	23	147	0	0	150	186
Turn Type				Split	NA	Perm	Prot	NA			NA	Pro
Protected Phases				23	23		4	14			1	1
Permitted Phases						23						
Total Split (s)							47.0				20.7	20.7
Total Lost Time (s)							6.0				5.7	5.7
Act Effct Green (s)				50.6	50.6	50.6	10.9	25.7			8.9	8.9
Actuated g/C Ratio				0.58	0.58	0.58	0.13	0.30			0.10	0.10
v/c Ratio				0.05	0.05	0.09	0.10	0.14			0.42	0.57
Control Delay				9.8	9.8	0.2	42.3	2.5			39.4	12.8
Queue Delay				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0	0.0
Total Delay				9.8	9.8	0.2	42.3	2.5			39.4	12.8
LOS				Α	Α	Α	D	Α			D	В
Approach Delay					5.3			7.9			24.7	
Approach LOS					Α			Α			С	
Intersection Summary												
	Other											
Cycle Length: 87	Other											
Actuated Cycle Length: 87												
Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced t	n nhase 2	WRTI an	d R. Star	t of Gree	n							
Control Type: Actuated-Coo		WDIL an	u o., otal	1010100								
Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.57	dinatod											
Intersection Signal Delay: 15	5.4			Ir	tersection	n I OS: R						
Intersection Capacity Utilizat					CU Level		Α					
Analysis Period (min) 15	0011011070				1012010	01 0011101						
50 02 05												
Splits and Phases: 8: Spu	r 601 WBF	K & Cons		- 40	2							
#8 A L	#8		#8	. #								
Splits and Phases: 8: Spu	• 7	Ø2 (R)		Ø3 *	<b>1</b> Ø4							
20.75	118		6.5	5 47	9							
#5 #5 Ø6 (R)			#5	Ø7	#5	\$ Ø8						
Ø5 V Ø6 (R)				107		<b>₽</b> Ø8						

Lanes, Volumes, Timings 8: Spur 601 WBFR & Constitution Ave AM Existing Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Lane Group	Ø2	Ø3	Ø5	Ø6	Ø7	Ø8
Lane Configurations						
Traffic Volume (vph)						
Future Volume (vph)						
Ideal Flow (vphpl)						
Lane Util. Factor						
Frt						
Flt Protected						
Satd. Flow (prot)						
FIt Permitted						
Satd. Flow (perm)						
Right Turn on Red						
Satd. Flow (RTOR)						
Link Speed (mph)						
Link Distance (ft)						
Travel Time (s)						
Peak Hour Factor						
Adj. Flow (vph)						
Shared Lane Traffic (%)						
Lane Group Flow (vph)						
Turn Type						
Protected Phases	2	3	5	6	7	8
Permitted Phases						
Total Split (s)	11.0	6.5	6.5	27.0	11.8	40.0
Total Lost Time (s)						
Act Effct Green (s)						
Actuated g/C Ratio						
v/c Ratio						
Control Delay						
Queue Delay						
Total Delay						
LOS						
Approach Delay						
Approach LOS						
Intersection Summary						

Lanes, Volumes, Timings AM Existing Peak Hour 05/28/2021 15: LP 375 SBFR & Spur 601 EBR SBR Lane Group EBT WBL WBT **NBT 1** Lane Configurations 44 Traffic Volume (vph) 601 129 0 0 133 0 1952 0 Future Volume (vph) 0 95 601 129 1952 0 0 0 0 2 0 133 Ideal Flow (vphpl) 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 Lane Util. Factor 1.00 0.95 1.00 0.95 0.95 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.95 0.95 1.00 Frt 0.850 0.850 FIt Protected 0.997 0.950 0.950 Satd. Flow (prot) 0 3539 1583 3529 1681 1681 1583 0 Flt Permitted 0.997 0.950 0.950 Satd. Flow (perm) 1583 3539 1583 3529 1681 1681 0 Right Turn on Red Yes Yes Yes Yes Satd. Flow (RTOR) 145 653 Link Speed (mph) 60 60 65 30 Link Distance (ft) 943 294 303 201 Travel Time (s) 10.7 3.3 3.2 4.6 Peak Hour Factor 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 Adj. Flow (vph) 0 103 653 140 2122 0 0 0 0 2 0 145 Shared Lane Traffic (%) 50% 0 653 2262 n 0 0 Lane Group Flow (vph) 103 0 0 145 1 1 Turn Type NA NA Perm Perm Protected Phases 4 3 3 5 5 Permitted Phases Total Split (s) 22.5 22.5 51.0 76.5 76.5 51.0 76.5 Total Lost Time (s) 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 Act Effct Green (s) 46.5 18.0 18.0 72.0 72.0 72.0 Actuated g/C Ratio 0.12 0.12 0.31 0.48 0.48 0.48 v/c Ratio 0.24 0.85 0.00 0.00 0.17 2.07 Control Delay 61.5 16.2 509.7 20.0 20.0 3.6 Queue Delay 0.0 0.0 3.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 **Total Delay** 61.5 16.2 512.7 20.0 20.0 3.6 LOS E В В В A 22.3 Approach Delay 512.7 3.8 Approach LOS C F Α Intersection Summary Area Type: Other Cycle Length: 150 Actuated Cycle Length: 150 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2: and 6:, Start of Green Control Type: Pretimed Maximum v/c Ratio: 2.37 Intersection Signal Delay: 371.9 Intersection LOS: F Intersection Capacity Utilization 110.3% ICU Level of Service H Analysis Period (min) 15 Splits and Phases: 15: LP 375 SBFR & Spur 601 #15 #19 #15 #19 N 01 **▼ ©**3 - - 04 #15

Lanes, Volumes, Timings 15: LP 375 SBFR & Spur 601 AM Existing Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Lane Group	Ø1
LaneConfigurations	
Traffic Volume (vph)	
Future Volume (vph)	
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	
Lane Util. Factor	
Frt	
Flt Protected	
Satd. Flow (prot)	
Flt Permitted	
Satd. Flow (perm)	
Right Turn on Red	
Satd. Flow (RTOR)	
Link Speed (mph)	
Link Distance (ft)	
Travel Time (s)	
Peak Hour Factor	
Adj. Flow (vph)	
Shared Lane Traffic (%)	
Lane Group Flow (vph)	
Turn Type	
Protected Phases	1
Permitted Phases	
Total Split (s)	76.5
Total Lost Time (s)	
Act Effct Green (s)	
Actuated g/C Ratio	
v/c Ratio	
Control Delay	
Queue Delay	
Total Delay	
LOS	
Approach Delay	
Approach LOS	
Intersection Summary	

05/25/2021 AM Existing Peak Hour

Lanes, Volumes, Timings AM Existing Peak Hour 05/28/2021 19: LP 375 NBFR & Spur 601 EBR Lane Group EBL EBT WBL WBT WBR NBL **NBT NBR** 19 184 Lane Configurations Traffic Volume (vph) 1847 20 30 0 Future Volume (vph) 79 19 0 0 184 20 1847 0 30 0 0 0 Ideal Flow (vphpl) 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 Lane Util. Factor 0.95 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 Frt 0.850 0.850 FIt Protected 0.961 0.950 Satd. Flow (prot) 3401 3539 1583 1770 1863 1583 0 0 0 0 Flt Permitted 0.674 0.950 Satd. Flow (perm) 1583 1863 2385 3539 1770 1583 Right Turn on Red Yes Yes Yes Yes Satd. Flow (RTOR) 44 1030 Link Speed (mph) 60 40 65 65 Link Distance (ft) 294 593 284 254 Travel Time (s) 3.3 10.1 3.0 2.7 Peak Hour Factor 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 Adj. Flow (vph) 86 21 0 0 200 22 2008 0 33 0 0 0 Shared Lane Traffic (%) 2008 Lane Group Flow (vph) 0 107 200 0 0 0 22 0 33 0 0 Turn Type NA NA Split Perm Perm Perm Protected Phases 1 4 3 1 Permitted Phases Total Split (s) 22.5 22.5 51.0 51.0 76.5 76.5 76.5 Total Lost Time (s) 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 Act Effct Green (s) 46.5 18.0 46.5 72.0 72.0 Actuated g/C Ratio 0.12 0.31 0.31 0.48 0.48 v/c Ratio 0.37 0.04 2.37 0.03 0.18 Control Delay 9.7 38.4 2.3 639.6 0.0 Queue Delay 0.0 0.1 0.0 19.4 0.0 **Total Delay** 9.7 38.5 2.3 659.0 0.0 LOS D Α A Α 648.3 Approach Delay 9.7 34.9 Approach LOS Α C Intersection Summary Area Type: Other Cycle Length: 150 Actuated Cycle Length: 150 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2: and 6:, Start of Green Control Type: Pretimed Maximum v/c Ratio: 2.37 Intersection Signal Delay: 562.1 Intersection LOS: F Intersection Capacity Utilization 123.0% ICU Level of Service H Analysis Period (min) 15 Splits and Phases: 19: LP 375 NBFR & Spur 601 #15 #19 #15 #19 N 01 **▼ ©**3 - - 04 #15

Lanes, Volumes, Timings 19: LP 375 NBFR & Spur 601 AM Existing Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Lane Group	Ø5
Lane Configurations	
Traffic Volume (vph)	
Future Volume (vph)	
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	
Lane Util. Factor	
Frt	
Flt Protected	
Satd. Flow (prot)	
Flt Permitted	
Satd. Flow (perm)	
Right Turn on Red	
Satd. Flow (RTOR)	
Link Speed (mph)	
Link Distance (ft)	
Travel Time (s)	
Peak Hour Factor	
Adj. Flow (vph)	
Shared Lane Traffic (%)	
Lane Group Flow (vph)	
Turn Type	
Protected Phases	5
Permitted Phases	
Total Split (s)	76.5
Total Lost Time (s)	
Act Effct Green (s)	
Actuated g/C Ratio	
v/c Ratio	
Control Delay	
Queue Delay	
Total Delay	
LOS	
Approach Delay	
Approach LOS	
Intersection Summary	

05/25/2021 AM Existing Peak Hour

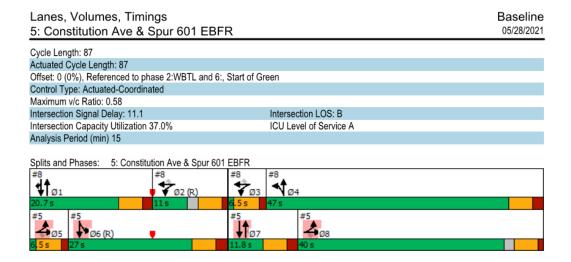
Lanes, Volumes, Timings Baseline 05/28/2021 5: Constitution Ave & Spur 601 EBFR Lane Group **EBT EBR** WBL WBT **NBT NBR** SBT SBR Lane Configurations **↑**↑ 51 Traffic Volume (vph) 191 28 20 0 52 0 0 Future Volume (vph) 28 4 20 0 0 0 0 51 52 191 41 0 Ideal Flow (vphpl) 1900 1900 1900 900 1900 1900 1900 1900 900 1900 1900 1900 Lane Width (ft) 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 Grade (%) 0% 0% 0% Storage Length (ft) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Storage Lanes 0 0 0 Taper Length (ft) 25 25 25 25 Lane Util. Factor 1.00 0.95 0.95 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.95 Ped Bike Factor Frt 0.850 0.850 0.950 0.963 Flt Protected 0.950 Satd. Flow (prot) 1681 1704 3539 1583 3539 1583 1770 Flt Permitted 0.950 0.963 0.950 Satd. Flow (perm) 1681 1704 1583 3539 1583 3539 1770 Right Turn on Red Yes Yes Yes Yes Satd. Flow (RTOR) 253 178 35 Link Speed (mph) 35 30 30 Link Distance (ft) 148 245 425 300 Travel Time (s) 2.9 4.8 9.7 6.8 Confl. Peds. (#/hr) Confl. Bikes (#/hr) 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 Peak Hour Factor 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 Growth Factor 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% Heavy Vehicles (%) 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 0 0 0 0 0 Bus Blockages (#/hr) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Parking (#/hr) Mid-Block Traffic (%) 0% 0% 0% 0% Adj. Flow (vph) 30 4 22 0 55 57 208 45 Shared Lane Traffic (%) 44% 22 208 45 Lane Group Flow (vph) 17 17 0 55 57 Turn Type Split NA Perm NΑ Perm Prot NΑ Protected Phases 58 58 6 67 Permitted Phases 58 Total Split (s) 11.8 27.0 11.8 Total Lost Time (s) 5.8 5.8 6.0 Act Effct Green (s) 13.9 13.9 13.9 6.3 6.3 49.5 61.6 Actuated g/C Ratio 0.16 0.16 0.16 0.07 0.07 0.57 0.71 v/c Ratio 0.06 0.06 0.05 0.21 0.16 0.21 0.02 Control Delay 31.6 0.2 39.9 1.0 4.3 0.3 31.6 Queue Delay 0.0 0.0 0.0 2.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 Total Delay 31.6 31.6 0.2 39.9 1.0 6.4 0.3 LOS C D Α Approach Delay 19.3 20.1 5.3 Approach LOS В С Intersection Summary Area Type: Other

PM Existing Peak Hour 05/25/2021 Baseline

Lanes, Volumes, Timings 5: Constitution Ave & Spur 601 EBFR Baseline 05/28/2021

Lane Group	Ø1	Ø2	Ø3	Ø4	Ø5	Ø8	
Lane Configurations		~=	20	21	20	20	
Traffic Volume (vph)							
Future Volume (vph)							
Ideal Flow (vphpl)							
Lane Width (ft)							
Grade (%)							
Storage Length (ft)							
Storage Lanes							
Taper Length (ft)							
Lane Util. Factor							
Ped Bike Factor							
Frt							
Flt Protected							
Satd. Flow (prot)							
Flt Permitted							
Satd. Flow (perm)							
Right Turn on Red							
Satd. Flow (RTOR)							
Link Speed (mph)							
Link Distance (ft)							
Travel Time (s)							
Confl. Peds. (#/hr)							
Confl. Bikes (#/hr)							
Peak Hour Factor							
Growth Factor							
Heavy Vehicles (%)							
Bus Blockages (#/hr)							
Parking (#/hr)							
Mid-Block Traffic (%)							
Adj. Flow (vph)							
Shared Lane Traffic (%)							
Lane Group Flow (vph)							
Turn Type							
Protected Phases	1	2	3	4	5	8	
Permitted Phases							
Total Split (s)	20.7	11.0	6.5	47.0	6.5	40.0	
Total Lost Time (s)							
Act Effct Green (s)							
Actuated g/C Ratio							
v/c Ratio							
Control Delay							
Queue Delay							
Total Delay							
LOS							
Approach Delay							
Approach LOS							
Intersection Summary							

PM Existing Peak Hour 05/25/2021 Baseline



Lanes, Volumes, Timings Baseline 05/28/2021 8: Constitution Ave & Spur 601 WBFR SBR Lane Group EBT **EBR** WBL WBT NBL **NBT NBR** SBT **WBR ↑↑** 36 **↑↑** 219 Lane Configurations Traffic Volume (vph) 43 0 0 0 211 0 0 Future Volume (vph) 0 0 0 14 1 14 43 36 0 0 219 211 Ideal Flow (vphpl) 1900 1900 900 1900 1900 1900 1900 900 1900 900 1900 1900 Lane Width (ft) 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 Grade (%) 0% 0% 0% 0% Storage Length (ft) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Storage Lanes 0 0 Taper Length (ft) 25 25 25 25 Lane Util. Factor 0.95 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.95 Ped Bike Factor Frt 0.850 0.850 0.950 Flt Protected 0.950 0.958 Satd. Flow (prot) 1695 1583 3539 1583 0 0 1681 1770 3539 Flt Permitted 0.950 0.958 0.950 Satd. Flow (perm) 1695 1583 3539 3539 1583 1770 0 Right Turn on Red Yes Yes Yes Yes Satd. Flow (RTOR) 229 178 Link Speed (mph) 35 35 30 30 Link Distance (ft) 139 242 300 606 Travel Time (s) 2.7 4.7 6.8 13.8 Confl. Peds. (#/hr) Confl. Bikes (#/hr) 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 Peak Hour Factor 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 Growth Factor 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% Heavy Vehicles (%) 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 0 0 0 0 0 Bus Blockages (#/hr) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Parking (#/hr) Mid-Block Traffic (%) 0% 0% 0% 0% 229 Adj. Flow (vph) 0 15 15 47 39 238 Shared Lane Traffic (%) 47% 238 229 Lane Group Flow (vph) 0 15 47 39 0 8 Turn Type Split NA Perm Prot NΑ NA Prot Protected Phases 23 23 4 14 Permitted Phases 23 47.0 20.7 20.7 Total Split (s) Total Lost Time (s) 6.0 5.7 5.7 Act Effct Green (s) 50.5 50.5 50.5 9.1 25.8 10.7 10.7 Actuated g/C Ratio 0.58 0.58 0.58 0.10 0.30 0.12 0.12 v/c Ratio 0.01 0.01 0.02 0.26 0.04 0.55 0.58 Control Delay 9.4 9.4 0.0 32.2 40.1 11.1 0.8 Queue Delay 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Total Delay 9.4 9.4 0.0 32.2 0.8 40.1 11.1 LOS Α Α D Approach Delay 4.9 18.0 25.9 Approach LOS В C Intersection Summary Area Type: Other

PM Existing Peak Hour 05/25/2021 Baseline

Lanes, Volumes, Timings 8: Constitution Ave & Spur 601 WBFR Baseline 05/28/2021

Lane Group	Ø2	Ø3	Ø5	Ø6	Ø7	Ø8
LaneConfigurations						
Traffic Volume (vph)						
Future Volume (vph)						
Ideal Flow (vphpl)						
Lane Width (ft)						
Grade (%)						
Storage Length (ft)						
Storage Lanes						
Taper Length (ft)						
Lane Util. Factor						
Ped Bike Factor						
Frt						
Flt Protected						
Satd. Flow (prot)						
Flt Permitted						
Satd. Flow (perm)						
Right Turn on Red						
Satd. Flow (RTOR)						
Link Speed (mph)						
Link Distance (ft)						
Travel Time (s)						
Confl. Peds. (#/hr)						
Confl. Bikes (#/hr)						
Peak Hour Factor						
Growth Factor						
Heavy Vehicles (%)						
Bus Blockages (#/hr)						
Parking (#/hr)						
Mid-Block Traffic (%)						
Adj. Flow (vph)						
Shared Lane Traffic (%)						
Lane Group Flow (vph)						
Turn Type						
Protected Phases	2	3	5	6	7	8
Permitted Phases						
Total Split (s)	11.0	6.5	6.5	27.0	11.8	40.0
Total Lost Time (s)	0	0.10	3.0			. 510
Act Effct Green (s)						
Actuated g/C Ratio						
v/c Ratio						
Control Delay						
Queue Delay						
Total Delay						
LOS						
Approach Delay						
Approach LOS						
Intersection Summary						
intersection outlinary						

PM Existing Peak Hour 05/25/2021 Baseline

## 

Lanes, Volumes, Timings 15: LP 375 SBFR & Spur 601

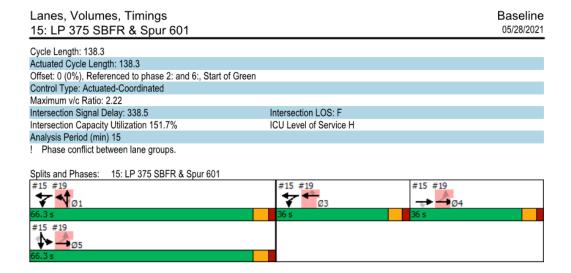
	•	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	<b>1</b>	<b>†</b>	/	-	ţ	4
Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBF
Lane Configurations		<b>^</b>	7		4₽					¥	ર્ન	7
Traffic Volume (vph)	0	100	1816	272	765	0	0	0	0	0	0	12
Future Volume (vph)	0	100	1816	272	765	0	0	0	0	0	0	12
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	190
Lane Width (ft)	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Grade (%)		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Storage Length (ft)	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		(
Storage Lanes	0		1	0		0	0		0	1		
Taper Length (ft)	25			25			25			25		
Lane Util. Factor	1.00	0.95	1.00	0.95	0.95	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.95	1.00
Ped Bike Factor											0.00	
Frt			0.850									0.85
Flt Protected			0.000		0.987							0.00
Satd. Flow (prot)	0	3539	1583	0	3493	0	0	0	0	1770	1770	1583
Flt Permitted	U	0000	1000	U	0.987	U	U	U	U	1110	1110	100
Satd. Flow (perm)	0	3539	1583	0	3493	0	0	0	0	1770	1770	1583
Right Turn on Red	U	0000	Yes	U	0400	Yes	U	U	Yes	1770	1770	Ye
Satd. Flow (RTOR)			632			163			163			659
Link Speed (mph)		35	032		35			35			35	00
		943			294			303			201	
Link Distance (ft)		18.4			5.7			5.9			3.9	
Travel Time (s)		18.4			5.7			5.9			3.9	
Confl. Peds. (#/hr)												
Confl. Bikes (#/hr)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Growth Factor	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Heavy Vehicles (%)	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	29
Bus Blockages (#/hr)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
Parking (#/hr)												
Mid-Block Traffic (%)		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Adj. Flow (vph)	0	109	1974	296	832	0	0	0	0	0	0	139
Shared Lane Traffic (%)										0%		
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	109	1974	0	1128	0	0	0	0	0	0	139
Turn Type		NA	Perm	Split	NA					Split		Pern
Protected Phases		4		1 3!	1 3!					5!	5!	
Permitted Phases			4									
Total Split (s)		36.0	36.0							66.3	66.3	66.3
Total Lost Time (s)		6.0	6.0							6.3	6.3	6.3
Act Effct Green (s)		37.4	37.4		88.6							54.9
Actuated g/C Ratio		0.27	0.27		0.64							0.4
v/c Ratio		0.11	2.22		0.50							0.14
Control Delay		41.4	570.6		1.7							0.3
Queue Delay		0.0	0.0		0.8							0.0
Total Delay		41.4	570.6		2.6							0.3
LOS		D	F		Α							- 1
Approach Delay		542.9			2.6						0.3	
Approach LOS		F			Α						Α	
• •												
Intersection Summary	011											
Area Type:	Other											

PM Existing Peak Hour 05/25/2021 Baseline

Lanes, Volumes, Timings 15: LP 375 SBFR & Spur 601 Baseline 05/28/2021

Lane Group	Ø1	Ø3	
Lane Configurations			
Traffic Volume (vph)			
Future Volume (vph)			
Ideal Flow (vphpl)			
Lane Width (ft)			
Grade (%)			
Storage Length (ft)			
Storage Lanes			
Taper Length (ft)			
Lane Util. Factor			
Ped Bike Factor			
Frt			
Flt Protected			
Satd. Flow (prot)			
Flt Permitted			
Satd. Flow (perm)			
Right Turn on Red			
Satd. Flow (RTOR)			
Link Speed (mph)			
Link Distance (ft)			
Travel Time (s)			
Confl. Peds. (#/hr)			
Confl. Bikes (#/hr)			
Peak Hour Factor			
Growth Factor			
Heavy Vehicles (%)			
Bus Blockages (#/hr) Parking (#/hr)			
Mid-Block Traffic (%) Adj. Flow (vph)			
Shared Lane Traffic (%)			
Lane Group Flow (vph)			
Turn Type	1	2	
Protected Phases	- 1	3	
Permitted Phases	00.0	00.0	
Total Split (s)	66.3	36.0	
Total Lost Time (s)			
Act Effct Green (s)			
Actuated g/C Ratio			
v/c Ratio			
Control Delay			
Queue Delay			
Total Delay			
LOS			
Approach Delay			
Approach LOS			
Intersection Summary			

PM Existing Peak Hour 05/25/2021 Baseline



Lanes, Volumes, Timings 19: LP 375 NBFR & Spur 601

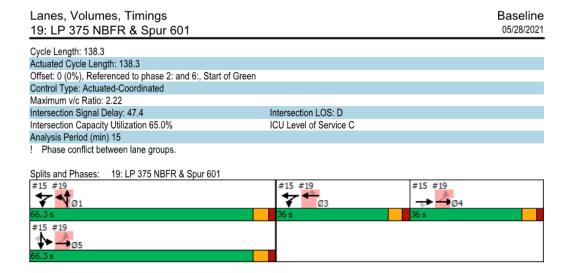
	•	-	•	1	<b>←</b>	•	4	<b>†</b>	-	/	ţ	4
Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBF
Lane Configurations		41∱			<b>^</b>	7	7	<b>↑</b>	7			
Traffic Volume (vph)	101	1	0	0	463	67	561	0	1	0	0	C
Future Volume (vph)	101	1	0	0	463	67	561	0	1	0	0	C
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Lane Width (ft)	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Grade (%)		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Storage Length (ft)	0		0	0		0	0		0	0		C
Storage Lanes	0		0	0		1	1		1	0		0
Taper Length (ft)	25			25			25			25		
Lane Util. Factor	0.95	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Ped Bike Factor												
Frt						0.850			0.850			
Flt Protected		0.953					0.950					
Satd. Flow (prot)	0	3373	0	0	3539	1583	1770	1863	1583	0	0	0
Flt Permitted		0.561					0.950					
Satd. Flow (perm)	0	1985	0	0	3539	1583	1770	1863	1583	0	0	0
Right Turn on Red			Yes			Yes			Yes			Yes
Satd. Flow (RTOR)						73			1090			
Link Speed (mph)		35			40			35			35	
Link Distance (ft)		294			598			284			254	
Travel Time (s)		5.7			10.2			5.5			4.9	
Confl. Peds. (#/hr)		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						0.0				
Confl. Bikes (#/hr)												
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Growth Factor	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Heavy Vehicles (%)	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%
Bus Blockages (#/hr)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Parking (#/hr)												
Mid-Block Traffic (%)		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Adj. Flow (vph)	110	1	0	0	503	73	610	0	1	0	0	0
Shared Lane Traffic (%)	110		U	U	000	10	010	U		U	U	·
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	111	0	0	503	73	610	0	1	0	0	0
Turn Type	Perm	NA	U	U	NA	Perm	Split	U	Perm	U	U	v
Protected Phases	r Cilli	4 5!			3	r Cilli	1!	1!	r ciiii			
Permitted Phases	4 5!	7 0:			5	3	11	- 11	1			
Total Split (s)	4 0:				36.0	36.0	66.3	66.3	66.3			
Total Lost Time (s)					6.0	6.0	6.3	6.3	6.3			
Act Effct Green (s)		98.6			27.7	27.7	54.9	0.5	54.9			
Actuated g/C Ratio		0.71			0.20	0.20	0.40		0.40			
v/c Ratio		0.71			0.20	0.20	0.40		0.40			
						10.6	52.0		0.00			
Control Delay		1.5 0.0			57.3 0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0			
Queue Delay		1.5			57.3	10.6	52.0		0.0			
Total Delay		1.5 A			57.3 E	10.6 B	52.0 D		0.0 A			
LOS Approach Delev		1.5			51.4	В	U	52.0	А			
Approach LOS								52.0 D				
Approach LOS		Α			D			D				
Intersection Summary												
	Other											

PM Existing Peak Hour 05/25/2021 Baseline

Lanes, Volumes, Timings 19: LP 375 NBFR & Spur 601 Baseline 05/28/2021

Lane Group	Ø4	Ø5		
Lane Configurations				
Traffic Volume (vph)				
Future Volume (vph)				
Ideal Flow (vphpl)				
Lane Width (ft)				
Grade (%)				
Storage Length (ft)				
Storage Lanes				
Taper Length (ft)				
Lane Util. Factor				
Ped Bike Factor				
Frt				
Flt Protected				
Satd. Flow (prot)				
Flt Permitted				
Satd. Flow (perm)				
Right Turn on Red				
Satd. Flow (RTOR)				
Link Speed (mph)				
Link Distance (ft)				
Travel Time (s)				
Confl. Peds. (#/hr)				
Confl. Bikes (#/hr)				
Peak Hour Factor				
Growth Factor				
Heavy Vehicles (%)				
Bus Blockages (#/hr)				
Parking (#/hr)				
Mid-Block Traffic (%)				
Adj. Flow (vph)				
Shared Lane Traffic (%)				
Lane Group Flow (vph)				
Turn Type				
Protected Phases	4	5		
Permitted Phases				
Total Split (s)	36.0	66.3		
Total Lost Time (s)				
Act Effct Green (s)				
Actuated g/C Ratio				
v/c Ratio				
Control Delay				
Queue Delay				
Total Delay				
LOS				
Approach Delay				
Approach LOS				
Intersection Summary				

PM Existing Peak Hour 05/25/2021 Baseline



## HCM 6th TWSC 34: Iron Medics Dr & LP 375 N

AM Existing Peak Hour 05/27/2021

Int Delay, s/veh	2.9					
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations				ર્ન	7	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	0	0	2	2	2	0
Future Vol, veh/h	0	0	2	2	2	0
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	0	-
Veh in Median Storage, #		-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	0	-	-	0	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	92	92	92	92	92	92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	0	2	2	2	0
Major/Minor		, n	Major2		Minor1	
		ľ	0	0	6	
Conflicting Flow All			-	-	0	
Stage 1					6	
Stage 2			4.12	-	6.42	
Critical Hdwy			4.12		0.42	
Critical Hdwy Stg 1				-	5.42	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2			0.040	-		
Follow-up Hdwy			2.218		3.518 1015	-
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver				-		0
Stage 1			-	-	4047	0
Stage 2			-	-	1017	0
Platoon blocked, %				-	4045	
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver			-	-	1015	-
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver			-	-	1015	-
Stage 1			-	-	-	-
Stage 2			-	-	1017	-
Approach			WB		NB	
HCM Control Delay, s					8.6	
HCM LOS					Α	
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt		NBLn1	WBL	WBT		
Capacity (veh/h)		1015	-	-		
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		0.002	-	-		
HCM Control Delay (s)		8.6	-	-		
HCM Lane LOS		Α	-	-		
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)		0	-	-		

05/25/2021 AM Existing Peak Hour

HCM 6th TWSC 36: Iron Medics Dr & Loop 375 S

AM Existing Peak Hour 05/27/2021

Int Delay, s/veh	5.1											
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		ર્ન							7		ની	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
Future Vol, veh/h	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
RT Channelized	-	-	None	-	-	None	-	-	None	-	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-
Veh in Median Storage	e,# -	0	-	-	16979	-	-	16979	-	-	0	-
Grade, %	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
Major/Minor	Minor2									Major2		
Conflicting Flow All	4	4	-							0	0	0
Stage 1	4	4	-							-	-	-
Stage 2	0	0	-							-	-	
Critical Hdwy	6.42	6.52	-							4.12	-	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	5.42	5.52	-							-	-	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-							-	-	-
Follow-up Hdwy	3.518	4.018	-							2.218	-	-
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	1018	891	0							-	-	0
Stage 1	1019	892	0							-	-	0
Stage 2	-	-	0							-	-	0
Platoon blocked, %											-	
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	1018	0	-							-	-	-
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	1018	0	-							-	-	-
Stage 1	1019	0	-							-	-	-
Stage 2	-	0	-							-	-	-
Approach	EB									SB		
HCM Control Delay, s	8.5											
HCM LOS	A											
Minor Lane/Major Mvn	nt	EBLn1	SBL	SBT								
Capacity (veh/h)		1018	-	-								
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		0.003										
HCM Control Delay (s)	)	8.5										
HCM Lane LOS		Α.										
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh	)	0	-	_								
σοιπ ποιο α(νοπ	,											

05/25/2021 AM Existing Peak Hour

HCM 6th AWSC 45: Iron Dustoff Dr & Constitution Ave

AM Existing Peak Hour 05/27/2021

Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		414	LDIT	1155	414	W Six	1102	414	11011	052	414	ODIT
Traffic Vol., veh/h	36	6	170	1	1	3	14	1	0	0	2	33
Future Vol., veh/h	36	6	170	1	1	3	14	1	0	0	2	33
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	39	7	185	1	1	3	15	1	0	0	2	36
Number of Lanes	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0
Approach	EB			WB			NB				SB	
Opposing Approach	WB			EB			SB				NB	
Opposing Lanes	2			2			2				2	
Conflicting Approach Left	SB			NB			EB				WB	
Conflicting Lanes Left	2			2			2				2	
Conflicting Approach Right	NB			SB			WB				EB	
Conflicting Lanes Right	2			2			2				2	
HCM Control Delay	7.8			7.2			8.4				7.3	
HCM LOS	Α			Α			Α				Α	

Lane	NBLn1	NBLn2	EBLn1	EBLn2	WBLn1	WBLn2	SBLn1	SBLn2	
Vol Left, %	98%	0%	92%	0%	67%	0%	0%	0%	
Vol Thru, %	2%	100%	8%	2%	33%	14%	100%	2%	
Vol Right, %	0%	0%	0%	98%	0%	86%	0%	98%	
Sign Control	Stop								
Traffic Vol by Lane	14	1	39	173	2	4	1	34	
LT Vol	14	0	36	0	1	0	0	0	
Through Vol	0	1	3	3	1	1	1	1	
RT Vol	0	0	0	170	0	3	0	33	
Lane Flow Rate	16	1	42	188	2	4	1	37	
Geometry Grp	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	
Degree of Util (X)	0.024	0.001	0.06	0.206	0.002	0.004	0.002	0.044	
Departure Headway (Hd)	5.566	5.076	5.092	3.942	5.081	4.146	5.061	4.373	
Convergence, Y/N	Yes								
Cap	647	709	702	906	697	851	711	824	
Service Time	3.266	2.776	2.835	1.685	2.865	1.929	2.761	2.073	
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.025	0.001	0.06	0.208	0.003	0.005	0.001	0.045	
HCM Control Delay	8.4	7.8	8.2	7.7	7.9	6.9	7.8	7.3	
HCM Lane LOS	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	
HCM 95th-tile Q	0.1	0	0.2	0.8	0	0	0	0.1	

05/25/2021 AM Existing Peak Hour

HCM 6th TWSC 34: Iron Medics Dr & Loop 375 N

Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	3.6					
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	EDI	EDI	WDL	₩ <u>₩</u>	NDL	NDIX
Traffic Vol, veh/h	0	0	4	3	<b>1</b> 5	0
	0	0	4		5	-
Future Vol, veh/h				3		0
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	_ 0	0	0	_ 0	0	0
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-		-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-		0	-
Veh in Median Storage,		-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	0	-	-	0	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	92	92	92	92	92	92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	0	4	3	5	0
Major/Minor			Aninu2		Minard	
Major/Minor		I	Major2		Minor1	
Conflicting Flow All			0	0	11	-
Stage 1			-	-	0	-
Stage 2			-	-	11	-
Critical Hdwy			4.12	-	6.42	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 1			-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2			-	-	5.42	-
Follow-up Hdwy			2.218	-	3.518	-
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver			_	_	1009	0
Stage 1					-	0
Stage 2				_	1012	0
Platoon blocked, %					1012	U
			_		1009	
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver						
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver			-	-	1009	-
Stage 1			-	-	-	-
Stage 2			-	-	1012	-
Approach			WB		NB	
HCM Control Delay, s			****		8.6	
HCM LOS					Α	
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt		NBLn1	WBL	WBT		
Capacity (veh/h)		1009		-		
		0.005				
HCM Lane V/C Ratio						
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		8.6	_			
HCM Control Delay (s)		8.6 Δ	-			
		8.6 A 0		-		

PM Existing Peak Hour 05/25/2021 Baseline

HCM 6th TWSC 36: Iron Medics Dr & Loop 375 S

Intersection												
Int Delay, s/veh	8.2											
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4						7>			4	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	6	45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0
Future Vol., veh/h	6	45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
RT Channelized	-	-	None	-	-	None	-	-	None	-	-	None
Storage Length			-			-	-	-	-	-		-
Veh in Median Storage	,# -	0	-	-	16979	-	-	0	-	-	0	-
Grade, %	-	0	-		0	-	-	0	-	-	0	
Peak Hour Factor	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	7	49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0
Major/Minor	Minor2					N	Major1		ı	Major2		
Conflicting Flow All	8	8	-			-	-	0	0	0	0	0
Stage 1	8	8					-	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	0	0						-				
Critical Hdwy	6.42	6.52					_	_	-	4.12	_	_
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	5.42	5.52						-		-		
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	5.42	5.52					_	-	_	_	_	_
Follow-up Hdwy	3.518							_	-	2.218		
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	1013	887	0				0	-	-	-	_	0
Stage 1	1015	889	0				0	_				0
Stage 2	-	-	0				0	_	-	-	_	0
Platoon blocked, %			0				J	_				0
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	1013	0	-				-	-	-	-	_	_
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	1013	0						_				
Stage 1	1015	0	-					-			_	_
Stage 2	-	0						_				
Olago L												
Approach	EB						NB			SB		
HCM Control Delay, s	8.8						0			00		
HCM LOS	0.0 A						U					
TIOW LOO	Α.											
Minor Lane/Major Mvm	t .	NBT	NRP	EBLn1	SBL	SBT						
Capacity (veh/h)		INDI	NDIX I	1013	ODL -	301						
HCM Lane V/C Ratio				0.055		-						
HCM Control Delay (s)				8.8		_ :						
HCM Lane LOS				0.0 A		-						
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)		- :		0.2								
HOW Sout Jouic Q(Vell)			_	0.2		-						

PM Existing Peak Hour 05/25/2021 Baseline

HCM 6th AWSC 45: Iron Dustoff Dr & Constitution Ave

ntersection	
ntersection Delay, s/veh	7.8
ntersection Delay, s/veh ntersection LOS	Α

Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		<b>€Î</b>			4î			414			414	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	38	0	17	0	2	1	57	1	0	0	0	36
Future Vol, veh/h	38	0	17	0	2	1	57	1	0	0	0	36
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	41	0	18	0	2	1	62	1	0	0	0	39
Number of Lanes	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0
Approach	EB				WB		NB				SB	
Opposing Approach	WB				EB		SB				NB	
Opposing Lanes	2				2		2				2	
Conflicting Approach Left	SB				NB		EB				WB	
Conflicting Lanes Left	2				2		2				2	
Conflicting Approach Right	NB				SB		WB				EB	
Conflicting Lanes Right	2				2		2				2	
HCM Control Delay	7.9				7.3		8.4				6.9	
HCM LOS	Α				Α		Α				Α	

Lane	NBLn1	NBLn2	EBLn1	EBLn2	WBLn1	WBLn2	SBLn1	SBLn2	
Vol Left, %	99%	0%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Vol Thru, %	1%	100%	0%	0%	100%	40%	100%	0%	
Vol Right, %	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	60%	0%	100%	
Sign Control	Stop								
Traffic Vol by Lane	57	1	38	17	1	2	0	36	
LT Vol	57	0	38	0	0	0	0	0	
Through Vol	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
RT Vol	0	0	0	17	0	1	0	36	
Lane Flow Rate	62	1	41	18	1	2	0	39	
Geometry Grp	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	
Degree of Util (X)	0.089	0.001	0.06	0.021	0.002	0.002	0	0.043	
Departure Headway (Hd)	5.158	4.661	5.213	4.011	4.843	4.322	4.673	3.972	
Convergence, Y/N	Yes								
Cap	691	763	681	880	743	814	0	890	
Service Time	2.918	2.421	2.995	1.793	2.543	2.122	2.449	1.748	
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.09	0.001	0.06	0.02	0.001	0.002	0	0.044	
HCM Control Delay	8.4	7.4	8.3	6.9	7.6	7.1	7.4	6.9	
HCM Lane LOS	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	N	Α	
HCM 95th-tile Q	0.3	0	0.2	0.1	0	0	0	0.1	

PM Existing Peak Hour 05/25/2021 Baseline

Intersection

HCM 6th AWSC 48: Iron Medics Dr & Iron Dustoff Dr

Baseline 05/28/2021

Intersection Delay, s/ve	eh 0							
Intersection LOS	-							
Movement	WBL	WBR	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT		
	WDL		<b>†</b> †	NDI	ODL	414		
Lane Configurations	٥	77	<b>TT</b>	0	٥			
Traffic Vol, veh/h	0	0		0	0	0		
Future Vol, veh/h	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92		
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2		
Mvmt Flow	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Number of Lanes	0	2	2	0	0	2		
Approach		WB	NB			SB		
Opposing Approach			SB			NB		
Opposing Lanes		0	2			2		
Conflicting Approach Le	eft	NB				WB		
Conflicting Lanes Left		2	0			2		
Conflicting Approach R	ight	SB	WB					
Conflicting Lanes Right		2	2			0		
HCM Control Delay		0	0			0		
HCM LOS		-	-			-		
Lane	1	NBLn11	VBLn2V	VBLn1V	VBLn2	SBLn1	SBLn2	
Vol Left, %		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Vol Thru, %		100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Vol Right, %		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Sign Control		Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	
Traffic Vol by Lane		0	0	0	0	0	0	
LT Vol		0	0	0	0	0	0	
Through Vol		0	0	0	0	0	0	
RT Vol		0	0	0	0	0	0	
Lane Flow Rate		0	0	0	0	0	0	
Geometry Grp		7	7	7	7	7	7	
Degree of Util (X)		0	0	0	0	0	0	
Departure Headway (H	ld)	4.534	2.8	4.534	2.8	4.534	2.8	

PM Existing Peak Hour 05/25/2021 Baseline

Yes Yes

0

0

7.2

2.234

0

0 0

5.5

Ν

0

0.5 2.234

Yes

0 0

7.2 5.5

Yes

Yes Yes

0

0.5 2.234

0

0.5

0

Ν

0

5.5

Synchro 10 Report Page 4

Convergence, Y/N

HCM Lane V/C Ratio

HCM Control Delay HCM Lane LOS

HCM 95th-tile Q

Service Time

Сар

AM Build Out Peak Hour Lanes, Volumes, Timings 05/28/2021 5: Constitution Ave & Spur 601 EBFR **EBT EBR** Lane Group EBL WBL WBT **NBT** SBR **↑↑** 135 Lane Configurations **↑**↑ 59 Traffic Volume (vph) 144 142 134 0 Future Volume (vph) 144 142 0 0 0 0 59 21 134 135 0 Ideal Flow (vphpl) 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 Lane Util. Factor 0.95 0.95 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 Frt 0.850 0.850 Flt Protected 0.950 0.953 0.950 Satd. Flow (prot) 1681 1686 1583 0 3539 1583 1770 3539 0 Flt Permitted 0.950 0.953 0.950 Satd. Flow (perm) 3539 3539 1681 1686 1583 1583 1770 Right Turn on Red Yes Yes Yes Yes Satd. Flow (RTOR) 172 245 Link Speed (mph) 30 35 35 30 Link Distance (ft) 148 245 300 425 Travel Time (s) 3.4 4.8 8.3 6.8 Peak Hour Factor 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 Adj. Flow (vph) 157 1 154 0 0 0 0 64 23 146 147 0 Shared Lane Traffic (%) 50% 80 154 0 0 64 Lane Group Flow (vph) 0 n 23 146 147 78 0 Turn Type Split NA NA Perm erm<sup>2</sup> Prot Protected Phases 58 58 7 6 67 Permitted Phases 58 Total Split (s) 11.8 11.8 27.5 Total Lost Time (s) 5.8 6.0 Act Effct Green (s) 16.4 16.4 16.4 62.1 6.5 49.8 6.5 Actuated g/C Ratio 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.07 0.07 0.55 0.69 v/c Ratio 0.26 0.36 0.07 0.15 0.06 0.26 0.25 Control Delay 33.0 33.1 6.4 41.8 0.4 4.4 1.1 Queue Delay 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 **Total Delay** 33.0 33.1 6.4 41.8 0.4 4.4 1.1 LOS C С D Α Α Α Α Approach Delay 19.9 30.8 2.8 Approach LOS В С Α Intersection Summary Area Type: Other Cycle Length: 90 Actuated Cycle Length: 90 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:WBTL and 6:, Start of Green Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.60 Intersection Signal Delay: 14.0 Intersection LOS: B Intersection Capacity Utilization 36.1% ICU Level of Service A Analysis Period (min) 15 Splits and Phases: 5: Constitution Ave & Spur 601 EBFR ₹ø2 (R) ₹Îø4

**♣**Ø8

₩Ø6 (R)

Lanes, Volumes, Timings 5: Constitution Ave & Spur 601 EBFR AM Build Out Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Lane Group	Ø1	Ø2	Ø3	Ø4	Ø5	Ø8
Lane Configurations						
Traffic Volume (vph)						
Future Volume (vph)						
Ideal Flow (vphpl)						
Lane Util. Factor						
Frt						
Flt Protected						
Satd. Flow (prot)						
Flt Permitted						
Satd. Flow (perm)						
Right Turn on Red						
Satd. Flow (RTOR)						
Link Speed (mph)						
Link Distance (ft)						
Travel Time (s)						
Peak Hour Factor						
Adj. Flow (vph)						
Shared Lane Traffic (%)						
Lane Group Flow (vph)						
Turn Type						
Protected Phases	1	2	3	4	5	8
Permitted Phases						
Total Split (s)	20.7	15.8	6.5	47.0	9.0	41.7
Total Lost Time (s)						
Act Effct Green (s)						
Actuated g/C Ratio						
v/c Ratio						
Control Delay						
Queue Delay						
Total Delay						
LOS						
Approach Delay						
Approach LOS						
Intersection Summary						

AM Build Out Peak Hour Lanes, Volumes, Timings 05/28/2021 8: Spur 601 WBFR & Constitution Ave **EBR** WBL SBR Lane Group **EBT** WBT NBL **NBT WBR ↑↑** 159 Lane Configurations **↑**↑ Traffic Volume (vph) 100 0 0 90 39 0 196 0 Future Volume (vph) 0 0 0 100 1 90 39 155 0 0 159 196 Ideal Flow (vphpl) 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 Lane Util. Factor 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.95 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 Frt 0.850 0.850 Flt Protected 0.950 0.953 0.950 Satd. Flow (prot) 1681 1686 1583 1770 3539 3539 1583 0 0 0 Flt Permitted 0.950 0.953 0.950 Satd. Flow (perm) 1583 3539 1583 1681 1686 1770 3539 0 0 Right Turn on Red Yes Yes Yes Yes Satd. Flow (RTOR) 213 172 Link Speed (mph) 30 30 30 30 Link Distance (ft) 139 242 300 606 Travel Time (s) 3.2 5.5 6.8 13.8 Peak Hour Factor 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 Adj. Flow (vph) 0 0 0 109 1 98 42 168 0 0 173 213 Shared Lane Traffic (%) 50% 0 0 56 98 Lane Group Flow (vph) 0 42 168 0 0 173 213 54 Turn Type Split NA NA Prot Perm Prot NA Protected Phases 23 14 23 4 1 Permitted Phases Total Split (s) 47.0 20.7 20.7 Total Lost Time (s) 5.7 5.7 Act Effct Green (s) 52.4 52.4 52.4 26.9 9.5 11.4 9.5 Actuated g/C Ratio 0.58 0.58 0.58 0.13 0.30 0.11 0.11 v/c Ratio 0.06 0.06 0.10 0.16 0.47 0.19 0.60 Control Delay 10.2 10.2 0.3 38.9 1.7 41.3 12.7 Queue Delay 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 **Total Delay** 10.2 10.2 0.3 38.9 1.7 41.3 12.7 LOS В В D D В Α Α 25.5 Approach Delay 9.1 5.6 Approach LOS Α Α С Intersection Summary Area Type: Other Cycle Length: 90 Actuated Cycle Length: 90 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:WBTL and 6:, Start of Green Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.60 Intersection Signal Delay: 16.1 Intersection LOS: B Intersection Capacity Utilization 36.1% ICU Level of Service A Analysis Period (min) 15 Splits and Phases: 8: Spur 601 WBFR & Constitution Ave ₹ø2 (R) ¶ø4

₩Ø6 (R)

Lanes, Volumes, Timings 8: Spur 601 WBFR & Constitution Ave AM Build Out Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Lane Group	Ø2	Ø3	Ø5	Ø6	Ø7	Ø8
Lane Configurations						
Traffic Volume (vph)						
Future Volume (vph)						
Ideal Flow (vphpl)						
Lane Util. Factor						
Frt						
Flt Protected						
Satd. Flow (prot)						
Flt Permitted						
Satd. Flow (perm)						
Right Turn on Red						
Satd. Flow (RTOR)						
Link Speed (mph)						
Link Distance (ft)						
Travel Time (s)						
Peak Hour Factor						
Adj. Flow (vph)						
Shared Lane Traffic (%)						
Lane Group Flow (vph)						
Turn Type						
Protected Phases	2	3	5	6	7	8
Permitted Phases						
Total Split (s)	15.8	6.5	9.0	27.5	11.8	41.7
Total Lost Time (s)						
Act Effct Green (s)						
Actuated g/C Ratio						
v/c Ratio						
Control Delay						
Queue Delay						
Total Delay						
LOS						
Approach Delay						
Approach LOS						
Intersection Summary						

05/25/2021 AM Build Out Peak Hour

AM Build Out Peak Hour Lanes, Volumes, Timings 05/28/2021 15: LP 375 SBFR & Spur 601 **EBR** SBR Lane Group EBL EBT WBL WBT **NBT ↑↑** 109 **4↑** 2242 Lane Configurations Traffic Volume (vph) 691 198 0 0 153 0 33 Future Volume (vph) 0 109 691 198 2242 0 0 0 0 2 33 153 Ideal Flow (vphpl) 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 Lane Util. Factor 1.00 0.95 1.00 0.95 0.95 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.95 0.95 1.00 Frt 0.850 0.850 Flt Protected 0.996 0.950 Satd. Flow (prot) 0 3539 1583 3525 1681 1770 1583 0 Flt Permitted 0.996 0.950 Satd. Flow (perm) 1583 3539 1583 3525 1681 1770 0 Right Turn on Red Yes Yes Yes Yes Satd. Flow (RTOR) 737 166 Link Speed (mph) 60 60 65 30 Link Distance (ft) 943 294 303 201 Travel Time (s) 10.7 3.3 3.2 4.6 Peak Hour Factor 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 Adj. Flow (vph) 0 118 751 215 2437 0 0 0 0 2 36 166 Shared Lane Traffic (%) 10% 0 2652 Λ ٥ 0 Lane Group Flow (vph) 118 751 Λ 0 36 166 2 Turn Type NA NA Split NA Perm Perm Protected Phases 1 3! 4 1 3! 5! 5! Permitted Phases Total Split (s) 22.5 22.5 105.0 105.0 105.0 Total Lost Time (s) 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 Act Effct Green (s) 123.0 100.5 100.5 18.0 18.0 100.5 Actuated g/C Ratio 0.12 0.12 0.82 0.67 0.67 0.67 v/c Ratio 0.28 0.90 0.92 0.00 0.03 0.15 Control Delay 62.0 19.0 2.6 8.0 8.5 1.5 Queue Delay 0.0 0.0 46.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 **Total Delay** 62.0 19.0 48.7 8.0 8.5 1.5 LOS Ε В D Α Α Α 48.7 24.8 Approach Delay 2.8 Approach LOS С D Α Intersection Summary Area Type: Other Cycle Length: 150 Actuated Cycle Length: 150 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2: and 6:, Start of Green Control Type: Pretimed Maximum v/c Ratio: 1.95 Intersection Signal Delay: 40.6 Intersection LOS: D Intersection Capacity Utilization 125.9% ICU Level of Service H Analysis Period (min) 15 ! Phase conflict between lane groups. Splits and Phases: 15: LP 375 SBFR & Spur 601 #15 #19 #15 #19 #15 #19 #15

Lanes, Volumes, Timings 15: LP 375 SBFR & Spur 601 AM Build Out Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Lane Group	Ø1	Ø3	
LaneConfigurations			
Traffic Volume (vph)			
Future Volume (vph)			
Ideal Flow (vphpl)			
Lane Util. Factor			
Frt			
Flt Protected			
Satd. Flow (prot)			
Flt Permitted			
Satd. Flow (perm)			
Right Turn on Red			
Satd. Flow (RTOR)			
Link Speed (mph)			
Link Distance (ft)			
Travel Time (s)			
Peak Hour Factor			
Adj. Flow (vph)			
Shared Lane Traffic (%)			
Lane Group Flow (vph)			
Turn Type			
Protected Phases	1	3	
Permitted Phases			
Total Split (s)	105.0	22.5	
Total Lost Time (s)			
Act Effct Green (s)			
Actuated g/C Ratio			
v/c Ratio			
Control Delay			
Queue Delay			
Total Delay			
LOS			
Approach Delay			
Approach LOS			
Intersection Summary			

05/25/2021 AM Build Out Peak Hour

Lanes, Volumes, Timings AM Build Out Peak Hour 05/28/2021 19: LP 375 NBFR & Spur 601 **EBR** Lane Group EBL EBT WBL WBT WBR NBL **NBT NBR 4↑**↑ 21 Lane Configurations **^** Traffic Volume (vph) 2122 91 0 59 22 0 Future Volume (vph) 91 21 0 0 261 22 2122 8 59 0 0 0 Ideal Flow (vphpl) 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 Lane Util. Factor 0.95 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 Frt 0.850 0.850 Flt Protected 0.961 0.950 Satd. Flow (prot) 3401 3539 1583 1770 1863 1583 0 0 0 Flt Permitted 0.644 0.950 Satd. Flow (perm) 2279 3539 1583 1863 1770 1583 Right Turn on Red Yes Yes Yes Yes Satd. Flow (RTOR) 44 64 Link Speed (mph) 60 40 65 65 Link Distance (ft) 294 593 284 254 Travel Time (s) 3.3 10.1 3.0 2.7 Peak Hour Factor 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 Adj. Flow (vph) 99 23 0 0 284 24 2307 9 64 0 0 0 Shared Lane Traffic (%) 2307 0 122 284 q Lane Group Flow (vph) 0 0 24 64 0 0 0 Turn Type NA NA Split NA Perm Perm Protected Phases 4 3 1 1 Permitted Phases Total Split (s) 22.5 105.0 105.0 22.5 22.5 22.5 105.0 Total Lost Time (s) 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 Act Effct Green (s) 18.0 18.0 100.5 100.5 100.5 18.0 Actuated g/C Ratio 0.12 0.12 0.12 0.67 0.67 0.67 v/c Ratio 0.45 0.06 0.67 0.11 1.95 0.01 Control Delay 450.7 11.6 71.7 6.0 8.2 2.0 Queue Delay 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1.8 **Total Delay** 11.6 73.5 6.0 450.7 8.2 2.0 LOS В Ε Α Α Α 68.3 436.9 Approach Delay 11.6 Approach LOS В Ε F Intersection Summary Area Type: Other Cycle Length: 150 Actuated Cycle Length: 150 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2: and 6:, Start of Green Control Type: Pretimed Maximum v/c Ratio: 1.95 Intersection Signal Delay: 378.1 Intersection LOS: F Intersection Capacity Utilization 141.1% ICU Level of Service H Analysis Period (min) 15 Splits and Phases: 19: LP 375 NBFR & Spur 601 #15 #19 #15 #19 #15 #19 **▽** 🔨 🛛 **▼** 📆 Ø3

#15

→ 4

Lanes, Volumes, Timings 19: LP 375 NBFR & Spur 601 AM Build Out Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Lane Group	Ø5
Lane Configurations	
Traffic Volume (vph)	
Future Volume (vph)	
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	
Lane Util. Factor	
Frt	
Flt Protected	
Satd. Flow (prot)	
Flt Permitted	
Satd. Flow (perm)	
Right Turn on Red	
Satd. Flow (RTOR)	
Link Speed (mph)	
Link Distance (ft)	
Travel Time (s)	
Peak Hour Factor	
Adj. Flow (vph)	
Shared Lane Traffic (%)	
Lane Group Flow (vph)	
Turn Type	
Protected Phases	5
Permitted Phases	
Total Split (s)	105.0
Total Lost Time (s)	
Act Effct Green (s)	
Actuated g/C Ratio	
v/c Ratio	
Control Delay	
Queue Delay	
Total Delay	
LOS	
Approach Delay	
Approach LOS	
Intersection Summary	

05/25/2021 AM Build Out Peak Hour

PM Build Out Peak Hour Lanes, Volumes, Timings 05/28/2021 5: Constitution Ave & Spur 601 EBFR EBR Lane Group **EBT** WBL WBT **NBT NBR** SBR Lane Configurations 4 Traffic Volume (vph) 220 33 0 68 55 0 Future Volume (vph) 33 5 55 0 0 0 0 74 68 220 47 0 Ideal Flow (vphpl) 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 Lane Util. Factor 0.95 0.95 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 Frt 0.850 0.850 Flt Protected 0.950 0.964 0.950 Satd. Flow (prot) 1681 1706 1583 0 3539 1583 1770 3539 0 0 Flt Permitted 0.950 0.964 0.950 Satd. Flow (perm) 3539 3539 1681 1706 1583 1583 1770 Right Turn on Red Yes Yes Yes Yes Satd. Flow (RTOR) 172 245 Link Speed (mph) 30 35 35 30 Link Distance (ft) 148 245 425 300 Travel Time (s) 3.4 4.8 8.3 6.8 Peak Hour Factor 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 Adj. Flow (vph) 36 5 60 0 0 0 0 80 74 239 51 0 Shared Lane Traffic (%) 43% 0 0 239 Lane Group Flow (vph) 20 60 0 n 80 74 51 21 0 Turn Type Split NA NA Perm erm<sup>2</sup> Prot NA Protected Phases 58 58 7 67 6 Permitted Phases 58 Total Split (s) 12.0 12.0 28.1 Total Lost Time (s) 5.8 6.0 Act Effct Green (s) 14.0 14.0 14.0 64.5 6.8 6.8 51.9 Actuated g/C Ratio 0.16 0.16 0.16 0.08 0.08 0.58 0.72 v/c Ratio 0.08 0.08 0.15 0.30 0.21 0.23 0.02 Control Delay 33.2 33.1 8.0 42.1 4.7 0.2 Queue Delay 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 3.4 0.0 Total Delay 33.2 33.1 8.0 42.1 1.4 8.1 0.2 LOS С С D Α Α Α Α Approach Delay 14.0 22.5 6.7 Approach LOS В С Α Intersection Summary Area Type: Other Cycle Length: 90 Actuated Cycle Length: 90 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:WBTL and 6:, Start of Green Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.60 Intersection Signal Delay: 12.5 Intersection LOS: B Intersection Capacity Utilization 39.0% ICU Level of Service A Analysis Period (min) 15 Splits and Phases: 5: Constitution Ave & Spur 601 EBFR ₹ø2 (R) ₹Îø4

**♣**Ø8

Ø6 (R)

Lanes, Volumes, Timings 5: Constitution Ave & Spur 601 EBFR PM Build Out Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Lane Group	Ø1	Ø2	Ø3	Ø4	Ø5	Ø8
Lane Configurations						
Traffic Volume (vph)						
Future Volume (vph)						
Ideal Flow (vphpl)						
Lane Util. Factor						
Frt						
Flt Protected						
Satd. Flow (prot)						
Flt Permitted						
Satd. Flow (perm)						
Right Turn on Red						
Satd. Flow (RTOR)						
Link Speed (mph)						
Link Distance (ft)						
Travel Time (s)						
Peak Hour Factor						
Adj. Flow (vph)						
Shared Lane Traffic (%)						
Lane Group Flow (vph)						
Turn Type						
Protected Phases	1	2	3	4	5	8
Permitted Phases						
Total Split (s)	22.3	14.2	6.5	47.0	8.4	41.5
Total Lost Time (s)						
Act Effct Green (s)						
Actuated g/C Ratio						
v/c Ratio						
Control Delay						
Queue Delay						
Total Delay						
LOS						
Approach Delay						
Approach LOS						
Intersection Summary						

PM Build Out Peak Hour Lanes, Volumes, Timings 05/28/2021 8: Spur 601 WBFR & Constitution Ave **EBR** WBL SBR Lane Group **EBT** WBT NBL **NBT WBR ↑↑** 252 Lane Configurations **↑**↑ Traffic Volume (vph) 243 0 0 15 65 15 Future Volume (vph) 0 0 0 15 1 15 65 42 0 0 252 243 Ideal Flow (vphpl) 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 Lane Util. Factor 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.95 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 Frt 0.850 0.850 Flt Protected 0.950 0.957 0.950 Satd. Flow (prot) 1681 1694 1583 1770 3539 3539 1583 0 0 0 Flt Permitted 0.950 0.957 0.950 Satd. Flow (perm) 1583 3539 1583 1681 1694 1770 3539 0 0 Right Turn on Red Yes Yes Yes Yes Satd. Flow (RTOR) 264 172 Link Speed (mph) 30 30 30 30 Link Distance (ft) 139 242 300 606 Travel Time (s) 3.2 5.5 6.8 13.8 Peak Hour Factor 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 Adj. Flow (vph) 0 0 0 16 1 16 71 46 0 0 274 264 Shared Lane Traffic (%) 47% 0 0 9 274 Lane Group Flow (vph) 0 16 71 46 0 0 264 8 Turn Type NA NA NA Prot Perm Prot Protected Phases 23 14 23 4 1 Permitted Phases Total Split (s) 47.0 22.3 22.3 Total Lost Time (s) 5.7 5.7 Act Effct Green (s) 51.7 51.7 51.7 12.0 96 27.6 12.0 Actuated g/C Ratio 0.57 0.57 0.57 0.11 0.31 0.13 0.13 v/c Ratio 0.01 0.01 0.02 0.04 0.58 0.38 0.60 Control Delay 10.3 10.2 0.0 32.3 0.7 41.2 10.7 Queue Delay 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 Total Delay 10.3 10.2 0.0 32.3 0.7 41.3 10.7 LOS В В C D В Α Α Approach Delay 19.9 26.3 5.3 Approach LOS Α В С Intersection Summary Area Type: Other Cycle Length: 90 Actuated Cycle Length: 90 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:WBTL and 6:, Start of Green Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.60 Intersection Signal Delay: 24.2 Intersection LOS: C Intersection Capacity Utilization 39.0% ICU Level of Service A Analysis Period (min) 15 Splits and Phases: 8: Spur 601 WBFR & Constitution Ave ₹ø2 (R) ¶ø4

**♣**Ø8

Ø6 (R)

Lanes, Volumes, Timings 8: Spur 601 WBFR & Constitution Ave PM Build Out Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Lane Group	Ø2	Ø3	Ø5	Ø6	Ø7	Ø8
LaneConfigurations						
Traffic Volume (vph)						
Future Volume (vph)						
Ideal Flow (vphpl)						
Lane Util. Factor						
Frt						
Flt Protected						
Satd. Flow (prot)						
Flt Permitted						
Satd. Flow (perm)						
Right Turn on Red						
Satd. Flow (RTOR)						
Link Speed (mph)						
Link Distance (ft)						
Travel Time (s)						
Peak Hour Factor						
Adj. Flow (vph)						
Shared Lane Traffic (%)						
Lane Group Flow (vph)						
Turn Type						
Protected Phases	2	3	5	6	7	8
Permitted Phases						
Total Split (s)	14.2	6.5	8.4	28.1	12.0	41.5
Total Lost Time (s)						
Act Effct Green (s)						
Actuated g/C Ratio						
v/c Ratio						
Control Delay						
Queue Delay						
Total Delay						
LOS						
Approach Delay						
Approach LOS						
Intersection Summary						

Lanes, Volumes, Timings PM Build Out Peak Hour 05/28/2021 15: LP 375 SBFR & Spur 601 **EBR** SBR Lane Group EBL EBT WBL WBT NBT **^ 4↑** 879 Lane Configurations Traffic Volume (vph) 147 2086 363 0 0 0 33 Future Volume (vph) 0 114 2086 363 879 0 0 0 0 0 33 147 Ideal Flow (vphpl) 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 Lane Util. Factor 1.00 0.95 1.00 0.95 0.95 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.95 0.95 1.00 Frt 0.850 0.850 Flt Protected 0.986 Satd. Flow (prot) 1583 0 3539 1583 3490 1770 1770 0 0 Flt Permitted 0.986 Satd. Flow (perm) 3539 3490 1583 1583 1770 1770 0 0 Right Turn on Red Yes Yes Yes Yes Satd. Flow (RTOR) 531 160 Link Speed (mph) 60 60 65 30 Link Distance (ft) 943 294 303 201 Travel Time (s) 10.7 3.3 3.2 4.6 Peak Hour Factor 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 Adj. Flow (vph) 0 124 2267 395 955 0 0 0 0 0 36 160 Shared Lane Traffic (%) 0% 0 2267 1350 Λ ٥ 0 0 Lane Group Flow (vph) 124 Λ 36 160 0 Turn Type NA Perm NA Split NA Perm Protected Phases 4 3 3 5 5 Permitted Phases Total Split (s) 60.0 37.0 60.0 33.0 33.0 37.0 37.0 Total Lost Time (s) 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 Act Effct Green (s) 32.5 55.5 55.5 28.5 32.5 Actuated g/C Ratio 0.43 0.43 0.22 0.25 0.25 v/c Ratio 0.08 2.31 0.08 0.31 1.76 Control Delay 22.4 612.1 365.6 38.1 7.3 Queue Delay 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Total Delay 22.4 612.1 365.6 38.1 7.3 LOS C F D Α 581.5 Approach Delay 365.6 13.0 Approach LOS F F В Intersection Summary Area Type: Other Cycle Length: 130 Actuated Cycle Length: 130 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2: and 6:, Start of Green Control Type: Pretimed Maximum v/c Ratio: 2.31 Intersection Signal Delay: 479.2 Intersection LOS: F Intersection Capacity Utilization 179.4% ICU Level of Service H Analysis Period (min) 15 Splits and Phases: 15: LP 375 SBFR & Spur 601 #15 #19 #15 #19 **√**Ø1 **→ →** Ø4

#15

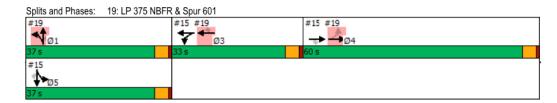
Lanes, Volumes, Timings 15: LP 375 SBFR & Spur 601 PM Build Out Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Lane Group	Ø1
LaneConfigurations	
Traffic Volume (vph)	
Future Volume (vph)	
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	
Lane Util. Factor	
Frt	
Flt Protected	
Satd. Flow (prot)	
Flt Permitted	
Satd. Flow (perm)	
Right Turn on Red	
Satd. Flow (RTOR)	
Link Speed (mph)	
Link Distance (ft)	
Travel Time (s)	
Peak Hour Factor	
Adj. Flow (vph)	
Shared Lane Traffic (%)	
Lane Group Flow (vph)	
Turn Type	
Protected Phases	1
Permitted Phases	
Total Split (s)	37.0
Total Lost Time (s)	
Act Effct Green (s)	
Actuated g/C Ratio	
v/c Ratio	
Control Delay	
Queue Delay	
Total Delay	
LOS	
Approach Delay	
Approach LOS	
Intersection Summary	

05/25/2021 PM Build Out Peak Hour

Lanes, Volumes, Timings PM Build Out Peak Hour 05/28/2021 19: LP 375 NBFR & Spur 601 **EBR** Lane Group EBL EBT WBL WBT WBR NBL **NBT NBR** Lane Configurations 41 **^^** Traffic Volume (vph) 644 116 0 25 0 Future Volume (vph) 116 1 0 0 581 77 644 8 25 0 0 0 Ideal Flow (vphpl) 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 Lane Util. Factor 0.95 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 Frt 0.850 0.850 Flt Protected 0.953 0.950 Satd. Flow (prot) 3373 3539 1583 1770 1863 1583 0 0 0 Flt Permitted 0.532 0.950 Satd. Flow (perm) 3539 1583 1863 1883 1770 1583 Right Turn on Red Yes Yes Yes Yes Satd. Flow (RTOR) 84 50 Link Speed (mph) 60 40 65 65 Link Distance (ft) 294 593 284 254 Travel Time (s) 3.3 10.1 3.0 2.7 Peak Hour Factor 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 Adj. Flow (vph) 126 1 0 0 632 84 700 9 27 0 0 0 Shared Lane Traffic (%) 0 127 84 700 q 0 Lane Group Flow (vph) 0 0 632 27 0 0 Turn Type NA NA Split NA Perm Perm Perm Protected Phases 4 3 1 1 Permitted Phases Total Split (s) 60.0 60.0 33.0 33.0 37.0 37.0 37.0 Total Lost Time (s) 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 Act Effct Green (s) 55.5 28.5 28.5 32.5 32.5 32.5 Actuated g/C Ratio 0.43 0.22 0.22 0.25 0.25 0.25 v/c Ratio 0.82 0.20 1.58 0.02 0.06 0.16 Control Delay 306.7 3.6 57.8 9.6 37.0 3.4 Queue Delay 0.0 53.4 0.0 7.2 0.0 0.0 313.9 Total Delay 3.6 111.3 9.6 37.0 3.4 LOS Α D Α Α 299.1 Approach Delay 3.6 99.3 Approach LOS Α F F Intersection Summary Area Type: Other Cycle Length: 130 Actuated Cycle Length: 130

Area Type: Other
Cycle Length: 130
Actuated Cycle Length: 130
Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2: and 6:, Start of Green
Control Type: Pretimed
Maximum v/c Ratio: 2.31
Intersection Signal Delay: 184.8 Intersection LOS: F
Intersection Capacity Utilization 69.4% ICU Level of Service C
Analysis Period (min) 15



Lanes, Volumes, Timings 19: LP 375 NBFR & Spur 601 PM Build Out Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Lane Group	Ø5
Lane Configurations	
Traffic Volume (vph)	
Future Volume (vph)	
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	
Lane Util. Factor	
Frt	
Flt Protected	
Satd. Flow (prot)	
Flt Permitted	
Satd. Flow (perm)	
Right Turn on Red	
Satd. Flow (RTOR)	
Link Speed (mph)	
Link Distance (ft)	
Travel Time (s)	
Peak Hour Factor	
Adj. Flow (vph)	
Shared Lane Traffic (%)	
Lane Group Flow (vph)	
Turn Type	
Protected Phases	5
Permitted Phases	
Total Split (s)	37.0
Total Lost Time (s)	
Act Effct Green (s)	
Actuated g/C Ratio	
v/c Ratio	
Control Delay	
Queue Delay	
Total Delay	
LOS	
Approach Delay	
Approach LOS	
Intersection Summary	

05/25/2021 PM Build Out Peak Hour

## HCM 6th TWSC 34: Iron Medics Dr & LP 375 N

AM Build Out Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Int Delay, s/veh	1.6					
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations				4	ሻ	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	0	0	219	2	34	0
Future Vol, veh/h	0	0	219	2	34	0
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-		-		-	None
Storage Length	-		-	-	0	-
Veh in Median Storage,	,# 0	-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	0	-	-	0	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	92	92	92	92	92	92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	0	238	2	37	0
Martin (M. Communication)			4 - 1 0		Ato and	
Major/Minor			Major2		Minor1	
Conflicting Flow All			0	0	478	-
Stage 1			-	-	0	-
Stage 2			-	-	478	-
Critical Hdwy			4.12	-	6.42	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 1			-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2			-	-	5.42	-
Follow-up Hdwy			2.218	-	3.518	-
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver			-	-	546	0
Stage 1			-	-	-	0
Stage 2			-	-	624	0
Platoon blocked, %				-		
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver			-	-	546	-
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver			-	-	546	-
Stage 1			-	-	-	-
Stage 2			-	-	624	
, and the second						
A			MD		ND	
Approach			WB		NB	
HCM Control Delay, s					12.1	
HCM LOS					В	
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	t I	NBLn1	WBL	WBT		
Capacity (veh/h)		546	-	-		
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		0.068				
HCM Control Delay (s)		12.1				
HCM Lane LOS		12.1 B				
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)		0.2				
TIGINI 3001 70016 Q(VeII)		0.2				

05/25/2021 AM Build Out Peak Hour

HCM 6th TWSC 36: Iron Medics Dr & Loop 375 S

AM Build Out Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Intersection													
Int Delay, s/veh	2												
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR	<b>\</b>
Lane Configurations		4						7>			4		
Traffic Vol. veh/h	2	1	83	0	0	0	0	32	101	2	217	0	)
Future Vol. veh/h	2	1	83	0	0	0	0	32	101	2	217	0	)
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	,
RT Channelized	-	-	None	-	-	None	-	-	None	-	-	None	į
Storage Length								-	-				
Veh in Median Storage	e,# -	0		-	16979	-	-	0	-	-	0		
Grade, %	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	
Peak Hour Factor	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	2
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	)
Mvmt Flow	2	1	90	0	0	0	0	35	110	2	236	0	)
Major/Minor	Minor2					1	Major1		ı	Major2			
Conflicting Flow All	330	385	236				viajoi i	0	0	145	0	0	)
Stage 1	240	240	230					-	-	140	-	-	
Stage 2	90	145						_			-		
Critical Hdwy	6.42	6.52	6.22				_	_	_	4.12			
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	5.42	5.52	0.22					_		7.12			
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	5.42	5.52	_				_	_	_		-	_	
Follow-up Hdwy	3.518	4.018	3.318					-	-	2.218			
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	665	549	803				0	-	-	1437	-	0	)
Stage 1	800	707	-				0			-		0	
Stage 2	934	777	-				0	_	-	-	-	0	
Platoon blocked, %								-	-		-		
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	664	0	803				-	-	-	1437	-	-	
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	664	0					-	-	-		-		
Stage 1	800	0	-				-	-	-	-	-	-	
Stage 2	932	0					-	-	-	-	-	-	
, i													
Approach	EB						NB			SB			
HCM Control Delay, s	10.1						0			0.1			
HCM LOS	В						U			0.1			
10 200													
Minor Lane/Major Mvm	nt	NBT	NRP	EBLn1	SBL	SBT							
Capacity (veh/h)	IL.	ND I	NDK	799	1437	<u> </u>							
HCM Lane V/C Ratio				0.117									
HCM Control Delay (s)				10.1	7.5	0							
HCM Lane LOS				В	7.5 A	A							
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh	)			0.4	0	-							
TIOW JOHN JUNE Q(VEI)	1			0.4	0								

05/25/2021 AM Build Out Peak Hour

HCM 6th AWSC 45: Iron Dustoff Dr & Constitution Ave

AM Build Out Peak Hour 05/28/2021

ntersection	
ntersection Delay, s/veh	8.1
ntersection Delay, s/veh ntersection LOS	Α

Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		ની કે			414			414			414	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	42	40	195	1	25	4	15	1	0	0	2	38
Future Vol, veh/h	42	40	195	1	25	4	15	1	0	0	2	38
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	46	43	212	1	27	4	16	1	0	0	2	41
Number of Lanes	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0
Approach	EB			WB			NB				SB	
Opposing Approach	WB			EB			SB				NB	
Opposing Lanes	2			2			2				2	
Conflicting Approach Left	SB			NB			EB				WB	
Conflicting Lanes Left	2			2			2				2	
Conflicting Approach Right	NB			SB			WB				EB	
Conflicting Lanes Right	2			2			2				2	
HCM Control Delay	8.2			7.7			8.7				7.6	
HCM LOS	Α			Α			Α				Α	

Lane	NBLn1	NBLn2	EBLn1	EBLn2	WBLn1	WBLn2	SBLn1	SBLn2	
Vol Left, %	98%	0%	68%	0%	7%	0%	0%	0%	
Vol Thru, %	2%	100%	32%	9%	93%	76%	100%	2%	
Vol Right, %	0%	0%	0%	91%	0%	24%	0%	98%	
Sign Control	Stop								
Traffic Vol by Lane	15	1	62	215	14	17	1	39	
LT Vol	15	0	42	0	1	0	0	0	
Through Vol	0	1	20	20	13	13	1	1	
RT Vol	0	0	0	195	0	4	0	38	
Lane Flow Rate	17	1	67	234	15	18	1	42	
Geometry Grp	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	
Degree of Util (X)	0.027	0.001	0.093	0.261	0.02	0.024	0.002	0.054	
Departure Headway (Hd)	5.796	5.304	4.993	4.019	4.944	4.737	5.283	4.592	
Convergence, Y/N	Yes								
Cap	621	678	712	886	727	759	681	784	
Service Time	3.5	3.008	2.76	1.785	2.653	2.445	2.986	2.295	
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.027	0.001	0.094	0.264	0.021	0.024	0.001	0.054	
HCM Control Delay	8.7	8	8.3	8.2	7.8	7.6	8	7.6	
HCM Lane LOS	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	
HCM 95th-tile Q	0.1	0	0.3	1	0.1	0.1	0	0.2	

05/25/2021 AM Build Out Peak Hour

HCM 6th AWSC 48: Iron Medics Dr & Iron Dustoff Dr

AM Opening Year Peak Hour 07/15/2021

Intersection							
Intersection Delay, s/v	eh 6.8						
Intersection LOS	Α						
Movement	WBL	WBR	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	
Lane Configurations		77	<b>†</b> †			414	
Traffic Vol. veh/h	0	19	0	0	0	204	
Future Vol. veh/h	0	19	0	0	0	204	
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Mymt Flow	0	21	0	0	0	222	
Number of Lanes	0	2	2	0	0	2	
							_
Approach		WB	NB			SB	
Opposing Approach			SB			NB	
Opposing Lanes		0	2			2	
Conflicting Approach L	.eft	NB				WB	
Conflicting Lanes Left		2	0			2	
Conflicting Approach F		SB	WB				
Conflicting Lanes Righ	ıt	2	2			0	
HCM Control Delay		6.1	0			6.9	
HCM LOS		Α	-			Α	
Lane	1	NBLn1	NBLn2V	VBLn1V	VBLn2	SBLn1	SBLn2
Vol Left, %		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Vol Thru, %			100%	0%	0%		
Vol Right, %		0%	0%	100%	100%	0%	0%
Sign Control		Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop
Traffic Vol by Lane		0	0	10	10	102	102
LT Vol		0	0	0	0		
Through Vol					U	0	0
		0	0	0	0	102	102
RT Vol		0	0				
				0	0	102	102
Lane Flow Rate Geometry Grp		0	0	0	0	102 0	102
Lane Flow Rate		0	0	0 10 10 7	0 10 10	102 0 111 7	102 0 111 7
Lane Flow Rate Geometry Grp Degree of Util (X)	Hd)	0 0 7 0	0 0 7	0 10 10 7 0.012	0 10 10 7 0.007	102 0 111 7	102 0 111 7 0.087
Lane Flow Rate Geometry Grp Degree of Util (X) Departure Headway (H	Hd)	0 0 7 0	0 0 7 0	0 10 10 7 0.012	0 10 10 7 0.007	102 0 111 7 0.141	102 0 111 7 0.087
Lane Flow Rate Geometry Grp Degree of Util (X)	Hd)	0 0 7 0 4.682	0 0 7 0 2.945	0 10 10 7 0.012 4.207	0 10 10 7 0.007 2.468	102 0 111 7 0.141 4.569	102 0 111 7 0.087 2.835
Lane Flow Rate Geometry Grp Degree of Util (X) Departure Headway (H Convergence, Y/N	ld)	0 0 7 0 4.682 Yes	0 0 7 0 2.945 Yes	0 10 10 7 0.012 4.207 Yes 845	0 10 10 7 0.007 2.468 Yes	102 0 111 7 0.141 4.569 Yes 789	102 0 111 7 0.087 2.835 Yes 1271
Lane Flow Rate Geometry Grp Degree of Util (X) Departure Headway (H Convergence, Y/N Cap	Hd)	0 0 7 0 4.682 Yes	0 0 7 0 2.945 Yes	0 10 10 7 0.012 4.207 Yes 845 1.962	0 10 10 7 0.007 2.468 Yes 1427	102 0 111 7 0.141 4.569 Yes 789 2.271	102 0 111 7 0.087 2.835 Yes 1271 0.536
Lane Flow Rate Geometry Grp Degree of Util (X) Departure Headway (H Convergence, Y/N Cap Service Time	Hd)	0 0 7 0 4.682 Yes 0 2.402	0 0 7 0 2.945 Yes 0 0.665	0 10 10 7 0.012 4.207 Yes 845 1.962	0 10 10 7 0.007 2.468 Yes 1427 0.223	102 0 111 7 0.141 4.569 Yes 789 2.271	102 0 111 7 0.087 2.835 Yes 1271 0.536
Lane Flow Rate Geometry Grp Degree of Util (X) Departure Headway (H Convergence, Y/N Cap Service Time HCM Lane V/C Ratio	ld)	0 0 7 0 4.682 Yes 0 2.402	0 0 7 0 2.945 Yes 0 0.665	0 10 10 7 0.012 4.207 Yes 845 1.962 0.012	0 10 7 0.007 2.468 Yes 1427 0.223 0.007	102 0 111 7 0.141 4.569 Yes 789 2.271 0.141	102 0 111 7 0.087 2.835 Yes 1271 0.536 0.087

05/25/2021 AM Opening Year Peak Hour

## HCM 6th TWSC 34: Iron Medics Dr & LP 375 N

PM Build Out Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	1.8					
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	LDI	LDI	WDL	₩ <u>₩</u>	NDL	NDI
Traffic Vol, veh/h	0	0	222	<b>식</b>	38	0
Future Vol, veh/h	0	0	222	4	38	0
	0	0	0	0		0
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	-		-	-	0	-
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-		-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	0	-
Veh in Median Storage,		-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	0	-	-	0	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	92	92	92	92	92	92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	0	241	4	41	0
Major/Minor		,	Major2		Minor1	
Conflicting Flow All			0	0	486	-
			-	-	400	
Stage 1					_	
Stage 2			- 440	-	486	-
Critical Hdwy			4.12	-	6.42	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 1			-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2			-	-	5.42	-
Follow-up Hdwy			2.218	-	3.518	-
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver			-	-	540	0
Stage 1			-	-	-	0
Stage 2				-	618	0
Platoon blocked, %				-		
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver				_	540	_
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver					540	
Stage 1					-	
Stage 2					618	
Stage 2					010	
Approach			WB		NB	
HCM Control Delay, s					12.2	
HCM LOS					В	
		UDI -	ME	MADE		
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	t I	NBLn1	WBL	WBT		
Capacity (veh/h)		540	-	-		
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		0.076	-	-		
HCM Control Delay (s)		12.2	-	-		
HCM Lane LOS		В	-	-		
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)		0.2	-	-		

05/25/2021 PM Build Out Peak Hour

HCM 6th TWSC 36: Iron Medics Dr & Loop 375 S

PM Build Out Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Intersection													
Int Delay, s/veh	3.1												
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR	
Lane Configurations		4						₽			4		_
Traffic Vol. veh/h	7	51	83	0	0	0	0	32	101	5	217	0	
Future Vol., veh/h	7	51	83	0	0	0	0	32	101	5	217	0	
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	
RT Channelized	-	-	None	-	-	None	-	-	None	-	-	None	
Storage Length	-							-	-				
Veh in Median Storage	e,# -	0		-	16979	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	
Grade, %	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	
Peak Hour Factor	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Mvmt Flow	8	55	90	0	0	0	0	35	110	5	236	0	
Major/Minor	Minor2						Major1			Major2			
Conflicting Flow All	336	391	236				viajui i	0	0	145	0	0	
Stage 1	246	246	230					-	-	140	-	-	
Stage 2	90	145						-					
Critical Hdwy	6.42	6.52	6.22							4.12			
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	5.42	5.52	0.22							4.12			
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	5.42	5.52					_	_	_			_	
Follow-up Hdwy	3.518	4.018	3.318						-	2.218			
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	659	545	803				0	-		1437		0	
Stage 1	795	703	-				0			-		0	
Stage 2	934	777	-				0	-	_	-	-	0	
Platoon blocked, %	,,,,							-	-		-		
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	656	0	803				-	-	-	1437	-	-	
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	656	0	-				-	-	-	-	-	-	
Stage 1	795	0						-	-	-	-		,
Stage 2	930	0					-	-	-	-	-	-	
, in the second													
Approach	EB						NB			SB			
HCM Control Delay, s	10.7						0			0.2			
HCM LOS	10.7 B						U			0.2			
TIOW LOS	ь												
		NDE	NDD		00'	007							
Minor Lane/Major Mvn	nt	NBT	NBR	EBLn1	SBL	SBT							
Capacity (veh/h)		-	-	789	1437	-							
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		-		0.194		-							
HCM Control Delay (s)		-	-	10.7	7.5	0							
HCM Lane LOS		-	-	В	A	Α							
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh	)	-	-	0.7	0	-							

05/25/2021 PM Build Out Peak Hour

HCM 6th AWSC 45: Iron Dustoff Dr & Constitution Ave

PM Build Out Peak Hour 05/28/2021

ntersection	
ntersection Delay, s/veh	8.1
ntersection Delay, s/veh ntersection LOS	А

Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		<b>€</b> 1}			414			414			414	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	44	33	19	0	26	1	65	1	0	0	0	42
Future Vol, veh/h	44	33	19	0	26	1	65	1	0	0	0	42
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	48	36	21	0	28	1	71	1	0	0	0	46
Number of Lanes	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0
Approach	EB				WB		NB				SB	
Opposing Approach	WB				EB		SB				NB	
Opposing Lanes	2				2		2				2	
Conflicting Approach Left	SB				NB		EB				WB	
Conflicting Lanes Left	2				2		2				2	
Conflicting Approach Right	NB				SB		WB				EB	
Conflicting Lanes Right	2				2		2				2	
HCM Control Delay	8.1				7.7		8.8				7.2	
HCM LOS	Α				Α		Α				Α	

Lane	NBLn1	NBLn2	EBLn1	EBLn2	WBLn1	WBLn2	SBLn1	SBLn2	
Vol Left, %	99%	0%	73%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Vol Thru, %	1%	100%	27%	46%	100%	90%	100%	0%	
Vol Right, %	0%	0%	0%	54%	0%	10%	0%	100%	
Sign Control	Stop								
Traffic Vol by Lane	65	1	61	36	17	10	0	42	
LT Vol	65	0	44	0	0	0	0	0	
Through Vol	0	1	17	17	17	9	0	0	
RT Vol	0	0	0	19	0	1	0	42	
Lane Flow Rate	71	1	66	39	19	11	0	46	
Geometry Grp	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	
Degree of Util (X)	0.107	0.001	0.095	0.048	0.026	0.014	0	0.054	
Departure Headway (Hd)	5.401	4.903	5.227	4.487	4.93	4.857	4.939	4.237	
Convergence, Y/N	Yes								
Cap	667	733	689	801	729	740	0	848	
Service Time	3.11	2.611	2.938	2.197	2.642	2.569	2.649	1.947	
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.106	0.001	0.096	0.049	0.026	0.015	0	0.054	
HCM Control Delay	8.8	7.6	8.5	7.4	7.8	7.6	7.6	7.2	
HCM Lane LOS	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	N	Α	
HCM 95th-tile Q	0.4	0	0.3	0.2	0.1	0	0	0.2	

05/25/2021 PM Build Out Peak Hour

HCM 6th AWSC 48: Iron Medics Dr & Iron Dustoff Dr

PM Opening Year Peak Hour 07/15/2021

Intersection							
Intersection Delay, s/vel	h 6.1						
Intersection LOS	Α						
Movement	WBL	WBR	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	
Lane Configurations	WDL	77	<b>†</b>	NUIN	ODL	41	
Traffic Vol. veh/h	0	72	0	0	0	4 T	
Future Vol., veh/h	0	72	0	0	0	22	
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	
Heavy Vehicles, %	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	
Mvmt Flow	0	78			0	24	
	-		0	0	-		
Number of Lanes	0	2	2	0	0	2	
Approach		WB	NB			SB	
Opposing Approach			SB			NB	
Opposing Lanes		0	2			2	
Conflicting Approach Le	eft	NB				WB	
Conflicting Lanes Left		2	0			2	
Conflicting Approach Rig	aht	SB	WB			_	
Conflicting Lanes Right		2	2			0	
HCM Control Delay		5.9	0			6.6	
HCM LOS		Α	-			Α	
Lana		IDI 4 I	אוחו מו	NDI 41	NDI0	CDI 4	CDI0
Lane	ľ					SBLn1	
Vol Left, %		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Vol Thru, %		100%		0%	0%	100%	100%
Vol Right, %		0%	0%	100%	100%	0%	0%
Sign Control		Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop
Traffic Vol by Lane		0	0	36	36	11	11
LT Vol		0	0	0	0	0	0
Through Vol		0	0	0	0	11	11
RT Vol		0	0	36	36	0	0
Lane Flow Rate		0	0	39	39	12	12
Geometry Grp		7	7	7	7	7	7
Degree of Util (X)		0	0		0.023		0.01
Departure Headway (Ho	d)		2.947			4.669	2.933
Convergence, Y/N		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cap					4075	770	1231
Cap		0	0	927	1675	773	1201
Service Time		0 2.376	0.64	1.584	-0.15	2.359	0.624
		-	0.64			2.359	
Service Time		2.376	0.64	1.584	-0.15	2.359	0.624
Service Time HCM Lane V/C Ratio		2.376	0.64	1.584 0.042	-0.15 0.023	2.359 0.016	0.624

05/25/2021 PM Opening Year Peak Hour

AM 2032 Peak Hour Lanes, Volumes, Timings 05/28/2021 5: Constitution Ave & Spur 601 EBFR **EBT** EBR Lane Group EBL WBL WBT **NBT** SBR **↑↑** 152 Lane Configurations 4 **↑↑** 82 Traffic Volume (vph) 162 151 193 0 Future Volume (vph) 162 193 0 0 0 0 82 31 151 152 0 Ideal Flow (vphpl) 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 Lane Util. Factor 0.95 0.95 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 Frt 0.850 0.850 Flt Protected 0.950 0.953 0.950 Satd. Flow (prot) 1681 1686 1583 0 3539 1583 1770 3539 0 Flt Permitted 0.950 0.953 0.950 Satd. Flow (perm) 3539 3539 1681 1686 1583 1583 1770 Right Turn on Red Yes Yes Yes Yes Satd. Flow (RTOR) 210 245 Link Speed (mph) 30 35 35 30 Link Distance (ft) 148 245 425 300 Travel Time (s) 3.4 4.8 8.3 6.8 Peak Hour Factor 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 Adj. Flow (vph) 176 1 210 0 0 0 0 89 34 164 165 0 Shared Lane Traffic (%) 50% 89 210 0 0 89 Lane Group Flow (vph) 0 n 34 164 165 88 0 Turn Type Split NA NA Perm erm<sup>2</sup> Prot NA Protected Phases 67 58 58 7 6 Permitted Phases 58 Total Split (s) 11.8 11.8 27.5 Total Lost Time (s) 5.8 6.0 Act Effct Green (s) 17.0 17.0 17.0 61.5 6.8 6.8 48.9 Actuated g/C Ratio 0.19 0.19 0.19 0.08 0.08 0.54 0.68 v/c Ratio 0.28 0.28 0.45 0.33 0.10 0.17 0.07 Control Delay 32.7 32.7 7.6 42.8 0.6 4.6 1.0 Queue Delay 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Total Delay 32.7 32.7 7.6 42.8 0.6 4.6 1.0 LOS C C D Α Α Α Α Approach Delay 19.1 2.8 31.1 Approach LOS В С Α Intersection Summary Area Type: Other Cycle Length: 90 Actuated Cycle Length: 90 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:WBTL and 6:, Start of Green Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.61 Intersection Signal Delay: 14.5 Intersection LOS: B Intersection Capacity Utilization 37.5% ICU Level of Service A Analysis Period (min) 15 Splits and Phases: 5: Constitution Ave & Spur 601 EBFR ₹ø2 (R) ₹Îø4

**♣**Ø8

₩Ø6 (R)

Lanes, Volumes, Timings 5: Constitution Ave & Spur 601 EBFR AM 2032 Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Lane Group	Ø1	Ø2	Ø3	Ø4	Ø5	Ø8
Lane Configurations						
Traffic Volume (vph)						
Future Volume (vph)						
Ideal Flow (vphpl)						
Lane Util. Factor						
Frt						
Flt Protected						
Satd. Flow (prot)						
Flt Permitted						
Satd. Flow (perm)						
Right Turn on Red						
Satd. Flow (RTOR)						
Link Speed (mph)						
Link Distance (ft)						
Travel Time (s)						
Peak Hour Factor						
Adj. Flow (vph)						
Shared Lane Traffic (%)						
Lane Group Flow (vph)						
Turn Type						
Protected Phases	1	2	3	4	5	8
Permitted Phases						
Total Split (s)	20.7	15.8	6.5	47.0	9.0	41.7
Total Lost Time (s)						
Act Effct Green (s)						
Actuated g/C Ratio						
v/c Ratio						
Control Delay						
Queue Delay						
Total Delay						
LOS						
Approach Delay						
Approach LOS						
••						
Intersection Summary						

05/25/2021 AM 2032 Peak Hour

AM 2032 Peak Hour Lanes, Volumes, Timings 05/28/2021 8: Spur 601 WBFR & Constitution Ave WBL SBR Lane Group **EBT EBR** WBT WBR NBL **NBT ↑↑** 180 Lane Configurations **↑**↑ Traffic Volume (vph) 112 0 60 220 0 101 Future Volume (vph) 0 0 0 112 1 101 60 174 0 0 180 220 Ideal Flow (vphpl) 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 Lane Util. Factor 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.95 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 Frt 0.850 0.850 Flt Protected 0.950 0.953 0.950 Satd. Flow (prot) 1681 1686 1583 1770 3539 3539 1583 0 0 0 Flt Permitted 0.950 0.953 0.950 Satd. Flow (perm) 1583 3539 1681 1686 1770 3539 1583 0 0 Right Turn on Red Yes Yes Yes Yes Satd. Flow (RTOR) 239 172 Link Speed (mph) 30 30 30 30 Link Distance (ft) 139 242 300 606 Travel Time (s) 3.2 5.5 6.8 13.8 Peak Hour Factor 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 Adj. Flow (vph) 0 0 0 122 1 110 65 189 0 0 196 239 Shared Lane Traffic (%) 50% 0 Lane Group Flow (vph) 0 0 62 110 65 189 0 0 196 239 61 Turn Type Split NA NA NA Prot Perm Prot Protected Phases 23 23 14 4 1 Permitted Phases Total Split (s) 47.0 20.7 20.7 Total Lost Time (s) 5.7 5.7 Act Effct Green (s) 50.6 50.6 50.6 28.7 10.4 12.3 10.4 Actuated g/C Ratio 0.56 0.56 0.56 0.14 0.32 0.12 0.12 v/c Ratio 0.06 0.07 0.11 0.17 0.48 0.27 0.61 Control Delay 40.6 11.5 11.5 0.8 33.8 0.9 11.9 Queue Delay 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Total Delay 11.5 11.5 8.0 33.8 0.9 40.6 11.9 LOS В В C D В Α Α 24.8 Approach Delay 9.3 6.5 Approach LOS Α Α С Intersection Summary Area Type: Other Cycle Length: 90 Actuated Cycle Length: 90 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:WBTL and 6:, Start of Green Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.61 Intersection Signal Delay: 15.9 Intersection LOS: B Intersection Capacity Utilization 37.5% ICU Level of Service A Analysis Period (min) 15 Splits and Phases: 8: Spur 601 WBFR & Constitution Ave ₹ø2 (R) ¶ø4 #5 **♣**Ø8

Ø6 (R)

Lanes, Volumes, Timings 8: Spur 601 WBFR & Constitution Ave AM 2032 Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Lane Group	Ø2	Ø3	Ø5	Ø6	Ø7	Ø8
Lane Configurations						
Traffic Volume (vph)						
Future Volume (vph)						
Ideal Flow (vphpl)						
Lane Util. Factor						
Frt						
Flt Protected						
Satd. Flow (prot)						
Flt Permitted						
Satd. Flow (perm)						
Right Turn on Red						
Satd. Flow (RTOR)						
Link Speed (mph)						
Link Distance (ft)						
Travel Time (s)						
Peak Hour Factor						
Adj. Flow (vph)						
Shared Lane Traffic (%)						
Lane Group Flow (vph)						
Turn Type						
Protected Phases	2	3	5	6	7	8
Permitted Phases						
Total Split (s)	15.8	6.5	9.0	27.5	11.8	41.7
Total Lost Time (s)						
Act Effct Green (s)						
Actuated g/C Ratio						
v/c Ratio						
Control Delay						
Queue Delay						
Total Delay						
LOS						
Approach Delay						
Approach LOS						
Intersection Summary						

05/25/2021 AM 2032 Peak Hour

AM 2032 Peak Hour Lanes, Volumes, Timings 05/28/2021 15: LP 375 SBFR & Spur 601 **EBR** SBR Lane Group EBL EBT WBL WBT WBR NBT SBT **↑**↑ 122 **4**↑ 2525 **4** 70 Lane Configurations 778 Traffic Volume (vph) 272 0 0 172 0 Future Volume (vph) 0 122 778 272 2525 0 0 0 0 2 70 172 Ideal Flow (vphpl) 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 Lane Util. Factor 1.00 0.95 1.00 0.95 0.95 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.95 0.95 1.00 Frt 0.850 0.850 Flt Protected 0.995 0.950 Satd. Flow (prot) 0 3539 1583 3522 1681 1770 1583 0 Flt Permitted 0.995 0.950 Satd. Flow (perm) 3539 3522 1583 1583 1681 1770 0 Right Turn on Red Yes Yes Yes Yes Satd. Flow (RTOR) 648 187 Link Speed (mph) 60 60 65 30 Link Distance (ft) 943 294 303 201 Travel Time (s) 10.7 3.3 3.2 4.6 Peak Hour Factor 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 Adj. Flow (vph) 0 133 846 296 2745 0 0 0 0 2 76 187 Shared Lane Traffic (%) 10% 3041 0 846 Λ ٥ 0 0 Lane Group Flow (vph) 133 Λ 76 187 2 Turn Type NA NA Split NA Perm Perm Protected Phases 4 3 3 5 5 Permitted Phases Total Split (s) 22.5 22.5 58.0 58.0 69.5 69.5 69.5 Total Lost Time (s) 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 Act Effct Green (s) 18.0 18.0 53.5 65.0 65.0 65.0 Actuated g/C Ratio 0.12 0.12 0.36 0.43 0.43 0.43 v/c Ratio 0.31 0.00 0.24 1.11 2.42 0.10 Control Delay 81.5 24.0 62.6 663.6 25.7 4.0 Queue Delay 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1.6 Total Delay 62.6 81.5 665.1 24.0 25.7 4.0 LOS Ε F С C Α 665.1 Approach Delay 10.4 78.9 Approach LOS Ε F В Intersection Summary Area Type: Other Cycle Length: 150 Actuated Cycle Length: 150 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2: and 6:, Start of Green Control Type: Pretimed Maximum v/c Ratio: 3.39 Intersection Signal Delay: 490.7 Intersection LOS: F Intersection Capacity Utilization 141.3% ICU Level of Service H Analysis Period (min) 15 Splits and Phases: 15: LP 375 SBFR & Spur 601 #15 #19 #15 #19 **√**Ø1 **▼ 1** Ø3 **→ →** Ø4 #15

Lanes, Volumes, Timings 15: LP 375 SBFR & Spur 601 AM 2032 Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Lane Group	Ø1
LaneConfigurations	
Traffic Volume (vph)	
Future Volume (vph)	
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	
Lane Util. Factor	
Frt	
Flt Protected	
Satd. Flow (prot)	
Flt Permitted	
Satd. Flow (perm)	
Right Turn on Red	
Satd. Flow (RTOR)	
Link Speed (mph)	
Link Distance (ft)	
Travel Time (s)	
Peak Hour Factor	
Adj. Flow (vph)	
Shared Lane Traffic (%)	
Lane Group Flow (vph)	
Turn Type	
Protected Phases	1
Permitted Phases	
Total Split (s)	69.5
Total Lost Time (s)	
Act Effct Green (s)	
Actuated g/C Ratio	
v/c Ratio	
Control Delay	
Queue Delay	
Total Delay	
LOS	
Approach Delay	
Approach LOS	
Intersection Summary	

05/25/2021 AM 2032 Peak Hour

AM 2032 Peak Hour Lanes, Volumes, Timings 05/28/2021 19: LP 375 NBFR & Spur 601 **EBR** EBL EBT WBL WBT WBR NBL **NBT NBR** Lane Group **4**↑ 23 Lane Configurations **\***\* Traffic Volume (vph) 2390 90 102 0 24 0 Future Volume (vph) 102 23 0 0 344 24 2390 17 90 0 0 0 Ideal Flow (vphpl) 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 Lane Util. Factor 0.95 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 Frt 0.850 0.850 Flt Protected 0.961 0.950 Satd. Flow (prot) 3401 3539 1583 1770 1863 1583 0 0 0 Flt Permitted 0.619 0.950 Satd. Flow (perm) 1583 1863 2191 3539 1770 1583 Right Turn on Red Yes Yes Yes Yes Satd. Flow (RTOR) 44 98 Link Speed (mph) 60 40 65 65 Link Distance (ft) 294 593 284 254 Travel Time (s) 3.3 10.1 3.0 2.7 Peak Hour Factor 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 Adj. Flow (vph) 111 25 0 0 374 26 2598 18 98 0 0 0 Shared Lane Traffic (%) 2598 0 136 374 18 Lane Group Flow (vph) 0 0 26 98 0 0 0 Turn Type NA NA Split NA Perm Perm Perm Protected Phases 4 3 1 1 Permitted Phases Total Split (s) 22.5 69.5 69.5 22.5 58.0 58.0 69.5 Total Lost Time (s) 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 Act Effct Green (s) 18.0 53.5 53.5 65.0 65.0 65.0 Actuated g/C Ratio 0.12 0.36 0.36 0.43 0.43 0.43 v/c Ratio 0.94dl 0.04 0.30 3.39 0.02 0.13 Control Delay 13.8 35.5 3.4 093.8 24.6 4.8 Queue Delay 0.0 0.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 26.5 Total Delay 13.8 35.7 3.4 1120.2 24.6 4.8 LOS В D C Α Α Approach Delay 33.6 13.8 072.7 Approach LOS В С F Intersection Summary Area Type: Other Cycle Length: 150 Actuated Cycle Length: 150 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2: and 6:, Start of Green Control Type: Pretimed Maximum v/c Ratio: 3.39 Intersection Signal Delay: 900.5 Intersection LOS: F Intersection Capacity Utilization 158.8% ICU Level of Service H Analysis Period (min) 15 dl Defacto Left Lane. Recode with 1 though lane as a left lane. Splits and Phases: 19: LP 375 NBFR & Spur 601 #15 #19 #15 #19

#15

Lanes, Volumes, Timings 19: LP 375 NBFR & Spur 601 AM 2032 Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Lane Group	Ø5
Lane Configurations	
Traffic Volume (vph)	
Future Volume (vph)	
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	
Lane Util. Factor	
Frt	
Flt Protected	
Satd. Flow (prot)	
Flt Permitted	
Satd. Flow (perm)	
Right Turn on Red	
Satd. Flow (RTOR)	
Link Speed (mph)	
Link Distance (ft)	
Travel Time (s)	
Peak Hour Factor	
Adj. Flow (vph)	
Shared Lane Traffic (%)	
Lane Group Flow (vph)	
Turn Type	
Protected Phases	5
Permitted Phases	
Total Split (s)	69.5
Total Lost Time (s)	
Act Effct Green (s)	
Actuated g/C Ratio	
v/c Ratio	
Control Delay	
Queue Delay	
Total Delay	
LOS	
Approach Delay	
Approach LOS	
Intersection Summary	

05/25/2021 AM 2032 Peak Hour

Lanes, Volumes, Timings PM 2032 Peak Hour 05/28/2021 5: Constitution Ave & Spur 601 EBFR EBR Lane Group **EBT** WBL WBT **NBT ↑↑** 53 Lane Configurations 4 100 Traffic Volume (vph) 248 85 95 0 Future Volume (vph) 37 6 95 0 0 0 0 100 85 248 53 0 Ideal Flow (vphpl) 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 Lane Util. Factor 0.95 0.95 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 Frt 0.850 0.850 FIt Protected 0.950 0.966 0.950 Satd. Flow (prot) 3539 1681 1709 1583 0 1583 1770 3539 0 0 Flt Permitted 0.950 0.966 0.950 Satd. Flow (perm) 3539 3539 1681 1709 1583 1583 1770 Right Turn on Red Yes Yes Yes Yes Satd. Flow (RTOR) 245 172 Link Speed (mph) 30 35 35 30 Link Distance (ft) 148 245 425 300 Travel Time (s) 3.4 4.8 8.3 6.8 Peak Hour Factor 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 Adj. Flow (vph) 40 103 0 0 0 0 109 92 270 58 0 Shared Lane Traffic (%) 42% 103 0 0 109 270 Lane Group Flow (vph) 24 0 0 92 58 23 0 Turn Type Split NA NA Perm Perm Prot NA Protected Phases 67 58 58 7 6 Permitted Phases 58 Total Split (s) 12.0 12.0 28.1 Total Lost Time (s) 5.8 6.0 Act Effct Green (s) 14.1 14.1 14.1 7.4 64.4 74 51.2 Actuated g/C Ratio 0.16 0.16 0.16 0.08 0.08 0.57 0.72 v/c Ratio 0.09 0.09 0.26 0.38 0.26 0.27 0.02 Control Delay 33.0 33.0 2.4 42.5 5.1 0.2 Queue Delay 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 4.6 0.0 **Total Delay** 33.0 33.0 2.4 42.5 1.8 9.7 0.2 LOS C C D A Α A Α Approach Delay 12.0 23.9 8.0 Approach LOS В C Α Intersection Summary Area Type: Other Cycle Length: 90 Actuated Cycle Length: 90 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:WBTL and 6:, Start of Green Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.61 Intersection Signal Delay: 13.6 Intersection LOS: B Intersection Capacity Utilization 40.8% ICU Level of Service A Analysis Period (min) 15 Splits and Phases: 5: Constitution Ave & Spur 601 EBFR ₹ø3 **1**ø4 7 02 (R) **∆**Ø8

Lanes, Volumes, Timings 5: Constitution Ave & Spur 601 EBFR PM 2032 Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Lane Group	Ø1	Ø2	Ø3	Ø4	Ø5	Ø8
Lane Configurations	D1	N.L	200	DT		
Traffic Volume (vph)						
Future Volume (vph)						
Ideal Flow (vphpl)						
Lane Util. Factor						
Frt						
Flt Protected						
Satd. Flow (prot)						
Flt Permitted						
Satd. Flow (perm)						
Right Turn on Red						
Satd. Flow (RTOR)						
Link Speed (mph)						
Link Distance (ft)						
Travel Time (s)						
Peak Hour Factor						
Adj. Flow (vph)						
Shared Lane Traffic (%)						
Lane Group Flow (vph)						
Turn Type						
Protected Phases	1	2	3	4	5	8
Permitted Phases						
Total Split (s)	22.3	14.2	6.5	47.0	8.4	41.5
Total Lost Time (s)						
Act Effct Green (s)						
Actuated g/C Ratio						
v/c Ratio						
Control Delay						
Queue Delay						
Total Delay						
LOS						
Approach Delay						
Approach LOS						
Intersection Summary						

05/25/2021 PM 2032 Peak Hour

PM 2032 Peak Hour Lanes, Volumes, Timings 05/28/2021 8: Spur 601 WBFR & Constitution Ave WBL SBR Lane Group **EBT** EBR WBT WBR NBL **NBT ^** Lane Configurations 47 Traffic Volume (vph) 273 0 0 89 0 Future Volume (vph) 0 0 0 17 1 17 89 47 0 0 284 273 Ideal Flow (vphpl) 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 Lane Util. Factor 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.95 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 Frt 0.850 0.850 FIt Protected 0.950 0.957 0.950 Satd. Flow (prot) 0 1681 1694 1583 1770 3539 3539 1583 0 0 Flt Permitted 0.950 0.957 0.950 Satd. Flow (perm) 1583 3539 1583 1681 1694 1770 3539 0 0 0 Right Turn on Red Yes Yes Yes Yes Satd. Flow (RTOR) 172 297 Link Speed (mph) 30 30 30 30 Link Distance (ft) 139 242 300 606 Travel Time (s) 3.2 5.5 6.8 13.8 Peak Hour Factor 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 Adj. Flow (vph) 0 0 0 18 1 18 97 51 0 0 309 297 Shared Lane Traffic (%) 47% 0 9 97 309 Lane Group Flow (vph) 0 0 18 51 0 0 297 10 Turn Type Split NA NA Prot Perm Prot Protected Phases 14 23 23 4 1 Permitted Phases Total Split (s) 47.0 22.3 22.3 Total Lost Time (s) 5.7 5.7 Act Effct Green (s) 49.7 49.7 49.7 29.6 10.3 13.2 13.2 Actuated g/C Ratio 0.55 0.55 0.55 0.11 0.33 0.15 0.15 v/c Ratio 0.01 0.01 0.02 0.04 0.60 0.61 0.48 Control Delay 11.8 11.8 0.1 31.0 0.4 40.2 9.9 Queue Delay 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 **Total Delay** 11.8 11.8 0.1 31.0 0.4 40.3 9.9 LOS В В D A A C A Approach Delay 25.4 20.5 6.1 Approach LOS Α C C Intersection Summary Area Type: Other Cycle Length: 90 Actuated Cycle Length: 90 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:WBTL and 6:, Start of Green Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.61 Intersection Signal Delay: 23.6 Intersection LOS: C Intersection Capacity Utilization 40.8% ICU Level of Service A Analysis Period (min) 15 Splits and Phases: 8: Spur 601 WBFR & Constitution Ave 7 02 (R) 104 **∆**Ø8 Ø6 (R)

Lanes, Volumes, Timings 8: Spur 601 WBFR & Constitution Ave PM 2032 Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Lane Group	Ø2	Ø3	Ø5	Ø6	Ø7	Ø8
LaneConfigurations						
Traffic Volume (vph)						
Future Volume (vph)						
Ideal Flow (vphpl)						
Lane Util. Factor						
Frt						
Flt Protected						
Satd. Flow (prot)						
Flt Permitted						
Satd. Flow (perm)						
Right Turn on Red						
Satd. Flow (RTOR)						
Link Speed (mph)						
Link Distance (ft)						
Travel Time (s)						
Peak Hour Factor						
Adj. Flow (vph)						
Shared Lane Traffic (%)						
Lane Group Flow (vph)						
Turn Type						
Protected Phases	2	3	5	6	7	8
Permitted Phases						
Total Split (s)	14.2	6.5	8.4	28.1	12.0	41.5
Total Lost Time (s)						
Act Effct Green (s)						
Actuated g/C Ratio						
v/c Ratio						
Control Delay						
Queue Delay						
Total Delay						
LOS						
Approach Delay						
Approach LOS						
Intersection Summary						

05/25/2021 PM 2032 Peak Hour

Lanes, Volumes, Timings PM 2032 Peak Hour 05/28/2021 15: LP 375 SBFR & Spur 601 EBT EBR SBR Lane Group WBL WBT **NBT** 129 Lane Configurations 44 Traffic Volume (vph) 2349 459 0 0 70 165 0 Future Volume (vph) 0 129 2349 459 989 0 0 0 0 2 70 165 Ideal Flow (vphpl) 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 Lane Util. Factor 1.00 0.95 1.00 0.95 0.95 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.95 0.95 1.00 Frt 0.850 0.850 FIt Protected 0.984 0.950 Satd. Flow (prot) 0 3539 1583 3483 1681 1770 1583 0 Flt Permitted 0.984 0.950 Satd. Flow (perm) 3483 1583 3539 1583 0 1681 1770 Right Turn on Red Yes Yes Yes Yes Satd. Flow (RTOR) 419 179 Link Speed (mph) 60 60 65 30 Link Distance (ft) 943 294 303 201 Travel Time (s) 10.7 3.3 3.2 4.6 Peak Hour Factor 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 Adj. Flow (vph) 0 140 2553 499 1075 0 0 0 0 2 76 179 Shared Lane Traffic (%) 10% 1574 Lane Group Flow (vph) 0 2553 n 0 0 140 0 0 76 179 2 Turn Type NA Perm NA Split NA Perm Protected Phases 4 3 3 5 5 Permitted Phases Total Split (s) 60.0 37.0 60.0 33.0 33.0 37.0 37.0 Total Lost Time (s) 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 Act Effct Green (s) 55.5 55.5 28.5 32.5 32.5 32.5 Actuated g/C Ratio 0.43 0.43 0.22 0.25 0.25 0.25 v/c Ratio 0.09 2.79 2.06 0.00 0.17 0.34 Control Delay 22.5 825.0 498.5 37.0 39.5 7.2 Queue Delay 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 **Total Delay** 22.5 825.0 498.5 37.0 39.5 7.2 LOS C F D Α 498.5 783.3 Approach Delay 17.0 Approach LOS F F В Intersection Summary Area Type: Other Cycle Length: 130 Actuated Cycle Length: 130 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2: and 6:, Start of Green Control Type: Pretimed Maximum v/c Ratio: 2.79 Intersection Signal Delay: 640.7 Intersection LOS: F Intersection Capacity Utilization 201.5% ICU Level of Service H Analysis Period (min) 15 Splits and Phases: 15: LP 375 SBFR & Spur 601 #15 #19 #15 #19 **1**01 **→ →** Ø4 #15

Lanes, Volumes, Timings 15: LP 375 SBFR & Spur 601 PM 2032 Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Lane Group	Ø1
LaneConfigurations	
Traffic Volume (vph)	
Future Volume (vph)	
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	
Lane Util. Factor	
Frt	
Flt Protected	
Satd. Flow (prot)	
Flt Permitted	
Satd. Flow (perm)	
Right Turn on Red	
Satd. Flow (RTOR)	
Link Speed (mph)	
Link Distance (ft)	
Travel Time (s)	
Peak Hour Factor	
Adj. Flow (vph)	
Shared Lane Traffic (%)	
Lane Group Flow (vph)	
Turn Type	
Protected Phases	1
Permitted Phases	
Total Split (s)	37.0
Total Lost Time (s)	
Act Effct Green (s)	
Actuated g/C Ratio	
v/c Ratio	
Control Delay	
Queue Delay	
Total Delay	
LOS	
Approach Delay	
Approach LOS	
Intersection Summary	

05/25/2021 PM 2032 Peak Hour

Lanes, Volumes, Timings PM 2032 Peak Hour 05/28/2021 19: LP 375 NBFR & Spur 601 EBR Lane Group EBL EBT WBL WBT WBR NBL **NBT NBR 4**↑ 23 Lane Configurations 704 Traffic Volume (vph) 102 87 725 53 0 Future Volume (vph) 102 23 0 0 704 87 725 17 53 0 0 0 Ideal Flow (vphpl) 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 Lane Util. Factor 0.95 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 Frt 0.850 0.850 FIt Protected 0.961 0.950 Satd. Flow (prot) 3401 3539 1583 1770 1863 1583 0 0 0 0 Flt Permitted 0.532 0.950 Satd. Flow (perm) 1583 1863 1883 3539 1770 1583 Right Turn on Red Yes Yes Yes Yes Satd. Flow (RTOR) 92 58 Link Speed (mph) 60 40 65 65 Link Distance (ft) 294 593 284 254 Travel Time (s) 3.3 10.1 3.0 2.7 Peak Hour Factor 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 Adj. Flow (vph) 111 25 0 0 765 95 788 18 58 0 0 0 Shared Lane Traffic (%) Lane Group Flow (vph) 0 136 765 95 788 18 0 0 0 58 0 0 Turn Type NA NA Split NA Perm Perm Perm Protected Phases 4 3 1 1 Permitted Phases Total Split (s) 60.0 60.0 33.0 33.0 37.0 37.0 37.0 Total Lost Time (s) 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 Act Effct Green (s) 55.5 32.5 28.5 28.5 32.5 32.5 Actuated g/C Ratio 0.43 0.22 0.22 0.25 0.25 0.25 v/c Ratio 0.17 0.99 0.04 0.13 0.23 1.78 Control Delay 4.1 79.8 10.1 391.4 37.4 10.0 Queue Delay 0.0 41.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 11.0 **Total Delay** 4.1 121.3 10.1 402.4 37.4 10.0 LOS В D Α Α 109.0 Approach Delay 4.1 368.5 Approach LOS Α F F Intersection Summary Area Type: Other Cycle Length: 130 Actuated Cycle Length: 130 Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2: and 6:, Start of Green Control Type: Pretimed Maximum v/c Ratio: 2.79 Intersection Signal Delay: 221.9 Intersection LOS: F Intersection Capacity Utilization 76.5% ICU Level of Service D Analysis Period (min) 15 Splits and Phases: 19: LP 375 NBFR & Spur 601 #15 #19 #15 #19 **1**01 **→ →** Ø4 #15

Lanes, Volumes, Timings 19: LP 375 NBFR & Spur 601 PM 2032 Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Lane Group	Ø5
Lane Configurations	
Traffic Volume (vph)	
Future Volume (vph)	
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	
Lane Util. Factor	
Frt	
Flt Protected	
Satd. Flow (prot)	
Flt Permitted	
Satd. Flow (perm)	
Right Turn on Red	
Satd. Flow (RTOR)	
Link Speed (mph)	
Link Distance (ft)	
Travel Time (s)	
Peak Hour Factor	
Adj. Flow (vph)	
Shared Lane Traffic (%)	
Lane Group Flow (vph)	
Turn Type	
Protected Phases	5
Permitted Phases	
Total Split (s)	37.0
Total Lost Time (s)	
Act Effct Green (s)	
Actuated g/C Ratio	
v/c Ratio	
Control Delay	
Queue Delay	
Total Delay	
LOS	
Approach Delay	
Approach LOS	
Intersection Summary	

05/25/2021 PM 2032 Peak Hour

HCM 6th TWSC 34: Iron Medics Dr & LP 375 N

AM 2032 Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Int Delay, s/veh	3.1					
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations				ર્ન	٦	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	0	0	459	2	70	0
Future Vol, veh/h	0	0	459	2	70	0
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	0	-
Veh in Median Storage,	# 0	-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	0	-	-	0	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	92	92	92	92	92	92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	0	499	2	76	0
Major/Minor		, and	Major2		Minor1	
Major/Minor						
Conflicting Flow All			0		1000	-
Stage 1			-	-	0	-
Stage 2			-	-	1000	-
Critical Hdwy			4.12	-	6.42	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 1			-	-		-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2			-	-	5.42	-
Follow-up Hdwy			2.218		3.518	-
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver			-	-	270	0
Stage 1			-	-	-	0
Stage 2			-	-	356	0
Platoon blocked, %				-		
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver			-	-	270	-
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver			-	-	270	-
Stage 1			-	-	-	-
Stage 2			-	-	356	-
Approach			WB		NB	
HCM Control Delay, s			110		23.5	
HCM LOS					23.5 C	
I IOW LOS					U	
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt		NBLn1	WBL	WBT		
Capacity (veh/h)		270	-	-		
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		0.282	-			
HCM Control Delay (s)		23.5	-	-		
HCM Lane LOS		С				
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)		1.1				

05/25/2021 AM 2032 Peak Hour

HCM 6th TWSC 36: Iron Medics Dr & Loop 375 S

AM 2032 Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Intersection												
Int Delay, s/veh	2.9											
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4						1→			4	
Traffic Vol. veh/h	2	1	177	0	0	0	0	68	215	2	462	0
Future Vol, veh/h	2	1	177	0	0	0	0	68	215	2	462	0
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
RT Channelized	-	-	None	-	-	None	-	-	None	-	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Veh in Median Storage	e,# -	0	-	-	16979	-	-	0	-		0	-
Grade, %	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	2	1	192	0	0	0	0	74	234	2	502	0
Major/Minor	Minor2					N	//ajor1		ı	Major2		
Conflicting Flow All	697	814	502				-	0	0	308	0	0
Stage 1	506	506	-					-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	191	308	-									
Critical Hdwy	6.42	6.52	6.22					_	_	4.12		
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	5.42	5.52	0.22							7.12		
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	5.42	5.52	_					_	_		_	
Follow-up Hdwy		4.018	3.318					_		2.218		
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	407	312	569				0	-	-	1253	-	0
Stage 1	606	540	-				0			-		0
Stage 2	841	660					0					0
Platoon blocked, %												
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	406	0	569				-	-	-	1253	-	-
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	406	0	-					-	-	-	-	
Stage 1	606	0	-				-	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	839	0	-					-	-		-	
, and												
Approach	EB						NB			SB		
Approach	14.7						0			0		
HCM LOS							U			U		
HCM LOS	В											
		No.	NEE		051	057						
Minor Lane/Major Mvn	nt	NBT		EBLn1	SBL	SBT						
Capacity (veh/h)		-	-	566	1253	-						
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		-	-	0.346		-						
HCM Control Delay (s	)	-	-	14.7	7.9	0						
HCM Lane LOS		-	-	В	A	Α						
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh	1)	-	-	1.5	0	-						

05/25/2021 AM 2032 Peak Hour

HCM 6th AWSC 45: Iron Dustoff Dr & Constitution Ave

AM 2032 Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Intersection		
Intersection Delay, s/veh	8.5	
Intersection LOS	Α	

Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		€Î₽			414			€1}}			414	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	47	78	219	1	53	4	17	1	0	0	3	43
Future Vol, veh/h	47	78	219	1	53	4	17	1	0	0	3	43
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	51	85	238	1	58	4	18	1	0	0	3	47
Number of Lanes	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0
Approach	EB			WB			NB				SB	
Opposing Approach	WB			EB			SB				NB	
Opposing Lanes	2			2			2				2	
Conflicting Approach Left	SB			NB			EB				WB	
Conflicting Lanes Left	2			2			2				2	
Conflicting Approach Right	NB			SB			WB				EB	
Conflicting Lanes Right	2			2			2				2	
HCM Control Delay	8.7			7.9			8.9				7.9	
HCM LOS	Α			Α			Α				Α	

Lane	NBLn1	NBLn2	EBLn1	EBLn2	WBLn1	WBLn2	SBLn1	SBLn2	
Vol Left, %	98%	0%	55%	0%	4%	0%	0%	0%	
Vol Thru, %	2%	100%	45%	15%	96%	87%	100%	2%	
Vol Right, %	0%	0%	0%	85%	0%	13%	0%	98%	
Sign Control	Stop								
Traffic Vol by Lane	17	1	86	258	28	31	2	44	
LT Vol	17	0	47	0	1	0	0	0	
Through Vol	0	1	39	39	27	27	2	1	
RT Vol	0	0	0	219	0	4	0	43	
Lane Flow Rate	19	1	93	280	30	33	2	48	
Geometry Grp	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	
Degree of Util (X)	0.032	0.001	0.129	0.319	0.042	0.045	0.003	0.064	
Departure Headway (Hd)	6.038	5.544	4.961	4.092	5.022	4.911	5.515	4.827	
Convergence, Y/N	Yes								
Cap	596	648	714	864	716	732	652	746	
Service Time	3.745	3.252	2.752	1.883	2.733	2.622	3.222	2.533	
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.032	0.002	0.13	0.324	0.042	0.045	0.003	0.064	
HCM Control Delay	8.9	8.3	8.5	8.8	8	7.9	8.2	7.9	
HCM Lane LOS	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	
HCM 95th-tile Q	0.1	0	0.4	1.4	0.1	0.1	0	0.2	

05/25/2021 AM 2032 Peak Hour

HCM 6th AWSC 48: Iron Medics Dr & Iron Dustoff Dr

AM 2032 Peak Hour 07/13/2021

Intersection							
Intersection Delay, s/ve	eh10.2						
Intersection LOS	В						
Movement	WBL	WBR	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	
Lane Configurations	WDL	WDK	<u>ND1</u>	NDIX	ODL	414	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	0	24	<b>TT</b>	0	236	<b>4T</b>	
Future Vol, veh/h	0	24	0	0	236	0	
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	
Heavy Vehicles, %	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	
Mvmt Flow	0	26	0	0	257	0	
Number of Lanes	0	20	2	0	257	2	
Number of Lanes	0	2	2	0	0	2	
Approach		WB	NB		SB		
Opposing Approach			SB		NB		
Opposing Lanes		0	2		2		
Conflicting Approach L	.eft	NB			WB		
Conflicting Lanes Left		2	0		2		
Conflicting Approach F		SB	WB				
Conflicting Lanes Righ	ıt	2	2		0		
HCM Control Delay		6.4	0		10.6		
HCM LOS		Α	-		В		
Lane	1	NBLn1	NBLn2V	VBLn1V	VBLn2	SBLn1	SBLn2
Vol Left, %		0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%
Vol Thru, %		100%	100%	0%	0%	0%	100%
Vol Right, %		0%		100%	100%	0%	0%
Sign Control		Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop
Traffic Vol by Lane		0	0	12	12	236	0
LT Vol		0	0	0	0	236	0
Through Vol		0	0	0	0	0	0
RT Vol		0	0	12	12	0	0
Lane Flow Rate		0	0	13	13	257	0
Geometry Grp		7	7	7	7	7	7
Degree of Util (X)		0	0	0.016	0.01	0.362	0
Departure Headway (H	ld)	4.708	2.969	4.545	2.8	5.081	4.581
Convergence, Y/N		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Сар		0	0	792	1286	711	0
Service Time		2.487	0.746	2.245	0.5	2.785	2.284
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		0	0	0.016	0.01	0.361	0
HCM Control Delay		7.5	5.7	7.3	5.5	10.6	7.3
HCM Lane LOS		N	N	Α	Α	В	N
HCM 95th-tile Q		0	0	0	0	1.7	0

05/25/2021 AM 2032 Peak Hour

HCM 6th TWSC 34: Iron Medics Dr & LP 375 N

PM 2032 Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	3.3					
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	LDI	LDI	WDL	₩ <u>₩</u>	NDL T	NDIX
Traffic Vol, veh/h	0	0	462	<b>식</b>	74	0
Future Vol, veh/h	0	0	462	4	74	0
	0	0	462	0	0	0
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	-	-	-	-	_	-
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-		-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	0	-
Veh in Median Storage,		-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	0	-	-	0	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	92	92	92	92	92	92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	0	0	502	4	80	0
Major/Minor		, A	Major2		Minor1	
				0		-
Conflicting Flow All			0		1008	
Stage 1			-	-	0	-
Stage 2			-	-	1008	-
Critical Hdwy			4.12	-	6.42	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 1			-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2			-	-	5.42	-
Follow-up Hdwy			2.218	-	3.518	-
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver				-	267	0
Stage 1				-		0
Stage 2				-	353	0
Platoon blocked, %					000	Ū
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver					267	
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver				-	267	
					201	- :
Stage 1			-	-		
Stage 2			-	-	353	
Approach			WB		NB	
HCM Control Delay, s					24.2	
HCM LOS					24.2 C	
HCIVI LOS					·	
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	t I	NBLn1	WBL	WBT		
Capacity (veh/h)		267	-	-		
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		0.301		-		
HCM Control Delay (s)		24.2		-		
HCM Lane LOS		C				
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)		1.2				

05/25/2021 PM 2032 Peak Hour

Intersection

HCM 6th TWSC 36: Iron Medics Dr & Loop 375 S

PM 2032 Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Intersection												
Int Delay, s/veh	4.2											
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4						1>			4	
Traffic Vol. veh/h	8	57	177	0	0	0	0	68	215	6	462	0
Future Vol., veh/h	8	57	177	0	0	0	0	68	215	6	462	0
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
RT Channelized	-	-	None	-	-	None	-	-	None	-	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Veh in Median Storag	e,# -	0		-	16979	-	-	0	-	-	0	-
Grade, %	_	0			0			0			0	
Peak Hour Factor	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	9	62	192	0	0	0	0	74	234	7	502	0
Major/Minor	Minor2						Anior1			Anior?		
Major/Minor		004	E00			ı	Major1	^		Major2	^	^
Conflicting Flow All	707	824	502				-	0	0	308	0	0
Stage 1	516	516	-				-	-	-	-	-	-
Stage 2	191 6.42	308 6.52	- 00				-	-	-	4.40	-	-
Critical Hdwy			6.22				-	-	-	4.12	-	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	5.42	5.52	-					-	-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	5.42	5.52	2 240				-	-	-	2 240	-	-
Follow-up Hdwy		4.018					-	-	-	2.218	-	-
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	402	308	569				0	-	-	1253	-	0
Stage 1	599	534	-				0	-	-	-	-	0
Stage 2	841	660	-				U	-	_	-	-	U
Platoon blocked, % Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	399	0	569					-	-	1050	-	
		0					-	-	-	1253		-
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver			-				-	-	-	-	-	
Stage 1	599 834	0	-					-	-			
Stage 2	834	0	-				-	-	-	-	-	-
Approach	EB						NB			SB		
HCM Control Delay, s	17						0			0.1		
HCM LOS	С											
Minor Lane/Major Mvr	nt	NBT	NBR	EBLn1	SBL	SBT						
Capacity (veh/h)		-	-	559	1253	-						
HCM Lane V/C Ratio				0.471		-						
HCM Control Delay (s	3			17	7.9	0						
HCM Lane LOS	7			C	Α.	A						
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh	1)		_	2.5	0	-						
0011 70110 0(101	7			2.0								

05/25/2021 PM 2032 Peak Hour

HCM 6th AWSC 45: Iron Dustoff Dr & Constitution Ave

PM 2032 Peak Hour 05/28/2021

Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		414			4î			414			414	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	50	70	21	0	54	1	73	1	0	0	0	47
Future Vol, veh/h	50	70	21	0	54	1	73	1	0	0	0	47
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	54	76	23	0	59	1	79	1	0	0	0	51
Number of Lanes	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0
Approach	EB				WB		NB				SB	
Opposing Approach	WB				EB		SB				NB	
Opposing Lanes	2				2		2				2	
Conflicting Approach Left	SB				NB		EB				WB	
Conflicting Lanes Left	2				2		2				2	
Conflicting Approach Right	NB				SB		WB				EB	
Conflicting Lanes Right	2				2		2				2	
HCM Control Delay	8.4				8		9.1				7.5	
HCM LOS	Α				Α		Α				Α	

Lane	NBLn1	NBLn2	EBLn1	EBLn2	WBLn1	WBLn2	SBLn1	SBLn2	
Vol Left, %	100%	0%	59%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Vol Thru, %	0%	100%	41%	62%	100%	95%	100%	0%	
Vol Right, %	0%	0%	0%	38%	0%	5%	0%	100%	
Sign Control	Stop								
Traffic Vol by Lane	73	1	85	56	36	19	0	47	
LT Vol	73	0	50	0	0	0	0	0	
Through Vol	0	1	35	35	36	18	0	0	
RT Vol	0	0	0	21	0	1	0	47	
Lane Flow Rate	80	1	92	61	39	21	0	51	
Geometry Grp	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	
Degree of Util (X)	0.124	0.001	0.134	0.079	0.055	0.029	0	0.063	
Departure Headway (Hd)	5.608	5.109	5.233	4.674	5.025	4.988	5.156	4.453	
Convergence, Y/N	Yes								
Cap	641	702	687	769	715	720	0	806	
Service Time	3.325	2.825	2.949	2.39	2.743	2.706	2.874	2.171	
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.125	0.001	0.134	0.079	0.055	0.029	0	0.063	
HCM Control Delay	9.1	7.8	8.8	7.8	8	7.9	7.9	7.5	
HCM Lane LOS	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	N	Α	
HCM 95th-tile Q	0.4	0	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	0	0.2	

05/25/2021 PM 2032 Peak Hour

HCM 6th AWSC 48: Iron Medics Dr & Iron Dustoff Dr

PM 2032 Peak Hour 07/13/2021

Intersection							
Intersection Delay, s/v	eh 6.4						
Intersection LOS	Α						
Movement	WBL	WBR	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	
Lane Configurations		77	<b>^</b>			414	
Traffic Vol. veh/h	0	87	0	0	26	0	
Future Vol., veh/h	0	87	0	0	26	0	
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Mvmt Flow	0	95	0	0	28	0	
Number of Lanes	0	2	2	0	0	2	
Annuach		WD	ND		CD		
Approach		WB	NB		SB		
Opposing Approach		^	SB 2		NB 2		
Opposing Lanes	-4	0	2		_		
Conflicting Approach L	_eπ	NB	0		WB		
Conflicting Lanes Left	Diam's	2	0		2		
Conflicting Approach F		SB 2	WB 2		٥		
Conflicting Lanes Righ HCM Control Delay	IL	5.9	0		0 8.1		
HCM LOS		5.9 A	-		8.1 A		
HOW LOS		А			А		
Lane	1				NBLn2		
Vol Left, %		0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%
Vol Thru, %			100%	0%	0%		100%
Vol Right, %		0%	0%	100%	100%	0%	0%
Sign Control		Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop
Traffic Vol by Lane		0	0	44	44	26	0
LT Vol		0	0	0	0	26	0
Through Vol		0	0	0	0	0	0
RT Vol		0	0	44	44	0	0
Lane Flow Rate		0	0	47	47	28	0
Geometry Grp		7	7	7	7	7	7
Degree of Util (X)		0			0.028		0
Departure Headway (H	Hd)	4.711	2.975		2.148		4.696
Convergence, Y/N		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cap		0	0	920	1653	694	0
Service Time		2.411	0.675		-0.121		
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		0		0.051		0.04	0
HCM Control Delay		7.4	5.7	6.8	4.9	8.1	7.4
HCM Lane LOS		N	N	Α	Α	Α	N
HCM 95th-tile Q		0	0	0.2	0.1	0.1	0

05/25/2021 PM 2032 Peak Hour

Draft EA: EI Paso VA HCC June 2022

# D Appendix D: Water Capacity and Consumption Analysis Report

# **U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs**



# Fort Bliss Veterans Affairs Health Care Center Water Capacity and Consumption Analysis Report

September 2021

## **Prepared for:**

U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs
Office of Construction and Facilities Management

## Prepared by:

LRS Federal LLC

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2.0	Methodology and Approach
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	Estimated Water Demands
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# **Acronyms and Abbreviations**

BGSF building gross square feet
DPW Department of Public Works

EP Water El Paso Water
gpd gallons per day
gph gallons per hour
gpm gallons per minute
HCC health care center
LRS LRS Federal LLC

PRD Program Requirement Document
VA U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs

WBAMC William Beaumont Army Medical Center

### 1.0 Introduction

LRS Federal LLC (LRS) was contracted to analyze the forecasted water capacity and consumption for the proposed Fort Bliss Veterans Affairs (VA) Health Care Center (HCC) located on Fort Bliss in El Paso, Texas (Figure 1-1). The proposed HCC would consist of an approximately 500,000 building gross square feet (BGSF) health care center on a 30-acre site adjacent to the new William Beaumont Army Medical Center (WBAMC) on Fort Bliss in El Paso, Texas. The site would include approximately 2,000 surface parking spaces, a central energy plant, and other site improvements, amenities, and landscaped areas, including new stormwater and sanitary lines. No demolition would be required since the site is currently undeveloped.

The site layout has not yet been defined, nor have the buildings and structures been designed. The final design is anticipated to include multiple low-rise buildings with no more than five floors. The configuration of the site would take into consideration parking, roadways, stormwater retention, possible future expansion, and building physical security requirements. Design and construction of the VA HCC is anticipated to begin in 2023 with anticipated completion of construction in 2027. The HCC would be used Monday through Friday except on federal holidays and would be available to Veterans and service members from all branches of the U.S. Armed Forces who meet the criteria for treatment.

The purpose of this report is to assess the anticipated water demands of the HCC and the capacity of the utility provider to meet those demands to ensure that the HCC is provided with an uninterrupted supply of potable, industrial, and fire protection water services.



Figure 1-1. Aerial View of the Proposed Action

# 2.0 Methodology and Approach

## 2.1 Background

LRS assessed the capacity for El Paso Water (EP Water) to meet the demand and flow rate requirements for potable, industrial, and fire protection water services at the proposed VA HCC. The Program Requirement Document (PRD) dated 2 August 2021, outlines engineering requirements and design considerations for the project, including a detailed description of existing infrastructure in the surrounding vicinity of the site. According to the PRD, a 36-inch water main, owned by EP Water, runs along the northeast side of Loop 375. The HCC would be serviced by a direct line from this water main. VA Site Design Criteria recommends providing two water service connections from separate sources, supplying full water demand to the project site to ensure an uninterrupted supply. Redundancy could not be achieved since the EP Water and Fort Bliss Department of Public Works (DPW) water mains are supplied by the same source. Therefore, redundancy would be achieved by establishing onsite water storage tanks. These water storage tanks would be connected to the Fort Bliss DPW owned 36-inch water main and would be located adjacent to the Central Energy Plant (RLF, 2021).

#### 2.2 Estimated Water Demands

The PRD estimates the area of the new HCC facility would be 492,996 BGSF (RLF, 2021). VA Site Design Manual dated 1 February 2013 and revised 1 April 2021 uses a water demand design standard of 0.40 gallons per day (gpd) per square foot for clinical buildings (U.S. Department of VA Office of Construction & Facilities Management, 2021). Based on the above 492,996 BGSF and the design standard of 0.40 gpd per square foot, the estimated average domestic water usage is 197,198 gpd. In order to provide for future growth at the HCC, a 20% safety factor is added for an estimated average daily domestic water demand of 236,638 gpd. It should be noted that the above calculated demand does not include the one-time water demand needed to fill the fire sprinkler, mechanical systems, and on-site water storage tanks; nor does it include any water usage for support of water-cooled mechanical systems or landscaping.

The PRD estimates annual water demand as 105,792 kilogallons per year or an average daily domestic water demand of approximately 289,841 gpd. The remainder of this report will utilize the more conservative estimate for average daily domestic water demand of 289,841 gpd as presented by the PRD (RLF, 2021).

Average daily domestic flow rate for clinics in gallons per minute (gpm) is determined by assuming 80% of the average domestic daily demand occurs in 16 hours (U.S. Department of VA Office of Construction & Facilities Management, 2021). Therefore, the estimated average daily domestic flow rate for the HCC is 241.5 gpm. Peak hourly domestic flow rates for clinics are three times the average daily domestic flow rate (U.S. Department of VA Office of Construction & Facilities Management, 2021) or 43,470 gallons per hour (gph). Fire flow for new facilities is based on the design of the building sprinkler system with the acceptable hose stream requirement (U.S. Department of VA Office of Construction & Facilities Management, 2021). The expected worse-case fire flow demand is 1,500 gpm for two hours for a total of 180,000 gallons of usable water (RLF, 2021).

A summary of estimated water demands for the VA HCC is presented below in Table 2-1.

Table 2-1. Summary of HCC Estimated Water Demands

Potable Water Flow Rates	Estimated Water Demand
Average daily domestic demand (gpd)	289,841

Average daily domestic flow rate (gpm)	241.5
Peak hourly domestic flow rate (gph)	43,470
Fire flow rate (gpm)	1,500

## 2.3 Utility Capacity

For purposes of determining capacity, two values were utilized: 1) the average daily domestic plus fire flow at the design residual pressure and 2) the peak hourly domestic flow rate at the design residual pressure. This was to ensure supply was available for normal 24-hour operations, but also for peak demand times (U.S. Department of VA Office of Construction & Facilities Management, 2021).

LRS requested that EP Water review the estimated water demands presented in Table 2-1 to assess their ability to meet the HCC's anticipated needs. EP Water confirmed that they are able to meet the stated demand flow rates. VA will need to determine the meter size that accommodates these needs. EP Water runs the fire flow hydraulic simulations meeting the 20-psi minimum residual pressure, as per Texas Commission on Environmental Quality standards (El Paso Water, 2021). Correspondence with EP Water is appended to this report for reference.

#### 3.0 References

El Paso Water (email, 1 September 2021).

RLF. (2021). Program Requirements Document.

U.S. Department of VA Office of Construction & Facilities Management. (2021). Site Design Manual.

Appendix A: Utility Correspondence

#### Sara Schulkowski

From: Adriana Castillo

Sent: Wednesday, September 1, 2021 4:51 PM

To: Sara Schulkowski
Cc: Renata Renova

**Subject:** RE: Water Capacity Information Request

**Attachments:** Scanned from a Xerox Multifunction Printer.pdf

#### Sara:

As in previous discussion with Andrea Landfair and team, the proposed master meter assembly connection will be tapping out a existing 24-inch water main in a similar a manner as the Ft. Bliss Master meter (enclosed). We are able to meet the demand flow rates. VA is to determine the meter size that accommodates their needs. EPWater runs the fire flow hydraulic simulations meeting the 20 psi minimum residual pressure as per TCEQ standards.

Sincerely,

Adriana L. Castillo, P.E., C.D.T | Engineering Division Manager | Planning & Development El Paso Water
1154 Hawkins Boulevard | El Paso, TX 79925

From: Mack, Bruce G. (CFM) <Bruce.Mack@va.gov> Sent: Wednesday, February 9, 2022 4:38 PM

To: Sara Schulkowski <SSchulkowski@Irsfederal.com>

Cc: Jesse Byrd <jbyrd@lrsfederal.com>

Subject: FW: VA Health Care Center - Capacity for Water Service

Sara:

Confirmation on the potable water capacity question.

VR

Bruce

From: Contreras, Ruben < Ruben.Contreras@asusinc.com>

Sent: Wednesday, February 9, 2022 3:36 PM

To: Sparkman, Sabrina L CIV USARMY CESWF (USA) <Sabrina.Sparkman@usace.army.mil>

Cc: Mack, Bruce G. (CFM) <Bruce.Mack@va.gov>; paul lafontaine@rlfae.com; Molina, Carlos H CIV USARMY IMCOM

(USA) <carlos.h.molina6.civ@army.mil>; Drummond, Robert J CIV USARMY CESWF (USA)

<Robert.J.Drummond@usace.army.mil>; derrick.ohara.civ@army.mil

Subject: [EXTERNAL] RE: VA Health Care Center - Capacity for Water Service

Sabrina – confirming there is sufficient capacity.

From: Sparkman, Sabrina L CIV USARMY CESWF (USA) <Sabrina.Sparkman@usace.army.mil>

Sent: Wednesday, February 9, 2022 2:29 PM

To: Contreras, Ruben < Ruben. Contreras@asusinc.com >

Cc: Mack, Bruce <bruce.mack@va.gov>; paul lafontaine@rlfae.com; Molina, Carlos H CIV USARMY IMCOM (USA)

<carlos.h.molina6.civ@army.mil>; Drummond, Robert J CIV USARMY CESWF (USA)

<<u>Robert.J.Drummond@usace.army.mil</u>>; <u>derrick.ohara.civ@army.mil</u>

Subject: VA Health Care Center - Capacity for Water Service

#### Good Afternoon,

Requesting confirmation that the existing potable water system has sufficient capacity to support the new 493,000 BGSF facility and CUP. The demand for the project is provided below, initially emailed 1 Sep 2021 attached. The capacity to support the facility is implied in your email response dated 23 Sep 2021. Receiving confirmation from the utility that there is sufficient water capacity is a requirement of the NEPA Environmental Analysis that is currently occurring. Email response confirming capacity is sufficient. Thank you for your time.

#### Water (Domestic)

HCC average daily water flow: 200,000 GPD
 HCC average daily water flow rate: 170 GPM
 HCC peak hourly water flow rate: 25,000 GPH

CEP average daily water flow: 165,000 GPD
 CEP average daily water flow rate: 130 GPM
 CEP peak hourly water flow rate: 13,750 GPH

V/R,

Sabrina Sparkman, PE
Program Manager
Military Programs Branch
Programs & Project Management Division
USACE, Fort Worth District

Office: 817-886-1498 Cell: 817-907-2421 819 Taylor St

Fort Worth, TX 76102